UNSORTED OR UNIDENTIFIED FILGRIN'S NOTES

Mary J. MacNutt (Chere BA F22) 15* Mary J. MacNutt (16jd) 15* Julist Thompson's pupers, Box 3-4, (1) Ruthe Meffett (Persons, B 20 F33) ** Hyron Phelps (Rebb- B7) *** Shophi Robbin (Robb B7) ### EJ Kosenberg (Robb B7) ### Fred (diegfied) Schopflocher (Helley Bir FI) 4# Lydia Schott (Kelsey B7 F2) 5# H.C. Struven + CMR (Robf B7) + + Tooba Khamman (Robb B7) **** Corine True (Robb B7) *** Ir Kotheine Ture (Kelsey B7 F2) 4* Ben+ Gladys Weeden (Kelsey B7 F2) 4 * Ars. Robb for Zia Bapdedi (Robb-Bb) 5 t Mr. Helen Bishop (Latimer Bil F34) 6# Mr. Helen Bidiop (Refeits B7 F40) 7% Mrs. Clau A. Brink (Robb B6) 57 Mrs. Istella Brittingham (Seto B4 F4) 8* Mrs. Isobella Brittingham (Parsone B20 F25) 9* Hos. 1. D. Butty brue (Rob-B6) 5# Tim Elizabeth R. Staumet (Reft B6) 5.* Azizalleh Behadar (Robb Bb) 57 Couch (Clive Xord) (Couch F3) 10* Josephine C. Coniles (Chase Bg F13) 11 # Miss Louise Dixon (Chese B9 F14) 12 * Mary Hanford Ford (Pobl-B7) 3x Mrs. Goodell (Kelt-B7) 3* MA: Vaulive Hannen (Chese B9 F17) 13* Hamison (Chese B9 F 17) 13 x Florence Bread then (Robb- B6) 5× Mrs Ati tuli khan (Parsona B20 F38) 14× Mr. Mac Nutt (Robb B7) 3# Mary J. MacNutt (Cluse B9 F22) 15%

TOMB OF THE BAB.

A little more than half way up the eastern side of Mourt carmel, terraced deep into its bosom of solid rock, stands a splendid white, mausoleum looking out with five great round eyes toward Akka upon a heavenly picture of sea and sky. Above it rise the massive, best ling brows of Carme & srough ridges and boulders, gnarled and twist ed into convulsive shapes like wrinkles of agony upon a giant fore-Below, the profile of the giant face projects peacefully down head. the mountain slopes and merges into the sea. This mausoleum, the most conspicuous object upon Carmel, is the Tomb of the Bab, that winsome Messe nger and Forerunner of the Day of OD, who came in the Spirit and Power of Elijah to prepare the Way of the Lord in the year 1844, and who, like Elijah ascended into Heaven in the fiery chariot of a glorious martyrdom. No spot of surth could more appropriately mark His last resting-place, for her e upon Carmel cluster the scenes and historical events in the life of His illustrious prototype, the old Tishbite Prophet; - that grand, solltary figure who stands out alone and luminous with the radiance of GOD against a black backgroud of Israel's degeneracy. The more we study these two holy lives, the more they paraellel in character and accomplishment; - each appearing suddenly upon the scene, speaking words burning with fiery zeal; with unflinching courage and fearless confidence in GOD; - each calling down fire from Heaven upon the priests of religion and consuming thet igner ant idolatries. Just westward along the mountain side is the cave or den in which Elijah lived, and it may be, notwithstanding the tradition of his literal ascention into the sky, that the mortal dust of the old Israelitish Pro phet is mingled with that of the Bab in this same sanctified soil.

The Bab sufferedmartyrdom di Tabriz, a city in north-western Persia, July 9, 1850. After the tragedy of His execution, Hisbody was thrown into a most outside the wallsof the city where it lay until midnight of the second day. Then loving hands carried it away and since then knowledge of itz whereabouts has been locked and sealed in the depths of loyal hearts. This much can be said with certainty however;- that after being removed from the most, thebody was embalmed, swathed in silk and afterward sent as a bale of silk to Teheran by the command of Baha O'Lich. It remained hidden in Teheran many years. The method of concealment was to cut a hole in the solid masce ry of a room in some believer's house, put the body therein and wall up the opening. There it remained until it was deemed expedient to remove it to enother similar hiding place. From Teheran it was finally carried by faithful and appointed suls through Irak-Arabia across the Syrian Dese rt to Beirout and from thence transported to Haifa where it now rests.

The Tomb is a solid gray-white structure built of the lime-stone rock from which its site has been excavated. This rock hardens by exposure to the atmosphere and merges in color after a time into a soft mellow grayish white tone peaceful and refreshingeto the eye. The terrace upon which the Tomb proper stands is built out into a projecting level, flanked upon eithet side by deep square subterranean cisterns hewn out of the solid rock for the purpose of storing water, which is always scarce upon Carmel's rocky slopes. The surface of the terrace, about fifty feet square, is laid out in paths and planted with beautiful flowers. In the centre of the terrace and leading down the steep slope between thegreat cisterns is a log store stairway. From the foot of the stairway the mountain side descends sharply perhaps six hundred feet to the upper edge of the German Colony in Haif, the Tomb being located so that a line drawn from the stone stairway down to the Sea will pass through the whole length of its principal street That is to say, when we stood in front of the Tomb, looking down the mountain the line of vision passed directly through the center of the long beautiful avenue of the German settlement, bordered upon either side by fime trees which meet in perspective at the Pier and shore front. The purpose is obvious. As all the mountain side from the Tomb to the German Settlement is owned and controlled by Bahais, some day a broad, beautiful esplanade, surmounted by the Tomb and terrace will extend down to Haifa, making acontinuous and striking ascent from the shore of the Great Sea to the Tomb of the Bab.

The Tomb itself is about fifty feet in front width and rises about half as much in height above the level of the terrace. It is built in three distinct sections, separated upon he front wall by high pilasters of masonry, each section containing two longwindows; the only doorway of entrance opening into the middle section. High above the doorway and windows, just under the simple square stone cornice are five great round eyes or circular openings, two upon either side and one directly in the middle over the doorway. As we entered the doorway we stood in a large square ante-room or chapel w which communicates right and left with two other rooms of equal dimen Each of these three ante-rooms opens at the back by a doorway sions. into the actual Tomb or crypt. Ther e are three tombs in the crypt of hims this wonderful Bahai mausoleum, extending side by side with head toward the sea, their hemispherical mounds of masonry almost flush with the floor. In one of them it is supposed the blessed body of the Bab rests ;- the remaining two await the mortal temples of Baha O'Llah and Abdul Baha. Back of the crypt, excavated into the very heart of t the limestors rock will be three other chambers or rooms, similar to those in front. At the time of our visit (January 1904) all work upon the Tomb had been temporarily discontinued owing to an investigagion by the Turkish authorities; - certain enemies of Abdul Baha having circulated a report that the structure was in reality a fort so planned that it commanded Haifa and approach to the harbor by sea. Therear chambers were therefore not yet complete. The structure throughout isunique in architectural simplicity and solidity, - being entirely without ornamentation or embellishment, chaste, pure, religious in tone and designed to last for centuries. Its central purpose is to enshrine the mortal bodies of the Forerunner, the Manifestation and the Servant of the Glory of GOD. The three outer rooms or ante-chambers are intended for congregation and assembly; back of them three tombs or sarcophagi; and the rear chambers evidently for retirement, communion and prayer. In ground plan the sacred edifice is built in three times three divisions making in all nine, the number of "Perfection."

Beforewe enter upon a statement o its evident symbolism and significance in architectural design and detail we must speak of our own experiences and visits to this Kibla o the world. We first saw the Tomb as we came into the Bay from the open sea. Far out from land, the eye catches its white conspicuous head rising from the sombre side of the oldmountain. It resembles no other building near it nor anywhere in fact, and could not be mistaken for church, chapel, monastery or fort ification. Architecturally it is designed and blended into the mountain picture, prominent and striking, yet such an intrinsic part of the whole that it seems as natural as the rocks, ridges and bounders upon which it stands and as if it has always stood there. As we drove up the mountain the evening of our landing, we passed directly behind it, roadway leading from Haifa at the base to Pross House at the summit. During our stay on the mountain we spent long hours upon the edhe of cliffs looking out toward Akka, Haifa at our feet and teglistening white Tomb just below our rocky syrie. Mestlim almost beneath the Tomb in the ensemble picture is the little white ston house of Mirza Assad Ullah, its blue-shuttered windows looking up attyou like timid eyes beseeching yet not courting recognition. Several times we went down the steep mountain foot-paths and spent hours at the Tomb lost h in holy reflection and looking with ever new delight and wonder upon the matchless picture of mountain, sea and plain stretching from foraway horizon to horizon. One rainy day when Mr Mac Nutt was alone up-on the mountain, he went down to the Tomb and found it closed, the attendant absent. It was his first visit to the sacred spot. Above the door way was an open transom, unfinished and still in process of con-struction. He climbed up and lookd into the interior. Upon the pure white comented wall of the middle chamber hung a frame surrounding these words from the Beyan "I am forever alive in the Horizon & El ABHA." The Spirt of the Great Bab is still speaking these words to our conscious listening souls from the Herizon of the Supr-me Concours. They halo the Tomb, express its meaning, embody its purpose, perpetuate its memory and significance. Like theglorified Spirit of the Mee senger of the pay of GOD they will never pass away.

The attendant at the Tomb was a simple-hearted Persian beliaver, his face Silled with the fire of love, his whole life centred upon service in th Cause of GOD. Whenever we appeared, he would come running to meet us from his little but among the mocks, showing showering Persian greetings and salutations upon us, holding our hands and breathing the Greatest Name. Then having found us rude seats, he would hurry back to his little house and presently return bearing steaming cups of tes. While we drank the tes he would gather anemones and other wild flowers for us among the rocks. One day to test him we offered him a coin in return for his kindness and service. He tookit held t a moment, said som holy words in Persian, then carefully placed it in Mr Mac Nutt's bosom just over his heart.

Immediately behindthe tomb, between it and the roadway is a group of cypress trees, ten in number, growing very close together upon a circular knoll and forming a dense shade. They are about twenty feet in height and most striking in appearance from the fact that the slopes of Carmel at this elevation are absolutely bare. Beneath the shade of these cypresses the Blessed Perfection rested and drank tes upon one occasion with those who loved HTP so completely, and devvotedly. Each time we visited the Tomb we stood silently under them hearing the voice of the Spirk in the waft of the mountain winds throh the ir branches, filled andoverflowing with realizations so deep, sp solean, yet so completely happy.

I shall not venture into extravagant or emotional interpretation of the Inner Meanings so evidently embodied in this glorious Bahui Shrine of the Dead. The soul of Abdul Baha is speaking in its plan and my stories; - his, not mine the cover to set forth thenly lesson of its architecture and signific mces, - for the design and authority of its construction are from him. The secrets which lie unrevealed behind that Authority will be known in theyears and centuries yet to come long after the spirit of the third and last of these worderful beings has ascended to the Horizon of El Abha and lovig hearts have entombed the mortal dust of its glorious Temple with tender tears of love and remembrance. O Abdul Baha! Blessed is the nostril refreshed by the Fragrance of Thy Low! Blessed is the soul which hath been quickened by the Breath oft he Spirit of Thy words! Happy are those who know and have looked upon thee! Thrice happy those who perceive the Blessed Porfection of the Mystery of GOD in His Messenger, His Manifestation and His Servant!

w Yet I cannot turn away from the Tomb without some simple sincere mention of its broader, clearer symbolism. As I looked down upon it from the cliffs of Carmel, as I saw it from the sea in the calm radiance of the moon when we sailed away, - as I see it now by the spirit-light of memory, it is ever to me the expression and symbol of those wondrous mortal bodies inwhich the Divine Breat h of Spirit was once manifest. Standing there white and glorious upon the bosom of the Mountain of GOD, - a shrine of earth, pure, holy and spotless; it's five eyes of vision turned toward Akka, lookin out upon the Great Sal of Revelation, filled with Light from the Heaven of the Divine Will nine chambers of soul-powers within- now empty- now nothing but dustthe Light of Spirit fled from the mortal Temple of Its Messenger. Manifestation and Servant; three shrines yet one, inwhom the glory of of GOD has appeared, spoken and ministered to humanity; - we are looking not upon the Tomb of the Bab, but the Tomb of the ABHA Manifestation.

When the day of our departure from these holy scenes came we walked down the mountain for the last ctime and sat upon the beautiful terrace in front of the great white mausoleum, looking over toward Akka where the blessed Servant of GOD still kept his faithful vigil upon he walls of the Holy City. We were watching down the coast for the little steamer which would carry us away from him. New words were spoken; the mountainwind sighed through the grean cypress trees just behind us. For a long, long time we sat there; then we saw the steamer coming an we started away, down the mountain to meet her. And as we slowly went the simple hearted Persian believer who keeps the Tomb came running after us - his arms filled with roses and red anenone s.

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In the pre sence of Abdul Baha you partake of Food from the Heavenly Table of his words, every crumb of which is filled with spiritual nourishment. His answers to questions or his happy greatings in the Spirit of Love are deep, wise and epigrammatic,the very essence and brevity of Truth, - conveying inner meanings and significances which must be transaughly summensed thoughtfully considered and treasured. Historically his words are of the very greatest importance, explaining as they do the events of the Bahai Revelation in which he himself has been a central and commanding figure since the day of his birth and the Bab's Declaration, May 23d, 1844. Naturally we were anxious that none of these precious crumbs should fall to the ground wasted and so it happened that in addition to his talks with us upon specific subjects, our notes contain many statements from his lips which we have not classified under separate headings. Our trip to the East naturally centred i in the ten days we spent with Abdul Baha in Akka and it is wonders ful how every contingent fact and impression, whether in Europe, Asia or Africa, by sea or by land, upon mountain, desert or rivereverything we saw, everything we did, or thought, was haloed by the Light of that Love which shines so brilliantly out into the world from the walls of the prison City. Without connection, system or clarification I will mention some of his statements, then add a few Bahai impressions, reflections and experiences during the days of our happy pilgrimage.

Abdul Baha said -

"I was born in the year of the Bab 1260 A.H. (1844 A.D.), t the night of May 23rd upon which the Bab declared His Mission."

"Baha O'Llah dictated the Book of Ighan to me 1275 A.H. (1858-1859 A.D.) in less than twenty-four hours."

"Sometimes Baha O'Llah the Blessed Perfection dictated simultaneously to two or three scribes."

"The Book of Ighan must be read by believers only; others will not understand it. Those who are fixed in the Truth of this Message should live according to the principles of the Kitab-el-Akdas- but the Kitab el Akdas must not be issued until a thoroughly capable translation has been made by the best scholars in Arabic and English. For the present the Tablets of Ishrakhat, Tajelleyat and Tarazat should be followed and carefully studied, as thy lead up to the Spiritual Laws of the Ki tab el Akdas."

Abdul Raha kissed Mr Mac Nutt, saying "You have been with me a year; I have known you and talked with you as a year."

One day at dinner he said as he gave us our seat s "This is a prison. I cannot entertain you here as I would like. Please to see the good, not the bad."

In answer to the question "Did Baha O'Llah reveal the Commune "O my GOD, give me Knowledge, Faith and Love"? Abdul Baha said "It will ne necessary for you to send me a copy of it in order that I may tell whether it is from the Supreme pen of Baha O'Llah. I do not remember it. As the commander of an army reveals his instructions to teach his army how to fight, so the Manifestation of GOD reveals prayers show ing us how to gain strength from GOD."

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Abdul Baha explained certain political happenings as fol-"A Mohammedan Doctor in Cairo who is said to have known lows. Baha O'Llah has written a book entitled "To uplift Islam". this book he says that the attepnt to assassinate the Shah of Persa was instigated by Baha O'LLah; that the Teachings of Baha O'Llah were filled with such statements as "Mecca abolished !" "The Koran a thing of the past"! that the Bab's body has been carried from place to place and worshipped as the Imam Mahdi; that the so-called Tomb of the Bab upon Mount Carmel is in reality a fort. etc., etc. Every effort has been made in this book to throw an unfavorable light upon the Bahais and their belief. It is a mixture of some truth and much falsehood. This book is to be translated into Turkisk and Persian and spread among the Mohammedans to inflame and excite them against the people of Baha. In Persia the publication of such a book would result in a revolution."

Shortly after our arrival in the Household we placed in Abdul Baha's hands a large packet of letters entrusted to us by believers throughout the United States. Among them were letters from Fred Curneck, Frank J.Phelps, Houper Harris, Migon M.Logee, Carrie H.Kinney, Frank E.Osborné, Esther A.Magge, Edward B.Kinney, Alice R.Beede, Gertrude M.Forshay, Maud Lilianthal, Ida M.Dorsett, Grace Wall, Josephine Tallman, Sarah G.Harris, Ida M.Theil, Mary A.Morton, Harriet E.Sprague.

While we were in the Household, messengers would come in from the post bringing armioads of letters sent from all parts of the world. Every pilgrim who comes from East or West brings a packet of letters. Abdul Baha is able to answer about one in a hundred.

Nr Mac Nutt attended a Meeting of the Bahais in Haifa, at to home of Abdul Karim. The brothers present were deeply interested in his words regarding the Bahais of America and asked him to explain the Message from the Western standpoint of interpretation. The Meeting occupied all of the afternoon. There were present among others Mirza Assad Ullah, Mirza Mahmoud, Abdul Karim, Agha Bala, Mulla Aboutallib, Mohammed Ali, the messenger who brought us word from Abdul Baha when we were waiting on the top of Mt.Carmel, Mirza Hussein, brother of Ahmad Yazdi, Masr, Son of Assad Ullah, Badi, interpreter, Mirza Jalal, Mirza Badi, Mirza Hadi.

In the Household one day we asked a believer "What is the greatest blessing that could happen to Abdul Baha?" He answered instantly "Nore strong workers arising in the Cause of GOD."

Abdul Baha frequently mentioned some of the believers at home pronouncing their names in an indescribably loving tone as if the thought of them was a most precious treasure in his memory. He mentioned Wr Badge Hoar, Wr Harris and Wr Dodga several times.

When Mr Mac Nutt was with us in Akka Nured Din interpreted the words of Abdul Baha to us, but while Mr Mac Nutt was alone on Mt Carmel, the interpreting was by Miss Barney and Moneya, Abdul Baha's youngest daughter. Abdul Baha was always wonderfully path patient, - speaking slowly, deliberately and making long pauses to insure the right meaning of his words reaching us in English.

We were always summoned to dinner by one of the bright face Persian boys. Abdul Baha had usually arrived ahead of us. One day we surprised him putting beautiful roses before each of our places at the table. As we came in his splendid face lighted with radiance. After greetings which always seemed like sweet spiritual songs from his heart, he would say "Bismullah!" (In the Name of GOD) and we would all be seated. In a few moments he would com-

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mence speaking. Everybody listened with rapt attention; nobody ate. Then looking around as if in happy surprise he would say "Bism Ullah!" and we would turn our attention to material food until he spoke- then the same thing would happen over again. there were usually ten or twelve together at dinner. One striking peculiarity of Abdul Baha is his quickness of action , every motion betokening economy of energy without a trace of hurry or nervousness. The clear decision of this wonderful being manifests itself in his walk, speech and simplest action. When you are in his presence, you are conscious of a searching mental and spiritual scruiny. Wind seems to envelop you and vibrant Power quickens every natural force in your being. You feel his presence; you have come under the rays of a wonderful sunshine of Low.

One morning we rose at four-thirty and went up to the roof as the gray dawn came stealing down from the Lebanon summits and spires. A Mohammedan in a nearby Mosque had been praying and chanting his Koran all night, his high shrill voice making weird melody to the dispason roar of waves pounding upon the heavy stone hattlement's under our window. When daylight came he finished his devotions and we stood there upon the stone housetops as if risen from the tombs of night into the light of a resurrection morning. No sign of life, no sound but the restless wash of the sea, a pure fresh breath of wind in our faces coming over from Carme 1, the world asleep. Here Abdul Baha walks and prays in the early morning hours before dawn. Here he often sits in silent vigil under the stars through the night. As the day came we saw the tall prison tower in which the Blessed Perfection was confined and from whence the Light of Heaven streamed forth into the darkness of the world.

Abdul Baha points the path into fields and gardens wherein we may walk, gathering bouquets of heavenly flowers.

I would give the world to be beloved as he is; to possess his capacity for lowing; there is nothing higher; nothing nearer the image of GOD; GOD is Love.

It is the destinky of the West to uplift the world. xghrin Christianity especially is at its lowest levels in the Orient. The greatest evidence of Baha O'Llah's coming is the crucial need of light in the religious systems of the East and West.

In reference to the present day teaching about Reincarnation, Abdul Baha said among other things - "The prayers of sanctified souls here can reach those whole we passed away from this earthly piece life and assist in their development in the immortal Kingdom; - therefore why need we come back to be perfected and developed?"

We cannot measure the priceless privilege of a visit to the Household in this day and time. During the life of Baha O'Llah pilgrims came from all parts of the East but could not see Him. They could only stand looking at the window of His prison.

The Christ said - "What has happened in former times will happen in this Day". Abdul Baha quoted these words and said "This is likewise true of the Day of GOD in Baha O'Llah, for all things r are under the operation of Divine Law which is universal and unchangeable and human blindne as to the Light of GOD is ever the same."

(From notes taken in Akka by Mary J.Mac Nutt.)

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VISIT TO THE TOMB.

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Our visit to the Tomb of the Blessed Perfection today was the outer realization of that inner soul pilgrimage which devoted and faithful servants of God are making from all the religious systems of the world towne neet the Manifestation of God in this "Day of Judgment." For now that holy Temple in which the Spirit revealed itself and from which the Word spoke, has become the universal Kibla of mankind.

The Spirit needs its Temple of Manifestation, - the Soul of man requires its Kibla of worship; and these two are one in Baha#u'llah. Though we have not been privileged to see Him in the flesh, yet we may look upon the beauty of His life and the divinity of His teachings; - be uplifted by the sacred association of these holy scenes amid which He walked and beheld the Geory of God revealed in the Blessed Perfection of Man.

The true"pilgrimage "is not a mere visit to Akka to look upon these scenes of historical interest with a vision colored more or less by sentiment and emotion but it is that journey of the soul across oceans of superstitions and imaginations, through valleys of trials and tribulations and over mountains of obstacles to the Holy Land of Spirit where we meet God, see Him with the eye of a pure heart, and know Him by the Light and Knowledge of His Manifestation. Happy are those who perceive! Blessed are those who know! Blessed are those who give ear unto this Message and attain this Pilgrimage!

We drove slowly through the narrow, crooked streets of the "Prison City", literally threading our way through its scence of squalor and wretchedness, on and outward toward the great fortified entrance, - that "Door of hope" and gateway of despair, through which all must pass coming or going. A few wretched shops or bazaars line the passage ay on either side as we approach the gate - mere holes in heavy walls of masonry. Mendicants and cripples - (every native of Akka seems to be either one or the other) - begged alms almost under the horses hoofs. Mute, imploring eyes, eyes of sinister hatred, sightless orbs from which the light of vision had fled, sharp scrutinizing glances from soldiers and sentries are turned toward us as we go along the narrow, tortuous road until it opens into a small square just inside the walls where throngs of soldiers are sitting in barracks and drinking shops. Now we have passed the sentries and are outside the walls of Akka. The heavens seem to open and flood the picture with light and beauty. It is a golden Oriental day - deep blue sky over head, the sun brilliant in the zenith, a balmy southwest wind coming up listlessly out of the best land of Egypt and almost directly across the back of old Carmel; away to the left as we go, rise the heaven-kissing heads of the Lebanons, Hermon with its snowy cap surmounting them all; - behind us and seeming all aroud us the encircling arc of the Mediterranean, deeper in blue than the sky itself; - a rare day, and in January too, a rare day indeed for us in everm sense, - a Day of God.

From the gate the road leads straigth out into the Plain of Akka. For awhile the border of fine trees upon either side deceived us with the promise of fertility and cultivation, but after a half mile the trees ceased and sandy desert-like soil, the true plain of Akka, came all aroun usover there to the right upon Tel-el-Fukhar, a high sand dune, Napoleon 1. planted his guns and laid seege to Akka without success in 1799. Called away by momentous demands in Europe, he abandoned Akka with the uemorable words - "My fortunes have been arrested by a grain of sand. Had I overcome Akka I would have changed the face of the earth."

Everywhere as wee drove along the earth seemed crying out for water, a verm realistic symbol of those parched and arid conditions of human need which have called down the Deluge of Living Water from the Heaven of the Divine Will in these latter days. The road grows more and more sandy; the going more and more difficult. After a while we turned sharply away to the North East, heading toward the Lebanons. Here and there we passed little clusters of mud huts, mere hovels thatched with straw, harboring chickens, dogs, donkeys and miserable looking Arabs. The sand gave place to dust which followed us like a cloud. Savage looking dogs kept guard over the mud villages. Groups of lazy, vagabond men were playing cards in the dusty lanes between their habitations; the women, whenceer visible, hard at work. Children scantily clothed mingled with the animals in the squalid doorways of the huts, darting out to pursue us with shrill cries of that omnipresent word "backsheesh".

About a mile from the city gate upon a slightly raised plateau stood a group of buildings, white and clean, with red sloping roofs; - oriental in aspect and architecture. We were approaching them. Soon we made out Behje, the "Palace of Delight", wherein the Blessed Perfection lived,

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and just beyond it the Tomb in which His body lies. Before we reached to them we were joined by a number of believers who seemed to spring up out of the earth. Passing by, but not entering Behje, now the home of Mohammed Ali, we looked reverently up to the momen of the Blessed Perfection's rooms, where He so often sat, and beneath which during His life time groups of faithful pilgrims were accustomed to gather.

Beyond Behje we entered the Tomb, a simple structure, rectangular in structure and one story in height. At the threshold we removed our shoes. The interior, after passing through a small vestibule, opens into a large room, built in the form of a court with side aisles and columns. The atmosphere is redolent of sanctity. Rich, beautiful rugs cover the white stone floors. Hanging tround this court and standing upon the floor are numbers of costly and rare lamps, gifts from pilgrims to the shrine. H Plants and flowers are growing luxuriantly in the center, leaving the side passage—ways clear. Spiritual associations halo the interior and spiritual forces surround you as you walk slowly upon the soft, silken rugs, or stand silently in prayer, bathed in the holy light which filtems through the sindows.

Nobody speaks. One of the ladies with us beckons with her hand that we should go forward to the far end of the room. We do so, turning to the right and entering the sacred precinct of the Tomb itself. The same chaste simplicity prevails even in this inner holy of holies. A rug covering a great stone slab in the floor marks the resting place of that mortal shrine in which the Divine Breath of Spirit once manifested itself. We were swept with profound emotion. The ages and cycles seemed here to have their quintessence and culmination. Here we stood in the presence of the Blessed Perfection Himself; that glorified Spirit now manifest in us as we knelt in prayer upon the Tomb of its Mortal Body, realizing in ourselves the eternal Purpose of its Incarnation in the temple of man

The earth receded and the Heaven of the Divine Will opened. We were indeed upon "holy ground". The Voice of inner consciousness spoke- "Let all the earth keep silence before Him!".

The Spirit knows, -- It sees, hears and feels, -- but speaks not in words of tongue or pen. These are realizations through inner channels, only to be received and conveyed in the language of intuition and inspiration. In these precious moments we lived forward, backward, through

cycles of time to the threshold of Eternity. All seemed so clear, so real, so true and perfect. We saw our own little fives enlarged and expanded into illimitable vistas of purpose and accomplishment. Soul quickened into Spirit. The significance of Oneness with the Abha Spirit became clear and evident to us. In silent wonder we withdrew; then stord a long time amid the flowers He loved so much, lost in vivid panoramas of past and future, seeing ourselves by the Light of the Glory Itself, as new creatures of immortal vision and eternal Life. Our pilgrimage to the Tomb was perfect, complete.

Sea was served in a small ante room just opposite the entrance door. One of Abdul-Baha's daughters chanted a prayer and we drove "home", for "home" indeed Akka has become to me; "home" of the Spirit of the Blessed Perfection. Nobody spoke on the way back to the prison gate. The "holy leaf" took me in her arms and we rode on in silence. This time I did not see the mud villages, the Arabs, dust and sand. Ahead of us on donkeys rode a number of believers, holy and patriarchal men, their faces turned toward the sun which had not begun to sink behind the purple brow of old Carnel, the Mountain of God. We entered the city just at sundown, drove again through the narrow and crowded streets, - narrow and crowded no longer, -- for we had come to realize that prison walls and oppression of earth have no power to restrain the Spirit from soarding upward into that Paradise of Freedom where It has its Home. Nay, rather through oppression, persecution and imprisonment is the soul of man perfected and released into its divinely appointed station of Oneness with God and His Manifestations.

(From notes in Akka by Mary J. MacNutt).

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Words of Abdul Laha to Mr. MacNutt.

"Say, O people! Can the mosquito of violation withstand the cagle of the Testament? No, by the Orb of Effulgence!

"Or, can the fly of impotence and the spider of superstition repel the Birds of the Kingdom, soaring high in the space of the.". Gift of God?

"Can the gloomy darkness oppose the lights whereby the heaven and the earth are illumined? No, by no means! Verily, the obstinate Mimrod with the power of his armies could not resist the Affectionate Friend (Abraham). The fierce Pharcan with the power of steel could not repel the Glorious Moser. The obstinate Tews were not capable of extinguishing the Praised Light. the promised Christ. And the communities in Mecca and Medina could not quench that Fire enkindled on Mount Paran. (This Fire signifies the appearence of Mohammed - May the peace of God be upon Him! Paran is a mountain near Mecce.)

"By My Lord, the Merciful, all their exertions proved in vain and the host of God made them as dispersed dust. They found all their houses void, their country forsaken, their thrones upset, their trees uprooted, and so on."

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Excerpts from Medem Ali Kuli Khen's Letter

"On October 23d lest, we left Teheran and motored via Begded, the Arabian Desert and Damascus and Beyroot to Haifa: we, meaning Khan. Marzteh and Hamideh and myself."

"Rahim Khan, our dear son, is finishing his second year at St. Cyr, the West Point of France. He comes to America next August for his summer holidays."

"We are returning to educate the young girls in their higher studies in English, in America. Khen is on a leave of several months but will prolong it to enjoy a little vecation. We have just spent six weeks at Haifa in the Holy Household. We were with Shoghi Effendi and them all for the Commemoration of the third anniversary of the Passing of our precious Abdul Baha, --an inestimable privilege."

Concerning Jeffrey's possible visit, she says: "I hope he will come to see and be with, our glorious young 'Vali', or Guardian of the Cause of Baha O'llah and of Abdul Baha. It will be a remarkable experience for a young man, I am sure."

"For the blessed Day of Abdul Beha with His ineffable mercy towards each one of us, --that day of His Bounty and Seed-sowing, has evolved into the new Day, when it seems we must bring forth the Harvest of all those Seeds of Divine Love and of Divine Favour. During the grief of the days preceding November 21st, a Bahai said to me' I understand Shoghi Effendi says 'It would be well if a little of this grief be transformed into action!"

"Activity; trevelling and teaching; great giving; great

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deeds; great development spiritually speaking in individual conduct and character, great services, -nothing too great to show our love and devotion and gratitude to Abdul Paka, seems to be what Shoghi Effendi looks for, from the true friends of Abdul Baha."

"He speaks also, of the necessity of brinding 'new blood' into the cause; -- new believers, new servents.

When we hear of, or read about, people who seem friendly to spiritual movements and ideas, Jhophi "ffendi at > it is good for some of the Bahais to get into touch with such souls."

"I am their Friend and Fellow-worker!" he said to re. "I am their Co-worker; I am their Frother," speaking of how he is to teach his station to the Bahais. "I am underishly the Guardian of the Cause of Baha C'llah." <u>"I am under the</u> <u>unerring protection of Abdul Baha.</u>" he said.

He says it is too early to say much about his being also the Head of the Universal House of Phirituality, whit is not yet created.

Into his dear hand I placed the Signed Greating of the Rose-Tree Circle, containing your own lines of Greating to Abdul Baha and asked him to accept it, in Abdul Bahai's stead, and to please blass it. He was very touched when I gave it to him, as I tried not to broak down.

He took it and said, "I shall read it carefully, and I shall place it on the Holy Threshold of Abdul Paha, and tell

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them also please, I shall pray for each one of them."

"Several days later he returned the little scroll to me saying 'Please tell them I read the letter aloud, and I mared aloud each name, before the Holy Threshold, and prayed for each one of them.'"

"When Shoghi Effendi is asked to bless any object, he takes it to the Blessed Shrine of Abdul Baha on Mt. Carmel, and lays it on the Holy Threshold and prays:--or else he lays it on the blessed bed, on which the Easter breathed his last mortal breath."

"His reverence, and touching whole life and soul-consecretion to Abdul Baha is most tender and ave-insairing. All he is, and has, and can do, belongs wholly to Abdul Eche."

-3-

Shoghi Effendi's particular wish in regard to people who have at any time been attracted or interested (in the Cause) is to "frequently gather them in small groups with simple refreshments, with the aim in view to confirm them in the Cause." The Guardian is very anxious for the N.S.A. thro' the National Teaching Committee, to investigate a net-work of group meetingsinformal- around Bahais in all neighborhoods, to concentrate in study classes, and in more/direct programs to gradually confirm all those who have been attracted to The Cause. Juch as porch getherings in afternoons with tea, or in evenings with light refreshments- to talk over vitel problems of the day, to read some of the Nords, to discuss, to read lives of The "artyrs (Dawn Breakers) to takk especially of prophesies that are today being fulfilled, on the principles upon which peoples are coming wogether, ets., inserting the Teachings and as many of abdul Baha's stories as possible for illustration.

If one can help the isolated Bahais to begin in small groups on these two forms of frequent gatherings-study and meetings for newly attracted with invitations given to those who are chosen in their neighborhood- interest will broaden and deepen very soon, and perhaps they all can succeed in confirming many new friends, so that, before the Convention, we may have many new Assemblies added to our list and many to help us finish the Temple.

If you will read in the Bulletin I sent you, it contains Shoghi Gfendi's wishes for our summer work, in order that Bahais may be as busy as bees among the idle groups and spread the Cause in all directions. "hat more fitting memorial to the Greatest Holy Leaf than during this nine months of mourning we do stremuous teaching work- abandoning all gatherings for worldly pleasures, and devoting our time to the Cause she was so anxious to see spread over America?

The Guardian is anxious for this strenuous teaching to be done this summer, in order to have groups well established fm in fell for active inter-assembly gatherings to confirm the attracted friends, and he expects reports to be sent to N.S.A. from all centers by the regional Chairman, of all kinds of work dome, whether individuel or group or assembly efforts, stating results. From these a resume' will be sent to Baha'i News to help inspire one another, and the N.S.A. are sending a detailed report to Shoghi Effendi as he has requested.

The nineteen day Feasts are obligatory-sickness and absence the only alibi- and at these feasts the programs of all groups should be discussed, bettered if possible, changed if necessary etc. in order to make ones work as effective as possible. It is the purely social feasts that are to be abandoned, passing time in worldly fashion, etc, in order to make all our time count for The Cause. The main thing stressed is that the gatherings be informal with simple refreshments always & so the smaller the group the better and faster the progress and the easier to entertain, & plan the meetings frequently and ahead of time with invitations to each one. Then once a month perhaps the different neigh orhood groups brought together for short talks by a few, and then questions. This is the Wational Market and enthusiasm is running high everywhere work has been started-even

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Norcester.

There is a Mational Teaching Conference at Green Acre the 19th & 80 th of August, and I hope you will be able to be there, that we may have pleasure of your company and your suggestions. Then I tho'f on Saturday P.M. at E P.M. after Conference is over it would be fine if all the isolated Bahais, the EL/iot and Portsmouth assemblies gathered with others who wishout to attend, to help each one to staft an efficient and effective program, each Bahai being a centre of work. Do try hard to be there to help us. The pienics have been chosen as a good way to attract the friends, each one bringing his or her own lunch, and all the time devoted to ways and manuar means of promoting the Gauss. This means little work for hostesses, and the more there are at the beginning the better, as more plans are suggested and enthusianm & inspirations help so much to get programs started.

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The following is an excerpt from the Mss. of a pilgrim to the Presence of Abdul Baha during the time of His life at Acca.

"Having heard screechet of the dreams in the East, - how great spiritual truth may at times be received through the symbology of a "true dream", I asked Monaver Khanom, one day, if she had ever had any wonderful dreams? as I was sure she must have had; and if she cared to relate them to me.

"She smiled gently, and said, "I have had three wonderful dreams, that I especially recall'; and then she began to tell me the following beautiful and significant dream. She said:

'It was after the death of The Blessed Perfection Baha'o'llah), and we ware all very sad and sorrowful. At that time, I used to be troubled by the thought of what my Father's (AbdulBEaha's) station might be, in this Revelation, ----One night, in the midst of many sad anddays of questioning, I had a dream. I dreamed I saw a beautiful garden, oh! it was is go beautiful!! Soon, walking through the garden, towards the spot where I stood, (I was standing outside the gate, looking into t the garden) I saw my Father (Abdul Baha), approach. A great light shone about him, streaming from a radiance in his heart. As he drew near, I saw in the very centre of his heart, the face of the Bab, out of which the wonderful shone.

("Ah yes!" I said, "I know well how my Father loved the Bab, even to placing him in the centre of his heart! Yes! I understand this!")

He came a few steps nearer, and I saw the face of the Bab, change, replaced byth the face of Baha'o'llah, The Blessed Perfection.

(This, too, I understood.)

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Then, as he came still nearer, the face of The Blessed Perfection vanished, and in its place, came the face of Abdul Baha! The radiance emanating continuously. And then my Father looked at me, and smiled very lovingly, and I awoke! clearly understanding. And thereafter, all my doubts vanished, I became peaceful and happy, and I knew clearly my Father's (Abdul Baha's) stating.'

"Gould anything, I thought in listening, express more clearly and beautifully, the spiritual equality of His Holiness the Bab, Baha'o'llah, and the spiritual station of Abdul Baha, "One and the same in essence; differing only in mission, and function, and manifestation."

(Florence Breed Khan)

The following words of 'Abdu'l-Baha are copied from a copy found in the private files of Mrs. Goodall. M.M.R.

One day we spoke of an active worker in this Cause, and 'Abdu'l-Baha said:- "In this Cause, he who is active and who makes an effort will always meet with success. In worldly matters how often we see a man work hard for a lifetime and never achieve success. But the worker in the Cause of God is like a gardener. The more attention he gives this garden, the more fruit will reward his efforts, or, like the traveller who has a great goal before him, no matter how hard the road, if he bally keeps on walking, and is not turned aside by discouragements, he is sure, eventually, to reach his goal."

Question: Will the stations of the believers continue to be different hereafter? 'Abdu'l-Baha answered: "Yes, it will be necessarily so for the Kingdom requires it.

"The King appoints one to be his prime minister, another to be his greatest general, another a soldier, and so on from the highest to the lowest. If all were generals or all were soldiers there would be no kingdom. God created the mineral, the vegetable, the animal and man. Had He created only man there would be no world." A question sent by a believer: "What is the meaning of Christ's eating the fish and honey after His Resurrection?"

ABDUL-BAHA answered: "All these things- the fish, the honeycomb, etc.- are symbols, and were mea nt to be understood spiritually, just as the Resurrection itself was a Spiritual Resurrection. But because the people who received these teachings from the first teachers were ignorant, they understood them literally."

January 9th. ABDUL-BAHA said: "We know that the body or form has nothing to do with spirit or spiritual conditions. When the spirit is disconnected with or leaves the body, that is no reason for thinking it can be re-absorbed or joined with the whole of spirit, as the drops of water are absorbed or lest in the sea. The earth is one unit, yet how many beings and sepraate parts it contains! The body of man is one unit, yet it has an infinite number of separate a nd individual parts that compose it- such as syes, hands, fingers, etc. So, in like manner, is Spirit ONE, but consisting of many differentiated parts."

During a former visit to Acca, when conditions for the priseners were most severe, Miss Resenberg was deeply distressed and asked ABDUL-BAHA why He, Whe was so PERFECT, should have to endure much suffering: He answered: "How could They (The Manifestations) teach and muide athers in the WAY if They Themaslyes did not undergo every

guide ethers in the WAY if They Themselves did not underge every speciesef suffering to which other human beings are subject?"

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At the conclusion of this talk, Abdul Eaha wrose and, walking up and down while He spoke, said that, while all these questions were nohavesting and might be endlessly discussed, the only thing of supreme importance is that we may learn to know and love God. Going up to a mirror that hung on the wall, He laid His hand on it, saying: "Make your hearts as bright and shining as this mirror, so they may reflect God. If you do this, all questions will become clear to you, all doubts be set at rest."

In answer to a question, asked at supper this same day, He said: "God has made mankind of one family; no race is superior to another."

Asked if intermarriage between different races was right and adgisable, He replied: "Yes. As in the vegetable world the best results are obtained when one kind of Fruit is grafted on another, so in the human family the best and strongest children are obtained by intermarriage between different races."

"True civilization exists only where the spiritual and material combine to reach their highest development. For example, a good man, without any development along material lines, does not represent thue ciritization; so, on the other hand, the man who is developed on the material side only, with no thought of the spiritual, does not represent true civilization."

Just before retiring that evening, Abdul Baha came in and we asked if a soul is ever annihilated, and He replied: "No, it will be placed in different conditions by God's Mercy, and will eventually progress."

Asked if Jesus was immaculately conceived, He answered: "It is not impossible that He should have been, tho it is not necessary that all Manifestations should come in that way."

Asked if Baha'o'llah were of the blood of Abraham, He replied: "Yes; not thro Isaac nor Ishnael, but thro one of His other sons, of whom He had six."

October 15th.- This morning Abdul Baha sat with us while we drank our coffee. We asked Him if Jesus Christ was the first Universal Lanifestation, and He replied: "No, Melchisedec, who was 'without beginning or end of days' was the first one," adding that Melchisedec was the instructor of Abraham.

Asked if Baha'o'llah was subject to earthly potentates, He said: "Yes, in Persia to the Shah, in Turkey to the Sultan, tho in reality He was not subject to anyone, for, tho His body was in prison, His Spirit was in Heaven."

October 16th.- In the course of a short conversation this mornin with Abdul Baha, we asked if it were necessary to believe in all the Manifestations, and in reply He quoted the words of Jesus to the Phaisees: "Had ye believed in Moses, ye would also believe in Me," edding: If a king send many governors to rule a city and the people once all but the last one, it will be to the king as the they disobeyed al

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Abdul l'ehal

"Let us look at the glorious life of Christ, and those sanctified souls who came after him. Did they not embody in their deeds the ideals of their words? There have appeared many philosophers in the world, but they are all forgotten. But because Christ was the Spirit and the Word of God, Herand H is disciples through Him, became the fountains of the water of life. Now I hope that like unto them thou wilt be the means of the illumination of the world of humanity and will serve God."

The visitor:

"Serve God? There is no one in this world who can serve God, because we are not able to see Him. He is above our human ken. In my mind the only way we can serve Him is to serve mankind and try to alleviate the sorrows and sufferings of the people."

Abdul Baha:

"Christ served God and his apostles served God. Their service was to humanity, which was a reflection of their service to God."

The visitor:

"What are you doing?"

Abdul Baha:

"I am serving God. I am the Servant of God. I give sight to the blind, hearing to the deaf, the power of speech to the mute and knowledge to the ignorant. I raise the dead, deliver those who are in darkness and guide them into the realm of light. I make the poor rich and the weak powerful. I satisfy the hungry ones with the Bread of Life and allay the thirst of the thirsty ones with the pure water of immortality. This is my work."

The visitor:

"Does Abbas Effendi know Abdul Baha? H e has many followers in Stuttgart. His religion is called Bahai."

Then, at a word from the interpretor:

"Is it possible that I am in the presence of Abdul Baha?"

Words of Abdul Baha.

Friends, the time is coming when I shall no longer be with you. I have done all that could be done. I have labored night and day all the years of my life. I have served the Cause of Baha'u'llah to the utmost of my ability. Oh how I long to see the believers shouldering the responsibility of the Cause! This is the time of the proclamation of the Kingdom of ABHA! This is the hour of union and accord! This is the day of the spiritual harmony of the friends of God! All the resources of my physical strength are exhausted and the spirit of my life is the news of the unity of the people of Baha. I am straining my ears toward the East and toward the West, toward the North and toward the South; perchance I may hear the songs of love and good fellowship raised from the meetings of the believers. My days are numbered, and, save this, there is no joy left for me. Oh how I yearn to see the friends united like to a strand of shining pearls. like the brilliant Pleiades, like the rays of the sun and the gazelles of one meadow! The Nightingale of Significance is singing for them; will they not listen? The Bird of Paradise is warbling; will they not hear? The Angel of the Kingdom of ABHA is calling to them; will they not hearken? The Messenger of the Covenant is pleading; will they not obey? Ah me! I am waiting, always waiting to hear the glad news that the believers are the embodiment of sincerity and loyalty, that they are the incarnation of love and amity and the visible symbols of unity and concord. Will they not rejoice my heart? Will they not satisfy my cravings? Will they not comply with my request? Will they not fulfill my anticipations? Will they not answer my call? Oh, I am waiting, I am patiently waiting ... "

15:

Words of Abdul Baha on Detachment

Look at one another with the eye of perfection. Look at me; follow me; be as I am. Take no thought for yourselves or your laves, whether ye eat, or whether ye sleep; whether ye are comfortable; whether ye are well or ill; whether ye are with friends or foes; whether ye receive praise or blame; for all these things ye must care not at all. Look at me and beas I am. Ye must die to yourselves and to the world. So shall ye be born again and enter the Kingdom of Heaven.

Behold a candle, how it gives its light: It weeps its life away, drop by drop, in order to give forth its flame of light.

Shouldst thou become entirely attached to the Kingdom of Abha, thou shalt find the Holy Spirit always thy companion, and shalt behold the spiritual confirmations uninterrupted.

O'ye friends of God, this mortal world is not worth one's attachment and doth not deserve one's reliance. Nothing in this world is accounted an important except the appearance of virtues, good qualities and excellent attributes of humanity, which are the greatest Divine trusts, and the Merciful Splendor consists in the appearance of these exhortations and admonitions.

It is incumbent upon thee to be severed and isolated from the grades of the material world and to rely on the bounties of the Divine World, so that thou mayest become a tree fruitful with the heavenly virtues among the concourse of the earth, and a bird warbling in the melodies of the Spirit, in the Garden of Sanctity, in the open space of the Kingdom.

The Spirit of Truth is soaring on the Supreme Apex like unto a bird, that it may find a severed heart, and alight therein and make its nest.

O thou daughter of the Kingdom, I hope, from the Almighty, that thou mayest be confirmed to the necessitites and conditions of the following address; that is, to forget the world of possession, become wholly heavenly, become embodied spirit and attain to universal mind. This arema is very vast, and unlimited. Therein the Charger of Spirit must move swiftly, for here one cannot travel with foot. This gift is very great, but complete and sufficient capcity is necessary.

Capacity attracts. The more your capacity, the more you will be filled. When the child is hungry and cries for milk, the milk begins to flow rapidly. Kurrat'ul Ayn had <u>nothing</u> but her love. This was her power.

I wish you to become detached from the entire world of existence; to turn to the Kingdom of Abha with a pure heart; with a pure Breath to teach the people. I wish you to teach constantly. Therein lies your happness- and my happiness.

O maid-servant of God, verily, the Holy Spirit breathes in this Day unto the hearts which are moving, beating, pure and attracted by the love of God.

I ask from God, and I supplicated and entreated in the Threshold of Oneness that thy utmost desire may become realized. The desire of the sanctified souls is always sacrifice in the Path of God, attraction by the Merciful Fragrances, the vivification of the souls, the proclamation of the Universal Peace, the establishment of the oneness of humanity and the enkindlement of the fire of the Love of God in the souls of men. It is my hope that the desire of the friends of God be as such, so that they may be released from the influences of the ephemereal world, shine in the Kingdom of Eternity, be exhilerated by the wine of the Love of God, and like unto the temestuous sea, rage and roar with the ardor of the Love of God. I desire this station for thee.

The daughters of the Kingdom should not have a desire.

The Master spoke to us about the lives of several Persian Bahais who have made all sacrifices, and yet they think they have done nothing.

"Such AKK souls are the jewels of existence."

I had one hour's walk with the Beloved. He spoke about Columbus and the discovery of America. He said: "I want two souls like Columbus in America, who may be filled with the love of Baha u' llah and spread His Teachings. Then you shall see results. Columbus discovered America. They must establish the oneness of the world of humanity.

Later on, looking up at the star, Venus, which was shining in the horizon like a blazing torch, He said: "Do you see that brilliant star?" "Yes, Master, it is most luminous." "I declare by Baha u' llah, that it is my fondest hope to see each one of the Beloved of God shining like ubto this star! I wish for them this illumination; I desire for them this luminosity, so that they may rejoice the hearts and spiritualize the souls. But alas, how often they let the cloud of the ego becloud the horizon and thus prevent the stars of their Divine Verities from shining." Here He paused, looked again toward the brilliant orb and then said: "It shines clearest at the early dawn. So, at this dawn of the Sun of Reality, the stars of our lives must gleam and glisten in the darkness of the world." Today the greatness of the believers of God depends upon delivering the Cause of God, diffusing the fragrances of God, selfsacrifice in the Love of Baha u' 11ah, and attainment to attraction, love; knowledge and wisdom. This door is open before the face of every one, and this arena is spacious for the skill of all. Every one must think of this alone, and know that success and prosperity depend upon it.

When the ray reaches the Sun it becomes annihilated and vanishes, and the drop, when attaining the Sea, disappears. A true lover, when reaching the Beloved One, becomes extinguished. So long as man has not reached the Station of Sacrifice he is deprived of every gift. The Station of Sacrifice is the station of nothingness and non-existence, and when man attains to this station, then the Existence of God becomes manifest. And the place of Sacrifice is the field of Severance, and when one reaches unto it, then the verses of Immortality will be chanted.

O thou maid-servant of God, the penetration of the word of man depends upon the heat of the fire of the love of God. The more the splendors of the Love of God become mamifest in the heart, the greater will be the penetration of the word.

I declare by the Beauty of the Blessed Perfection that nothing will produce results save intense sincerity! Nothing will be productive of fruit save complete advancement toward God! Everything is condemned save severance, and every idea is fruitless and unacceptable save supplication, communion, prayer and obedience. We must entirely collect our scattered thoughts, purify and sanctify the house of our existence from every attachment, and make the palace of our hearts the nest and shelter of the Dove of Holiness. Then, and not till then, will the significance of confirmation and assisstance become evident and known, the Power of the Kingdom become apparent, and the Hosts of the Supreme Concourse run swiftly into the arena of heavenly conquest, to gain vietory over the east and west of the hearts, and make the north and south of the spirits of men the flowery regions of the Love of God.

O ye friends, the personages who enherited the thrones and diadems and crowns passed their lives in continual luxury and pleasure but at the end no name and no trace has been left of them. But the friends of God lived a few days amidst physical pain and calamities and finally gave up their lives on the field of Sacrifice. The illumination of those sanctified souls became the cause of the spirituality of the world of humanity, and the heavenly fragrances emanating from the rose garden of those pure hearts perfumed the unive: nay, rather, embalmed with celestial aroma centuries and cycles. Now KKAN thou beholdest the differences between these two! Should we also pass our lives like unto this negligent humanity and adorn our meetings with players and singers and cup-bearers? If such is the case may our heads be covered with dust! After His Highness the Supreme (Bab) and the Blessed Beauty and the martyrdom of the friends, entertaining giddy pleasures, desiring rest and composure of body, is of the attributes of the unfaithful ones, and not of those who are intoxicated with that Cup and perfumed by that Flower and Tulip!

Three

Jesus Christ said: "Freely have ye received; freely must ye give." That is to say: Man receives the bounty of the Kingdom for nothing, so he must give it to others as he has received it; that is, he should not wish any reward or compensation from the people You should expect your reward from God.

But in this great Revelation many of the believers have obtained the Kingdom of God with great difficulty. They gave much in order to obtain it. The Blessed Bab and Baha u' llah were the Possessors of the Kingdom. They gave the Kingdom to the people. But they had many trais and difficulties. The Bab exposed His breast to thousands of bullets from the enemy. Baha u' llah, too, spent all His life in the prisons. The Beloved of God obtained the Kingdom by the sacrifice of their lives under calamities and oppressions. Their houses were destroyed and their honor lost; all their properties were pillaged; their families and children were taken as captives, and at last they were killed- martyred. Now consider how difficult it was for these people to obtain the Kingdom. Notwithstanding this, the Kingdom is so great that still they received the Kingdom freely! This is what Christ meant. Now the purpose is this: that you also should procure the Kingdow with so many sacrifices.

Although thou are in great need, yet though art partaking and sharing from the Immeasurable Treasury. This is affluence and wealth! Eneir holinesses the Apostles had naked bodies and bare feet, yet they were engaged with enthusiasm in spreading the teachings of His Holiness the Christ. This is the characteristic of those who are near to the Threshold of the Almighty, and when such is the case, their utterances will produce a mighty influence upon the souls. Other if a soul seeks repose and composure, desires pleasure and adornment, and wills the spread of the Truth, attraction and severance and the gu of the people, these two (desires) will never be united, for composure and sacrificing life, (material) happiness and destitution, collection and dispersion, the desires of the soul and the attraction of the spirit, never unite!

Undoubtedly, when a soul seeks this Path of God, and searches after the Beauty of Abha, he may become afflicted, homeless and helpless, but these afflictions, this helplessness and destitution are the eternal happiness and everlasting bliss. Therefore, no matter how much difficulty, angusih, poverty and wandering descend upon thee, be not at all sad, neither grieve nor be distressed, nay, rather while hungry, thirsty and bare-foot cry out: "Ya Baha El Abha!" These are the attributes of the severed ones! These are the qualities of the attracted ones!

In brief, this Cause that you have embraced is great, is glorious A monumental service should be accomplished and an earnest resolution should be kept in view, in order that, through Divine confirmation, you may uplift such a "weighty "burden" .Consider what troubles and tribulations the disciples undertook in the early centuries, suffering persecution and affliction until they accomplished their aim! Therefore we must entirely focus our thought upon disfusion of the Divine Lights and the building of the heavenly foundation.

Four

I want to tell you that most of the nations and the majority of the people are in perfect ignorance. They are trying day and night to do something to destroy the foundation of man. There are among them political fights and wars; there are conflicts and disturbances. Every day they are inventing new instruments for the distruction of human life. There are among them also religious disputes and conflicts; conflicts and disputes of art, conflicts and disputes of trade, and also conflicts and disputes of patriotism. You hardly find two men among whom there is real harmony and sympathy.

Now you must do your best, so that you may be able to remove all these conflicts and disputes. You will change this darkness into light; you will change this hatred and menace into love and harmony; because your aim is a glorious one. It is sure that you will have to endure many difficulties in this Cause and that great obstacles will come before you; you will have many hindrances; but you must confront all, and you must endure all these difficulties.

You must give up all differences among you- differences of opinionand all work for the same aim. You must be qualified with Divine Attributes, so that the Word of God may assist you- so that the bounties of God may descend upon you. And know that without the help of the Holy Spirit you cannot be able to do this. And the magnetism of the Word of God is sincerity of intention. And until you are entirely severed from yourself and emptied of yourself you will never be sincere enough.

You must entirely sacrifice yourself. You must close your eyes to all rest. You must give up even your happiness and your enjoyments, so that you may be able to do this.

It is true that you will be blamed very much, and that you will have some difficulties and troubles. It is sure that people will show enmity toward you, and it is possible that even your own relatives will try to oppose you. But you must be firm, and if you be firm and steadfast, be sure that you will become victorious. You will be the cause of the union of the world of humanity.

cause of the union of the world of humanity. As Christ said to a rich man: "Go, and give all you have, and take up your cross and come, and be my follower!"

This saying of Christ indicates that unless one is free from everything one cannot be a real follower of Christ.

Whenever the heart finds attraction, the spirit seeks ecstacy and exultation and turns toward the Kingdom, the confirmation of the Holy Spirit will descend. Thou wilt be taught and encouraged; KNAX thy tongue will be loosened, uttering clear and decisive explanations. Therefore when one has attained to spiritual success and prosperity, material advantage will not be of much emportance.

Consequently, if thou art desiring to become assisted in the service, detach thyself from the world, and become thou attracted to the Merciful Fragrances. Seek His remembrance night and day, discover His Path and announce His Mystery. Then thou wilt find thyself in such a condition that thy breath will become effective in every soul

Alexandria, Egypt.

Praise be to God, that Abdul Baha is enjoying good health. Once for all He has left the gloomy city of imprisonment for the freedom . of the world. His only aim is to teach and raise the Standard of the Cause. When He was under the surveillance of the enemies in Acca and confined to a limited prison life, He created the spirit of happiness and joy in every heart, he never complained, neither had He shown distress or sadness on account of His imprisonment. But as soon as freedom was proclaimed in Turkey, constitution declared, prisoners set free, and a new era of brotherhood and good fellowship was ushered in among the various sects, Abdul Baha while happy for the freedom of the people, longed for His own imprisonment. His opinion was that under all circumstances He ought to serve the world of humanity, and while living in Acca He could serve it more effectively while He was a prisoner. But once being freed, nothing was left for Him to do in Acca and like a bird released from its cage, He had to soar to other climes and countries. Abdul Baha in all His Divine characteristics is intensely human and keenly alive to the joys and sorrows of existence. There is no one who feels more acutely the sufferings of humanity than He. He loves His fellow-men as no creature has ever loved before. While in Alexandria, He lives just exactly like other men, he goes into the stores, into the mosques, into the churches, into the schools and into the pris-He converses just as kindly and amiably with the humblest man ons. in the street as with the highest in the land. His matchless and magnetic kindness attracts all, whether ignorant or wise, rich or poor, he is no respector of persons and often after a half an hour's conversation, His bitterest enemy becomes His staunchest friend. His coming into Egypt has added great enthusiasm and zeal to the hearts of the friends. He has uplifted them from a state of com-He is no more a myth parative oblivion to a world-wide celebrity. or a fable; He is there, standing, powerful, mighty and supreme. The Sun of His Presence radiates the light of love and compassion. People see Him, feel the wonderful influence of His presence, talk with Him, walk with Him as did the men of old walking with Jesus of Nazareth along the shores of Galilee. They can no longer doubt Him and His Teachings. When He first arrived in Egypt, a great cry and clamor was raised by the representatives of the people (the newspapers.) Everybody was expressing his opinion of Abdul Baha. There was not one who could form a just and impartial view of Him. Facts were exaggerated and misrepresentations abounded in every paper. One writer expressed the opinion that Abdul Baha hates all religions, that His followers throughout the world are very few, and that His Teachings are destructive to the well-being and prosperity of the human society. Then showing his utter ignorance of the principles of the Bahai Revelation, in order to establish his already fallacious ideas, he calls the attention of his readers, if they are in doubt of his statements, they should go to the library and read the Book of Akdas, Ighan and Faraed. Of course any seeker after reading these books will easily realize how utterly false were these statements.

Such were the conditions when Abdul Baha with His might and His glory, His meekness and humility, entered the land of Pharaoah. But Lo! After a short time the clouds of misrepresentations are dispelled and the heaven of reality shines forth with great splendor.

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At present there is not one dissenting voice in the land of Egypt about the greatness of Abdul Baha, so much so, that "Mogattam", one of the most influential Arabic newspapers, in a long article of November 28, 1910, comes out valiantly and defends the most eloquent terms, the Teachings of Abdul Baha. Not being satisfied with this, he quotes from the Bock of Akdas where Baha'o'llah commands all the despotic rulers to lay aside their absolutism and adopt the Constitution amd establish in their Kingdoms the Houses of Justice. He even upbraids in the strongest terms the other newspaper writers, calling their attention to their responsibilities and duties of their positions--that is, to mirror forth facts and realities and not falsehoods and accusations. He says that every writer has been revelling in a riotous feast of exaggeration and derision; that they have gone beyond the limit of politeness and courtesy, which attributes differentiate man from beast. Now if we compare the first articles with the last articles which have appeared concerning Abdul Baha, we will

find them just as different as day and night. Many people have expressed anxieties and fears because of Abdul Baha's visit to America; they think that the newspapers will write sensational articles and ridicule the Cause. Such people are very short-sighted. They have not realized deeply, nor superficially, the electric force of Abdul Baha's presence. Neither have they dreamed of the magnetic influence of His Highness (rather kindness.) Ah, me! He is a man whose very appearance will solve all the perplexed anxieties of the visionaries of disaster.

We as Bahais have nothing to be afraid of. We are the spiritual physicians of the world. We are the torch-bearers of the ideal civilization. We are the teachers of the Kingdom of Abha. Should we be afraid to receive the One who is the source of all our inspiration and all our light? America must raise the glad some voice of spiritual beatitude and spread the heavenly banquet and be prepared for He shall come as a thief in the night. Future historians will record the coming of Abdul Baha to America as a greater and more momentuous event than its discovery by Columbus. Broaden your vision and look into the future, when the nations of America shall celebrate from one end to the other end of the Continent, the day when Abdul Baha planted His feet upon the land of the brave and the free.

Future generations will sing in anthems and songs the resplendent glory of such a day. Uhildren shall be taught to respect and love that day even more than the day of Independence. America is on the threshold of a great spiritual awakening, and it must artse to fulfil the responsibilities of such a wonderful and glowing promise. Abdul Baha has written to you in several Tablets that He shall come as soon as the Friends in that country are united as bands of steel or a golden chain of life. Now it depends upon you. You must show to the world that you are united, that you live a life of paradise, that you are worthy to receive Him in your midst. If He does not come to America it will be a great proof that you are not united. He has left the choice with you; united, you will have Him; disagreed, you will not have Him. Let not this opportunity slip from your hand, wrise, work, band together, remove the difficulties from His path.

This day is not for fretting and discontentment and imagining the possibilities of ridicule by the masses. Have -- a not faith in Him? Do you think Him a child? Has He not grappled and solved the greatest problems for the past sixty years? Has He not conversed with the wisest men of the age? Again we say, prepare the way for His coming, let not your minds be traubled with cutside questions; He is able to change the ridicule into praise, the enmity into friendship and derision into exaltation. When He arrived in Alexandria we were not prepared to receive Him. Are you going to wait also and lose the blessing of receiving Him? There is no need of preparing houses and establishments for His reception; the probability is that He will take a place for Himself when He arrives. The first thing that He did when He arrived in Aexandria was to take a house, and all the friends from far and near flocked around Him. He does not want your houses, and palaces, but your hearts. Prepare your hearts, purify your hearts, cleanse your hearts, that He may find a place therein.

The life of Abdu 1 Baha is simple; his attitude is humble; his needs are very few. You think because He comes to America you must have a house prepared, and surround Him with luxuries of modern civilization. Far from it!

With love, unity and harmony, like the stars of Heaven shining in your midst, a little cottage is greater than the Imperial palace of the kings. All through His life His sole purpose and aim has been to spread the Fragrances of God, to serve the Kingdom of Abha, and to sacrifice Himself for the good of the world. He has done all these; nay, rather, His services to man cannot be measured by any criterion. His life, which, like unto a tempestuous sea, is ever in motion. Pearls of significances and diamonds of truth are found on the shore and in the mines of Wis life. Humanity owes to Him a debt that can never be paid with any money or gratitude.

We can always learn useful lessons from His word_s and deeds. Notwithstanding all He has done for the world, yet hearken to what He says, and let us emulate Him in our daily lives, He has said in a recent Tablet:- "The invisible Hand hasopened the doors and wisdom requires that Abdul Baha hasten to the Country of Egypt; for He is infinitely ashamed and chagrined that He has not yet been assisted in servitude. Perchance through traveling in this land He may be assisted in the future to some small service. Now we are living in the Country of Canaan and are supplicating day and night at the Threshold of Mercifulness and beg confirmation and assistance for the Friends of God, so that all of us may participate and become partners in the Servitude of the Holy Threshold and be abkex aided in accomplishing one service." Copy of a Compilation for the help of a student of Biology. from the teachings of 'ABDU'L-BAHA.

Extract from a letter by Mrs I.D.Brittingham to Mrs Harrist Latimer. of Portland, Oregon. June 5th 1914 or 1915.

- Following are the Teachings given by 'ABDU'L-BAHA. 1 - That before man appeared upon this earth ,he neverXXAMEATERA lived upon any planet.
- 2 That after man leaves this world, he never goes to any planet. The worlds of GOD to which he goes are the "Many Mansions" of which Christ spoke and which 'ABDU'L-BAHA tells us are not plan et: , but are spiritual, diving, heavenly, single, unlocated.
- 3 Se talks us the planets are physical bodies and therefore are located and that they are inhabited by beings , whose bodies are in accordance with the formation of the planets.
- 4 That the souls of human kind exdisted before coming to this world but, not as we know personality upon this planet.
- 5 That the human coul has always been a soul upon this planet and that the mineral, vegetable and enimal planes are ever existing within their own planes, but d velop in perfections, each kingdom within its own plane, but never to the station of intelligent consciousness of GOD : and having no will to develop these elves in into fuller consciousness of GOD.
- 6 That each of these lower Kingdoms referred to has only its own one condition : the condition of nature within its own plane.But, that the human kingdom has two conditions : one the station of nature, which is that of the human animal : and the other, the station of the consciousness of GOD : that the "Essence of Light deposited in man." is NOT GOD but the essence or the reality of the station-of consciousness of GOD .By turning to IT slone, and reach ing into ITS STATION, which is beyond and above the station of nature, we then -and then alone- can find Hik, standing within us powerful mighty and supreme.

powerful mighty and supreme. That man's will is given him with this divine consciousness that he may choose. That BAHA'O'LLAH, said " Verily, man is not called man, until he be imbued with the attributes of the Merciful, etc." If we were a part of GOD, we would never require any regeration or struggle to come into Mearness to HIM.

" Any part of GOD, is always GOD. "(see Daily Lessons by Ers H.S. Goodall pages 34/36. will cover these points also Some Amswered Questions.)

GOD Never progresses... H E I B ---We, human souls, 'AEDU'L-BAHA talls us will progress hereafter forever. IF WE BEGIN OUR JOURNEY HEAE. - This journey is ever toward the Creator, but never equal in station or "agriving" to equal station.

7 - We come have but once." When GOD wills, we slip into the arenaof this world "The material contact even , as with a babe for a few hours is necessary, but sufficient.

the foregoing teachings given to Mrs Brittingham were interpreted by Dr. Warsed, Mirza Valiollah Vargha Khan being present and also writing them down .

ABDU*L-BAHA, November 2nd 1908.

You have asked concerning the stars, whether they are void and uninhabited" .-

Know thou, that GOD has not created all these existent things without a purpose. Everyone of these starteds like unto the sphere of earth and with the utmost grandeur are inhabited by living beings Netwithstanding, that this sphere of earth is so small, it contains very many different species, then how much more, those great celestial bodies ; Existing beings live in each one according to its com position and it is sure, that none are void."

Also an excerpt from a Tablet to Madame D'Astrebof Paris, France dated May 21st 1908.

" But, regarding the innumerable stars and the distance between each other , that the astronomers in this day explain as worlds containing the living spirits, this is pure imagination and not fact. For all the infinite stars are material bodies and the realm in which spirit does exist , is the spiritual world and the heavenly kingdom, which is eternal and everlasting .Because these illuminating bodies which exist in immessed interval world and the heavenly kingdom, which exist in immessed interval and every composition is followed by decomposition and this shore, the these stars are deprived from the gift of perpetuity : but as the Uni verse of the Xbgdom is abstract and sanctified above the Laws of composition and decomposition, therefore, it is imperishable and inditructible."

Question asked 'ABDU'L-BAHA by Mrs Brittingham in a letter in 1902.

" Are the planets or stars, the "Many Mansions" in heaven of which Christ spoke, telling the disciples, that He went to prepare a place for them ?"-

Answer:" Rather they are worlds .as this world of ours, but they diff in their bodies .by difference of elements from this earthly body. They differ in their formation . The beings existent upon these beel are recording to their formation .- As to the worlds, whereunto Christ-unto Whom be the Great Glory- referred : They are spiritual, divine, heavenly, single, unlocated. "-

Excerpt from some questions and replies asked and given to Mrs Britingham in 1912 in New York City by 'ABDU'L-BAHA.

"Some think that this teaching has been incorrectly translated and 'ABDU'L-BAHA, teaches, that the souls leaving this earth do go to the planets or stars and that they progress in their spiritual development and through living upon one after another of these bodies. Is a of this teaching true ?-

'ABDU'L-BEDIA , said :" NO". (in English.)

Were the souls created as individuals before they entered the physibodies of this world ?" 'ABDU'L-BAHA:" They existed before coming t this world, but NOT as we know personality upon this plane."

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Extracts from Niss E.Goodall's account of her visit to Acca.

1.

Abdul Baha began to talk to us of the "far country" from which we had come, saying we were blessed indeed, for many who were nearer had begged hard for the privilege but had been denied, and we, who were so many miles away, were children of the Kingdom and had been received.

He then spoke of the difference between Mapoleon and Christ. The one had sacrificed over four thousand lives simply for his own sake, to gain his personal ends and to satisfy his vanity, whereas, though thousands had suffered in the Cause of Christianity, the good it had done humanity was incakulable, and His Name would shine forever, in the Spiritual Realms as well as on earth, while the other had never done anything for humanity,no good had ever come of his exploits and his name would only be remembered in a material way for a few years.

He then spoke of the persecution of the Babis in Persia and said that at the thime of the exile it was so bitterly cold that water from a drink would freeze upon their beards, yet during these trials, and with such hardships, the love of GOD so burned in their hearts that they were happy in spite of all.

While in Persia they were terribly persecuted by the government and were of course accused of every bad deed possible. They never complained, only kept quiet and bided their time. When the summomes was sent to examine them, try them and see if they were dishonest, drunkards, thieves, stingy, liars, etc., they were proven to be honest, clean, pure, truth-tellers, never selling liquor, and most generous. So the examiners would say: "We can find nothing against them; but it is a pity they are Babis." When the cabinet met to discuss their af-fairs, the prime minister goes on record as saying? "Indo believe that if we had not persecuted these people, their religion would have died a natural death, but we have m brought them into prominence by our action that everybody is imquiring into their belief and they are making converts daily." The difference between truth and error is that truth must live and grow strong by opposition,

while the weaker religions die out one by one. A Babi who had been condemned to death, was being ridden through the twon backwards on a donkey, and the people were running beside him, beating the donkey with st icks and shouting and mocking at him, and as they passed by the hut of a hermit fireworshipper, he heard the great noise and came out to see what was going on. They told him what they were doing with the Babi and he said: "I think this must be the truth, else why do you make so much of it? If you are so afraid of it that you must persecute it, it must be strong indeed!" He became a convert, and with him many fire-worshippers for he was a high priest.

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11.

Abdul Baha said our coming there was like a seed; we could not see anything yet, but if we would try to cultivate it faithfully, in time the sun would warm it, the rain would water it and we would at last see a green shoot that would, in turn, by the sun of GOD's truth and love and the rain of His mercy, grow larger and larger and finally become a tree that would some day bear most delicious fruit.

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At luncheon the talk was about Columbus' discovery of America and the expeditions to the North Pols. Abdul Baha said it was amazing to think of the men who were willing to face the hardships of cold, fce, snow, privations and almost certain death to discover a piece of land that would perhaps benefit nobody after it was found; but that they did not think of stirring one step to try tofind the Kingdom of GOD. He said that Columbus only made a worldly reputation for the discovsry of America, for which he got prison chains, and only after many years was he accorded any credit, and that even now his name would only be rememberd a few years as time is counted, whereas if he had made a spiritual discovery, it would be glorified forever in the heavenly realms as well as on earth.

He then began to talk of the encient greatphilosophers and astrologers. They believed that the planets had great influence on the life and destiny of man, and made offerings to Mars, Jupiter, etc. But as a matter of course, mam is GOD's highest creation and the planets are of grosser material; therefore it is impossible that they should have any effect whatever on a superior being. Christ came and taught against their beliefs and in time they were obliged to accept His truth, for their old philosophies could not stand, and Christianity still lives. Mone of their doctrines are talked of or taught nowadays, and even their names belong to an older time, but every word Christ uttered is prized and revered and believed, and His Name will last forever.

Greece had to be conquered by the Romans as a preparation for the coming of Christ, for at that time it was the most intellectual nation, and would have been too strong an opposition, so its power had to be broken before He came. Just as it was ordained that Columbus should discover America as the place appointed for the greatest spreading of the truth at this time - for it is the land of freedom, the land of growth, the land of plenty add promised, the fair, the blessed land.

RIZWAN.

The Rizwan (Garden of the Blessed Perfection) is spoken of in prophecy as like an ark with the water dividing it at the prow and on either side a green tent, without centre-pole or support, and a throme half on land, and half on water.

We found there Abu'l Kasim, who was the gardener in the time of the Blessed Perfection.

He told us how one day the Blessed Perfection appeared amongst them with a look on His face not of this world. He sat down and gazed across the river. In a few moments He began to speak and the words were the most beautiful Tablet they had ever hoard. They all stood spell-bound until He had finished. He told them afterwards that He had been in direct communication with the Infinite Essence and His uttered words were an answer to what had been said to Him.

AT THE HOLY TOMB.

We found the Master seated on a divan, in the little room above the gardener's cottage, reading some letters just received from Persia. He told us that a poor ignorant man who could neither read or write had converted a very high official tothe Truth, and he, in turn, had given the Teachings to twenty others, and their letters had just been sent to the Master.

From the window of the room we had seen the procession of believers walking on ahead as pilgrims, and we soon followed them, going ahead of the Master.

The Visit to the Tomb is very affecting indeed. It is here the pilgrims all come to ask for special blessings /

We all knelt and kissed the Threshold of the entrance and again the door-sill of the inner room. The first court or rather main-part of the building is like a court, with a little garden init, filled with palms and shrubs and fenced in about 30 by 15 feet. Off from this, which is roofed with glass,

is a sort of (?) square, carpeted with a large Persian rug, and here we were conducted first to wait for the Master. He came among the bowed heads of the people, and opened the door of the Tomb, then motioned to us to go in. We knelt around the rug that covers the space which containsthe Blossed Body, which is sunk beneath the floor. The whole room being flat, the square place is also surrounded by flowers, vases and candelabra. After a minute, the Master came back with a taper, with which He lighted some of the candles in the candelabra. He then beckoned Miss Hillyer and myself, gave us each a taper and told us to assist in lighting the candles. After we had done so, Abdul Baha took us out to the apse and stood there in front of us, facing the wall of the inner room, while we all prayed silently. I shall never forget His face as stood there. He looked as though He were com-He muning indeed with the Infinite, and receiving blessings and instructions from His only Superior. And as He lighted the candies, the sweet calm look of His face was the look of the joyful martyr and seemd to foreshadow the future.

At dimer-time we expressed our gratitude that to us had been accorded the great blessing of lighting the candles, - (which had been done only once before and no-one had been asked to assist). He said it was a symbol that meant a great deal, and He hoped we would never forget it. And what aid we think it meant? Miss Hillyer said she thought we had been walking in the darkness of ignorance and were now to find the light, and light was to be given us I thought we were going to be allowed to diffuse the light of the Truth and light the candles of others. He smiled and said: "Both ade good," but it had another significance that would not appear now, but in the future we would know, and He wanted us to think much about it and hoped we would prove worthy of it.

At lunch-time our Master sat with us and said to Mr Getsinger"Why dont you talk, doctor?" So it seemed a good time to ask questions and he began on Daniel X11 -13, where it says: "But go thou thy way till the emishall be, for thou shalt rest and stand in thy lot at the end of the days." He acked if that meant that Daniel would be reincarnated now in the latter days, so he could stand with his lot? Through Mutzin E ffendi we got the answer - viz. -"There are two kinds of coming again; one is the personality, the other is in the spirit or likeness of. It was promised to Daniel that he should come againin his personality, - that is, his soul would live at this time in another body. But in the case

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of most of the prophets it means simply that one shall come in the same spirit as the one before him, or shall like Him come teaching the same Truth and showing the same spirit, like the lamp which has to be filled every day - the light is exactly the same but the petroleum is different. In the instance mentioned in Revelations about the ten thousand saints or host, it means only that these shall be sent at the _atter-Day - ten thousand souls to do the same kind of work in the Cause of GOD was was done by the saints of the olden time. But in the case of John in Revelation it is the same as with Daniel - he will come in his personality.

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We also asked why the Greatest Name was repeated ninety-five times. Answer: Because the 19 Letters of the Living multiplied according to the Abjad of the Bab's name made 95. (5x19.)

Our Lord said we were very blessed in hearing the Truth, for it made us superior to those who hid it not, so that we would be able to teach them convincingly, as man is superior in intelligence and spirituality to the animal kingdom.

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At lunch time the question was asked about the Garden of Eden. The Master said it only meant the space of time and also the part of the country covered by Adam in his teaching, up to the time of Noah. When the latter came to go on with the work, he also had his Garden of Eden. Then Abraham, Noses s/ etc., down to the time of Christ and Nohammed. And now the Truth was extending over the whole earth, so that in these latter days the entire world would be a Garden of Eden of the Blessed Perfection.

We also asked about the creation of Adam and Eve, and He said that the story is an allegory and means that Adam contained both the male and female principles - father and mother, for as there is no female soul equal to GOD, He is father and mother inone. So as He speaks through all the prophets, of whom Adam was the first, in the spirit He was both, as His GOD. The same is true of all the prophets. The people were there spiritual children and the prophets were the fathers and spiritual guides and the mothers, the material expression of love, in one.

The question was also asked "What is the spiritual meaning of Lot's wife turning to s pillar of salt?" The Master explained that salt meant death and when Lot's wife insisted on disobeying and looked back with longing eyes upon the world, the died spiritually. I asked about my music, for I knew if I had that answer it would cover all the ground of education, cultivation of talents, etc. I asked it it were right for me to spend money on music lessons instead of giving it to the poor. He said "Maalcom" (of course) "study music, for with your music you can teach, even if not with the mouth." He said it was "good - very good".

Then I asked if we should marry. He said: "Yes" - if we wished to marry. "But" I said "how can your heart be cut from the world if you marry? " He explained that no occupation of man or the world would interfere with the heart that is turned to GOD, it makes no difference what we are adoing, we can always work in the Caus e of GOD, and it is right to marry.

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At dinner-time or Kheiralla was there, and a number of questions came up again and were thoroughly discussed and settled in our minds forever. It was the climax of opportunities, and all said they had never heard the Master talk so much upon these subjects.

First: Were there affinities? That is, were the souls created in pairs and did they belong to each other forever and ever, even if they did not meet on this earth?

He said "Yes" - that everything was created in pairs, but that this earth was the flaming sword and sometimes, even if affinities met, they could not be happy for various reasons connected with the imperfect conditions here; but in spirit they were related forever. Sometimes of course they meet here and have the happiness of living together here, but in that case nearly always they suffered in some other way, because the conditions for perfect happiness do not exist on this earth. The nearest we can come to that is to know the Truth and work in the Cause of GOD; then nothing matters to us, and material conditions lose their power to affect our happiness.

Then came the question whether we would know each other separately in the Kingdom, that is, would we all have our individuality or would we be as one spirit. He said it was very difficult to speak of the Spiritual Kingdom in any way to make our finite minds understand, or even grasp a faint conception of its mysteries and glories; that when we speak of love, - a thing we all know well - we are obliged to make a comparison and say it is like fire, in order to convey the idea to the intellectual mind. So in order to give any shadow of meaning to us of the Infinite, everlasting Kingdom, He compared it to this world as it would seem to a baby still in its mother's womb, etc. This much is true and we can grasp it - that the spiritual is the real life, and when we get there this earthly existence will be to us as a dream; and, best of all, the ties and relationships of true love and affection, that is, the relationships of the soul, - not of the flesh - will be intensified a thousand Just so much as we are capable of loving times. here, that much more can we love there; for this is the sleeping-time, thet ime of preparation. We are only dreaming now, and even the real things we only dimly realize - but those are, that which will shine brilliantly when we get to the Kingdom, and the rest will all fde away. We will have our individuality, and will not be swallowed up in one vast spirit.

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At lunch time next day we had our most important question in regard to education. He said that if two men, the one ignorant and poor, the other a great scholar - if the ignorant knew the Truth, his place in the Spiritual Kingdom was much higher than that of the other; but if they both knew the Truth than the educated man had the higher place, because the fact that he had used his GODgiven faculties, cultivated his talents and improved himself as much as possible made him a greater power in the world, and this in turn gave him so much greater opportunities for work in the Cause of GOD, so that this again earned for him his high place in the Kingdom.

It is the future we are working for and not worldly fa me, but if by cultivating the intellectual and gaining all the knowledge we can we may have a wider scope for spiritual work, surely we must do it.

All knowledge comes from the Infinite; every material idea had its existence in the Invisible first before it was made manifest by man in the visible. So if we neglect our opportunities for education here, we are just that much behind when we reach the cother world and have it all to gain there.

At the first conversationwith our Lord, He said that we must let absolutely nothing shake our faith. We might here of dreadful happenings here where He is, for as it is a great Cause, so will great events happen for and against it; but no matter what comes, we must be firm as mountains of iron. He then spoke of our work in America and said we must all pull together. If anyone did wrong through weakness we must forgive him, and work in love and harmony together for the love and good of the Cause. He said many times that no matter if we did feel that we knew very little, when we went to America to begin to teach all that is

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necessary for our argument would be given us, provided our desire was great and earnest enough; also that we must strive to become confirmed by the spirit, a condition He illustrated by a simile of a tree, which He likened to GOD. GOD is the trunk;on the tree are branches, twigs, leaves, blossoms and fruit. If we are content to remain leaves of the tree, when the March winds blow we will fall to the ground. So we must pray to become stronger, as the twigs; then finally when we are branches, all the storms of heaven cannot shake us, for we are close to the trunk, part of it, in fact, like it. This is what is meant by the confirmation of

the Spirit, for which we must constantly work.

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Apropos of the souls condition in the other life, our Lord said what was very emforting, that those who had gone before had every opportunity of being saved if they had led a life according to the revelation given to their generation; - to have, followed Christ, Moses, Mohammed or any of the Brophets and Teachers sent to guide humanity, - and that we would also be able by our prayers to change their conditions in the Spiritual World, because to us had been granted the greatest revelation of any time and therefore we have a higher place - not by right of any merit, but only by the Mercy of GOD.

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WORDS OF ABDUL BAHA ON HAPPINESS.

O thou dear maid-servant of GOD, if thou knewest with what bestewal and blessing thou art aided, thou wouldst surely detach thyself from the world, open thy wings and soar in the atmosphere of joy and gladness.

The favors of the Beauty of ABHA have enveloped thee.

The confirmation of the Supreme Concourse is obtained. What else dost thou seek?

The grace of the Lord is manifest. What else dost thou demand?

Assure them (the believers) that, though I stay in prisen, it is just like paradise; that afflictions and trials in the Path of GOD give me joy; that troubles rest Me; that death is Life; that to be despised is honor. Therefore I have been very happy all this time in prison. I always hoped to be able to drink the up of martyrdom.

Regarding My freedom; to me, prison is freedom; to Me, incarceration is an open court; to Me, adversity is a gift, and death is Life.

Thow hast manifested joy at the freedom of Abdul Baha. This happiness comes from thy great love. There is no doubt that the friends have become joyful on account of the liberation of Abdul Baha. But I was thankful for thex prises in the Path of GOD, and the lack of liberty was very pleasing to Me, for those days were passed in the Path of the Love of GOD, with the utmost difficulty and trials, bearing fruits and results. Now, this composure, rest and freedom has no result and no fruit. Unless one accept suffering, undergo trials and endure dire vicissitudes he will reap no reward, nor will he attain success and prosperity Behold the disciples of Christ!

O ye intelligent ones! There is no tranquillity of soul and spirit in this world, and man needs spiritual joy and fragrance; otherwise, he would become despondent and hopeless. Consequently, consider ye with shrewd insight that the world of mankind is in need of divine glad tidings, in order that it may find composure of spirit and attain to infinite bliss. Therefore, aspire ye after the Kingdom of ABHA, and seek after spiritual attraction; for life without this is death, and the living in in this evanescent world as the mirage in the desert.

Happiness depends on the spiritual glad tidings and not upon material means; it is found in the Kingdom of ABHA and not in this mortal world.

A second of all the second second second second

There is nothing in this world of existence save a foy and happiness which emanate from sanctification; divine holiness and resignation to GOD. Love divine will change the prisen into a court, sorrows into joy and fragrance, narrowness into enlargement and poverty into wealth.

Our real happiness is in the Kingdom. Here we seek no happiness, because in this world happiness does not exist. If you consider, you will see that people are all in trouble. The majority of people whom you question have nothing to tell you but of their troubles. There hearts are not at rest. And they cannot have this rest of heart save thre⁵ the Love of GOD. Therefore we must know that happiness exists in the Other World and not in this

Although the life of the creatures is called life, in reality, compared to the Life of the Children of the Kingdom, it is not life, on the contrary, it is death.

For instance, a substance contains life, but this life in comparison to the life of a vegetable is death; in like manner, the life of a vegetable, compared to the life of an animal, is death; in like manner, the life of an animal, compared to the life of the human being, is death; and, in like manner, the life of the human being, compared to the Life of the Children of the Kingdom, is death.

As His Majesty, Christ, said: "Let the dead bury their dead"; because "he who is born of the flesh is flesh, and he who is born of the Spirit, is spirit."

Therefore it is evident that life (in its true sense) is the Life of the spirit; and that is - the Love of GOD, the knowledge of GOD, the breezes from the Holy Ghost, divine inspiration, spiritual joys and the glad tidings of GOD.

ation, spiritual joys and the glad tidings of GOD. Seek, O servant of GOD, this Life, until day and night you remain in limitless joy.

Call thy son to the Kingdom of GOD as far as is possible for thee; but be thou not sad, and do not attach thy heart to anything, except the Lord of the Kingdom. If thou lovest anything, love it for the sake of GOD, so that friendship may become eternal. Otherwise, it is a natural law that everything will disappear, and as that thing vanisheth, the love of it also comes to an end. But the Divine Beauty is never-ending and everlasting and the eternal life and the Love of GOD are constant and perennia

Whatever is in this work is without foundation, and finally disappears, becomes fruitless, without result and without effect, - may, rather, it is wholly forgotten, - except the servitude and adoration in the Threshold of Oneness.

If a soul breathes one breath in this servitude, it will bring forth fruit in the Eternal Realm, raise the universal melody of joy, and impart everlasting life. Therefore, rest thou assured.

2

O then beleved maid-servant of GOD, shouldst then know what station is destined and appointed, under the protection of Baha'o'llak, for these souls who are severed, attracted, and teachers of Truth, undoubtedly then wouldst find the utmost joy and happiness, and, by reason of exultation and rejoicing, soar toward the Heaven of Peace, inasmuch as thow art walking in this read, and advancing toward such a Kingdem.

Why art theu grieved, sorrowing with a bleeding heart? This is the Day of rejeicing and the Hour of ecstacy! This is the season of the dead arising from graves and gathering together, and this is the Promised Time for the attainment of plenteous gragrace. Be calm, be strong, be grateful, and become a lamp full of light, that the darkness of sorrows be annihilated, and that the sum of everlasting joy arise from the dawning-place of heart and soul, shining brightly.

Be then happy! Be then rejoiced! Be then attracted and in the utmost attitude of beatitude, so that divine illumination may appear in the heart and soul, and the ray of the Sun of Truth may shine and gleam. Become thou not unhappy on account of trials, for they are the cause of spiritual development; but thu must remain firm and steadfast. Whenever them art withstanding, the darkness of tests is changed into light, difficulty into mercy, less into profit, and non-existence is followed by immortality

The more difficulties one sees in the world, the more perfect one becomes. The more you plough and dig in the ground, the more fertile it becomes. The more you cut the branches of a tree, the higher and stronger it grows. The more you put the gold in the fire, the purer it becomes. The more you sharpen the steel by grinding, the better it cuts.... Therefore, I am happy that you have had great tribulations and difficulties. Of this I am very happy - that you have had many sorrows. Strange it is that I love you - and still I am happy that you have sorrows?

Afflictions and troubles are due to the state of not being content with what GOM has ordained for one. If one submits himself to GOD, he is always happy. A man asked another: "In what station are you?" He answered: "In the utmost happiness." "Where do as this happiness come from?"" He answered: "Because all the existing things move according to my wish; therefore I do not find anything contrary to my desire; thus I have no sorrow. There is no doubt that all the beings move by the Will of GOD, and I have given up my own will, desiring the Will of GOD; thus my will became the Will of GOD, for there is nothing of myself. All are moving by His Will, yet they are moving by my own will. In this case, I am very happy."

When man surrenders himself, everything will move according to his wish.

3

Mappiness consists of two kinds - physical and spiritual. The physical happiness is limited; its utmost duration is one day, one month, one year; finally it has no result. Spiritual happiness is eternal and unfathemable. This kind of happiness appears in one's soul with the Lowe off GOD, and suffers one to attain to the virtues and perfections of the world of humanity. Therefore, endeavor, as much as thou art able, in order to illumine the lamp of the heart with the light of Love.

O thou who art set aglow with the fire of the Leve of GOD, observe and learn! Every castle is a grave; every throne is dust; and all crowns are mortal save the diadem of the Love of GOD, which is a glorious bounty from His Kingdom. There is no blessing equal to it. Every bounty is passing; every comfort is changeable; all wealth is succeeded by poverty, and all treasures become as a heap of dust, save the Treasure of the Kingdom. There fore, abide with It! Therefore, abide with It! Therefore, abide with It!

The soul that leves GOD - GOD loves. The soul that draws near to GOD - GOD draws near to it. The soul that is happy with GOD - GOD is happy and pleased with it.

WORDS OF BAHA'O'LLAH.

Be ye resigned, like unto the earth, so that the fragrant, sacred, multicolored myrtiks of My Knowledge may grow in the soil of existence. Be ye ablaze, like unto fire, so that ye may concume thick weils, and quicken and immortalize cold and veiled bodies through the heat of divine love. Be ye pure, like unto air, so that ye may enter the sacred abode of My Friendship.

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The following copied from the same letter was translated by Mirza Almad S brab, in Ramleh, Egypt.

Lustion: Are there any lost souls? Abul-Baha:- There are souls who have the capacity for becoming q ickened th the divine fragrance, and darist when speaking of these said: that is must be born again. - born of the Spirit. Every soul that is piritually born, through the assistance of the Holy Spirit, will have in upward journey, attaining the lofty station of the Spiritual world. As regards the souls who do not receive the Breath of the Holy Spirit. they remain in the world of imperfection. They are as blind, deaf, without intelligence and surrounded by darkness. They do not attain to the world of light. Such souls, through they have life, yet are dead, - as lost, - compared to souls in the world of light.

About-Bana: Will God ever raise these souls to the heights that others attain? About-Bana: GOD is powerful to do whatsoever He wills. Question: Do souls choose to come to this world? Abdut-Bana: That is according to the will of GOD. When GOT wills, they slip into the arena of human life. Destion: To we exist as conscious individual souls before coming here? Abdut-Baha: Individual consciousness is realized after birth here. Suggestions -2-

must have their educational background, without and a emotion. He must read broadly and be informed on current topics as well as standard literature. In this important field too much care cannot be taken.

18. A follow-up teacher should endeavor to create avenues of service for the friends. All, even the most humble, should be given opportunities for service in the Cause.

19. A high standard of teaching should be maintained by those doing public work and the teaching committees should keep well-informed as to the increasingly efficient work and method of the teachers. In order to avoid these difficulties which have hindered the progress of pure Christianity and of other religions, such as the belief of the infallibility of human teachers, to prevent the assumption of dictatorial power or authority in any group, it is necessary that all must observe carefully the principle of consultation. We should be constantly on our guard to keep the Bahai Cause pure and free from the human adulterating influences of racial habit-beliefs, such as placing miraculous power in inanimate objects and worship of unsupported tradition. The tendency is to look at the personality rather than the truth. These may become stumbling blocks.

20. With the greatest humility, without a trace of self and with the deepest understanding, the Bahsi friends should prepare themselves to mingle more with the leaders of society. 21. Adult education for social progress should be encouraged and individual

21. Adult education for social progress should be encouraged and individual training classes be developed. 21. The more we appreciate the present condition of the world the more we attain medialize in some subject, such as Peace, Science, Internationalism, 21. The more we appreciate the present condition of the world the more we attain medialize in some subject, such as Peace, Science, Internationalism, 21. The more we appreciate the present condition of the world the more we attain medialize in some subject, such as Peace, Science, Internationalism, 21. The more we appreciate the present work perhaps may be done in two weeks, as-attained in the city, during which time many new contacts could attain the first dity, during which time many new contacts could attained the solution of the solution of the divided in to a solution of the war, suggested the teaching committee be divided in to five groups, to touch five sones or regions; North, south, east, west, and central. This is an important phase in the development of the Cause. 25. The traveling teachers should not have to do soministrative work end, vice 25. The traveling teachers should not have to do administrative work and vice Versa.

26. We must not make hard and fast rules, because conditions change. 27. The committees and functions of the NSA should be duplicated in LSA. including that of the local teaching committees.

28. Baha'u'llah taught that each individuel soul should become a teacher of some soul. All sincere teachers should be encouraged. A tiny candle may light one greater than itself.

29. When cooperating with outside organizations it would be well to have the Bahai name appear in the program when possible, thus showing that Bahais are active in the affairs of the world.

30, Plan Fellowship programs with other liberal faiths, always using best speakers available.

31. Teachers and believers alike should form a mental attitude of spiritual radiance so that the spirit will shine thry the speaker's eyes into the hoarts of the listeners.

32. The more recently attracted friends should be encouraged to study seriously and analyze the Teachings.

33. Entertain unlimitedly according to circumstances.

34. Shoghi Effendi repeatedly said it is necessary that the friends of Baha 'u'llah deepen their knowledge and capacity. This can be done by trining the faculties, powers, abilities of each individual,

35. Regarding indirect teaching Shoghi said that the key question which divides the direct from the indirect work is -- Is its purpose to spread the Light of Baha'u'llah?.

36. The Bahais should study Comparative Religion, History, Science, Economics, Sociology, and the outstanding philosophers and poets of other lands.

Ruth Hoffett (Persons B20 F33) ##

mg Suggestions -3-

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37. Because of repeated requests for some practical outline for public address and because of wrong psychological approach. Shoghi Effendi finally offered the following outline to help in arrangement of material: 1. Introduction, 2. Principles, 5. History, 4. Influence of Message, 5. Station of Manifestations, 6. Proofs, 7. Effect upon Humanity, 8. Synthemis, 9. Prayer. These suggestions must not become a set form. 38. Shoghi Effendi specially emphasized his wish that the friends carefully re read and study the latters of Shoghi Effendi with regard to the spreading of the Cause. 39. Shoghi Effendi stressed the importance of sincere and intelligent study of the Bahai Administration. Also the study of "The Mysterious Forces of Civilization". 40. Shoghi Effendi said the time would come when we would used to work for the Cause, without rest, and with continued and constant devotion. 41. The Bahai gatherings and meetings should be conducted with the greatest dignity, simplicity, and intelligence of presentation of the Message. 42. Shoghi Effendi said that --We should have no fear in mentioning the Name in open-minded groups. The Name is the Truth and the Truth is the Name. It takes the wisest discrimination and keenest judgement to know when to avoid the use of the Name. Later all will have come under the Name of Baha'a'llah. The Name gives a great spiritual power. The existence of principles alone is not enough to save the world. The Founder is necessary, and the soul must cooperate with the Founder. 43. Abdul Baha usually emphasized the Principles, then the prophecies, then

the social phase of the Teaching.

44. The Mashriq-ul-Adhkar, when completed, will be one of the greatest teachers. Abdul Baha and Shoghi Effendi stress the need in working for the Temple. 45. We should develop undying loyalty, eternal vigilance, and the realization of the rejuvenating spirit of Baha'u'llab.

46. The greatest of all is TO LIVE THE LIFE.

47. Constant prayer with use of the Greatest Hame. 48. We should support and cooperate with those who are elected even the we may disapprove of them or their ideas. We must support them during their term

of office. 49. Remember the well-known quotation, "You yourself must set flame to the

fagots you have brought."

Portion of a Tablet from "Abdu"1-Baha (Re-copied by H.G. Pauli, Jan. 16, 1930, from a collection loaned by Mr. Geo. E. Witte, of Willoox, Ariz., formerly of Brooklyn,N.Y. No date or signature appeared on the copy loaned.)

It has been decided by the Desire of God that union and harmony may day by day increase in the West among the friends of God and the maidservants of the Merciful One. Not until this is realized will the affairs advance by any means whatever: and the greatest menas for union and harmony of all is

SPIRITUAL MEETINGS

This matter is very important and is as a magnet (to attract) Divine Confirmation.

If the Beauty of the Divine Beloved One, that is, the unity of the believers. does appear in the adornment of the Kingdom of ABHA, it is certain that those countries will in a short time become the Paradise of ABHA, and the Light of Unity and Singleness will shine upon the whole world from the West.

We are endeavoring with all heart and soul, having no rest night or day, nor a moment of tranquility, so that we may make the world of humanity the Mirror of Divine Unity. How much more the beloved of God should do so.

And this wish and hope shall appear and shine forth at that time when the true friends of God may arise to act in accord with the Teachings of the Beauty of ABHA.

May My LIFS be a sacrifice to His beloved ones.

Notes taken by Mr. Myron Phelps from the Words of Abdul Baha, during his second visit to Acca. $1915 \approx 19(7)$

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"It is a certain fact, absolutely established, that people, whether righteous or wicked, the people of light or of darkness, pious or mischievous, live on after the death of the body and physical dissolution and disintegration. But the life of the wicked in comparison with the life of the righteous is as death. The existence of the opposers in comparison with the existence of the believers is as non-existence. This is why Christ speaks of this life (of faith) as Everlasting Life. He says: TP you follow me, you will attain life eternal, and whoseever believes not oneme is deprived of the life eternal.' The meaning of Christ's saying was not that the unbelievers become absolutely annihilated; the meaning of Christ is that the life of those who reject Him is as non-existent compared with the life of those who accepted.

"The mineral has existence, the vegetable has existence, but the existence of the inferior kingdom as compared with the existence of the human kingdom is as non-existence. Even the mineral is living in relation to its own kingdom; but the mineral kingdom in comparison with the vegetable kingdom is non-existent, and the vegetable with the animal is non-existent. The ignorant compared with the knower is dead; the rejected compared with the accepted is dead. The imperfect compared with the perfect is dead."

Here the Master took up a photograph of a Virgin and Child by Raphael, and said:

"Many babies at the time of the childhood of Jesus were living, but Jesus was more alive than they. It is not meant that the wicked after death will absolutely perish, this was the belief of the ancient Greek philosophers. They believed that whosoever did not attain any distinction or power of function on this plane of being perished; but the prophets upheld the belief that none perished. That is why Christ speaks of the righteous enterin the Kingdom of Heaven and the wicked being cast into Hell. This problem was not solved in any dispensation until it is solved in this dispensation; for the people ask: Where is this kingdom in which the righteous dwell?' The kingdom was spoken of by the prophets as Heaven, it being said that man after death could ascend into Heaven. Then afterwards it was found that there was no (such place) as Heaven; the stars and planets are in

truth all in motion and are not stationary, and they are all material. It was then asked: 'Where is hereafter !' Existence must be visualized, must be made tangible, else it is non-existence. Any existence which is not realized on the material plane is only a figment of the mind, therefore existence must be externally realized. In response to the question: 'Where is hereafter?' - Since we do not see it, we will say that as the mineral and vegetable belong to this world and are utterly ignorant of the human kingdom -- one might question the mineral, find it utterly ignorant of the vegetable, one might even find that it denied the existence of the plant -- that if one questioned. the embryo in the word about the human kingdon, it would know nothing of it and would even deny its existence; even so the realities of the Kingdom (of Heaven) are not known to men.

"The fact is certain that there is a world of God, and that it is above this human world; therefore it cannot be apprehended in the human world. The human world is ignorant of this Kingdom. It is called the Heavenly Body, and this is what is meant by Christ when He says that after leaving this body man enters the Kingdom; it is heyond the human kingdom. This is what is meant by Baha'o'-11ah when He says: 'The Supreme Concourse welcomes you.' This problem was never solved until this dispensation."

QUESTION: -- "What is the relation of the mineral and vegetable with the human spirit?"

ANSWER: -- "All are connected by the bond of existence. What greater bond is there than this? Furthermore, none of these can continue to exist independently of the other; for inter-relation and solidarity make their existence possible. For example, from the plant a certain elemeny is exhaled which gives life to the animal. We call this the fiert element and you call it oxygen, and from animated beings a certain watery element is given, which you call hydrogen, and that promotes plant life, and its growth and evolution. So there is a connection and the growth and evolution of each are dependent and contingent upon the other. So are all the other beings (connected), making the world of existence as one person -- a great person. Just as the members and parts of man co-operate and work together, likewise the parts and members of the world co-operate with cach other and are inter-dependent. This chain of inter-relation is continuous throughout all existence. Not a single one of the parts of the chain can be loosened; if it were loosened the organization of existence would be faulty,"

CUESTION: -- "Will animal and vegetable ever become the human?"

ANSWER: --- "The animal spirit will not become imman spirit, nor will vegetable spirit become animal spirit. Existence is one, as it appears in every grade, according to exigency of that grade. Existence in the mineral grade takes the form of mineral; in the vegetable grade the vegetable form and in the animal kingdom, the animal form. In the human kingdom it appears as a human being. As existence is limitless, therefore it appears in limitless forms. This is a new philosophy, but it is plain and evident.

"This lamp is one and the same lamp; it has cast its light upon the wall, upon the floor and on this glass, but its manifestation on the mirror is very superior to that on the wall. The manifestation of that light in the eye is not witnessed in the ear; but the light is the same. Mind is a universal power, but it appears in every man according to his capacity.

"Perfect souls are like mirrors, and the light of the mind becomes most effulgently manifest in them. Imperfect souls are like the stone -- the light of the mind reflected in them is only a semblance (of the light in the mirror), but the light is the same."

"Bickerings, etc., among nations must be done away with. Consider plants -- how harmonious are all their elements. Those revolving stars which have inter-communication through the attraction of gravitation, how good and beautiful that is!

"When we study beings in general we discover that there is a tendency (propensity) for the lasting of life, or for continuous living, so that whenever these elements unite to form a composition, the resultant compound makes it possible to live -- e. g. - certain elements have united in a composition, forming this leaf -- likewise certain elements have agreeably united and composed, the resultant being known as man. Likewise in the stone -- we find that in this formation certain elements have come together. Therefore it is most evident that composition or organization and union are perpetuation of species. When the composition, or rather compound, is subjected to a flaw in the agreement (of the elements) separation and dissolution result. Therefore it is plain and evident that agreement and union among men are productive of life results. Every movement which aims at separation, causes disagreement and produces dissension amongst men is to be conderned and rejected.

"Consider the animals: these which are tame associate with each other agreeably, they live in companies. The sheep are loving to each other, hence they live in company as a flock. Tame birds are to be found in flocks, but birds of prey and ferocious animals live separately -such as the lion, tiger, bear, dog -- all of these live separately, in solitude, and do not form companies. Likewise vultures and birds of pret live solitary.

"If agreement and union obtain in a home, there will be upbuilding and prosperity therein; the honor and virtue of that home consists in its unity and harmony. Enlarge this condition -- if the inhabitants of a village should be united, how much this unity and agreement will conduce to the happiness of that village. Enlarge this circle yet again -- the people of a city if united and agreed, how much this would be the cause of rest, composure and well-doing in that city. Still widen the circle the people of a country, if in the utmost unity and solidarity, how this will become (conducive) to this welfare and advancement! Therefore, consider, if all the inhabitants of the earth become united, what great results and what immense happiness will obtain.

"Baha'o'llah has hoisted the tent of the Unity of mankind. He has addressed men thus: 'Ye are all the leaves of one branch and fruits of one tree.' No matter how many are the flowers in yonder garden -- even though their lines and colors and the forms of the leaves and the shapes of the plants differ, yet we know that the same rain falls upon them, the same sumshine and the same gentle zephyrs animate them -- how delightful, how magnificent -- all of them receive heat and light from the same sun, one cloud showers its bounty upon them, all of them are refreshed by one breeze!

"Look at these people; how they are negligent and inadvertent, how superstitious! The exposition of Reality is evident andplain. All of the nations are ininical to us -- they persecute us because of this. They speak evily of us because of this; when they cannot do anything else against us, they lie about us. In order that this animosity may be suppressed and hidden, we forbear everything. Pray that, God willing, you may be confirmed. The Blessed Perfection has said that if any religion or faith is productive of hate and enmity, it must be abandoned."

Received from Lotfullah Hakim, 13 Wood Lane, Shepherd's Bush, London, W., England.

In a letter dated June 7, 1917, to Jos. H. Hannen,

the following is an extract from Lotfollah Hakim's letter on this subject:

"Doubtless you know of Mr. Myron Phelps, the one who wrote the book called THE LIFE AND TEACHINGS OF AEBAS EFFENDI. He has been for a second time to Acca some years ago, and took some very interesting notes of what the beloved Abdul Baha said in answer to his questions. Some time ago we gor a copy of those notes, and I am sure you and the friends there would like to see a copy of it. So I have copied it and am sending you enclosed copy. These notes must not be published until we have the permission of Mr. Phelps." Extract from a letter written by S. Rubbani to Capt. Tudor-Pole, Cairo, Egypt. Sent to Mrs. Claudia Coles, Dec. 22, 1918. Received at Washington, D, C,, Jan. 18, 1919.

"Tomorrow the Master is also invited to address the final word of prayer at a public and immense gathering to celebrate the end of the war."

Later: "The text of the prayer le: revealed:

"O Omnipotent God! Verily the pavillion of justice has been raised in the Holy Land extending from East to West. We thank thee and we praise thee for the establishment of this just and equitable sovereignty, and this mighty govermoment which strives for the comfort of its people and the safety of its subjects.

"O Almighty God! Confirm the greatest Emperor, George V. through thy divine confirmation and strengthen him by thy merciful power and perpetuate his protecting shadow upon this noble land. This we ask through thy help and assistance and protection.

"Verily, Thou art The Omnipotent, The Exalted, The Omniscient and The Generous!"

"The Beloved's health is excellent and he reveals these days different tablets to Persia, Europe and America."

WORDS OF ABDUL BAHA.

Every element in the creation of GOD exemplifies the beauty and harmony of living, not for ourselves, but for others. The sun spreads its warmth and light; the clouds send down their showers; the earth gives up her treasures; the trees produce their fruits and the flowcrs their beauty and fragrance, not for themselves, but for others.

The blessings of GOD were bestowed upon us, not for our own selfish gratification, but that we should make use of them for the benefit of others.

It was not given to every star in the heavens to be the first magnitude, but it was given to each star to shine in the position assigned to it, no matter what might be its size or importance.

So, not any one of us can do everything, but every one can do something to cheer, comfort or to encourage some one who is struggling along the pathway of life.

And when the gates of eternity close behind us, if but one of those who went on the other side can thank GOD for even/ a single act or word of ours, we shall not have lived in vain.

These are not to be ever quoted, - possibly the Notes of Kathryn Rogers.

(1900?) Robb B7

"Welcome! You are blessed in making such a world pilgrimage and being allowed to serve in so many countries. Many tourists travel around the world visiting cities and countries, but their tours have no lasting effect and are soon forgotten. The effect of your tour will be sternal. Its effect will be seen during the ensuing centuries!"

Abdul Baha mentioned the great love with which the Persian Bahais had greeted Dr Moody when she arrived in Persia accompanied by Mr Sprague, saying that between Enzeli, on the Caspian Sea, and Teheran there were 10 relay stations, and at 16 of these there were Bahais gathered to greet the travelers.

Abdul Baha then asked about Prof. Barakatullah and the work in Fapar. When told of the labors and service of that believer, He was very pleased, and said that if the people of Japan responded to the teachings, theirs would be a great blessing, productive of the greatest good.

Abdul Baha sent word to the American believers that it is necessary for some of them to go to Japan and there engage in spreading the Cause, saying that great results would be produced if some of the friends were to go to that country, entering into trade or business, and at the same time doing spiritual work.

The greeting of the many friends and messages from the various Assemblies were given to Him and He was pleased. He was very pleased when told of the love, kindness and hospitality of the Bahais in all countries. Abdul Baha spoke of the great work done by the uneducated believers. Thrupurity of heart, many had become so spiritually enlightened that their words had great effect upon the minds and hearts of the learned and wise. Some of them had even written books by dictation.

Abdul Beha asked regarding the hardship of the journey, but was assured that any incident of that nature were forgotten and now were as if they had never existed. He then asked whether the lectures given in various placeshad been prepared or were extemporaneous. When told that they all had been the latter, He said that the teacher should always speak from the heart, for such reaches the hearts of the hearers, and has effect, whereas when one speaks not from the heart, the effect of his words is but a passing one, if any. All teaching should be done by the Spirit working or speaking through the Teacger, and should not come from the mentality of the individual. One should always use spiritual methods of teaching.

In speaking of the spreading the Fragrances of the Kingdom, Abdul Baha said! "In movements there is life, in imobility there is death. The traveling of the teachers from place to place, from Orient to Occident, and from country to country, is one of the greatest means for spreading the Fragrances, and for sowing spiritual seeds in the bould of the people".

In speaking again of Japan, Abdul Baha said: "Blessed results will appear in that land from the Holy Cause there established". (To C.M.P.) "I have sent your written letter from Japan, to Mr MacNutt in New York, that he may exhort some of the American believers to go to Japan, and there serve and teachthe Cause. It is very good for teachers to travel

Rob B7

and sow the seed of the love of God in the hearts of the people. Amarica. Bahais should go to the Oriental countries as teachers".

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At another time Abdul Baha said: "Encourage the Bahais to hasten to India, both men and women teachers. IN India, in particular, women teachers are needed. Delay not! Now is the time to travel there and in Fersia too".

"Later on the results of your journey will be clearly seen. Fraise be to God, now our meeting here in the Land of Desire is open and casy? while in the past it would have been most difficult. Some came long distances and could only see Me from a distance. Now, you must go out and serve. You must no longer stay here".

SOME QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Q. Many of the American believers desire to worship dally in accordance with the teachings. What prayers should they use daily? No instruction has yet been revealed for them, regardingdaily prayer.

A. Later on I will give you instructions.

Q. Was Baha'u'llah of the seed of Jesse?

A. Yes, He was the 9th generation in succession from Jesse, but this was not from the Jesse of the Bible, but another.

Q. What is the command regarding the giving of tithes? Is it 19% of the increase of one's capital, or is it 1/19 of one's income?

A. It should be 1/19 part of one's income. This is a blessing (giving tithes) among mankind money is the greatest thing. This giving will confirm the people. With this money many great works will be done. In Hamadan, in Persia, the believers have not much money. Because of this, at first I did not accept this money, but later I directed it should be used in their town for the school. This giving was a great spiritual confirmation to the Kews. Every one knows how Jews love money.

Q. Is the calendar as revealed by the Bab to be used in this dispensation?

A. Yes, but later on certain modifications will be made.

Q. From what year does the New Dispensation date?

A. 1844 A.D.

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Q. Which day of the week will the Bahais of the future observe as a day of rest?

A. Friday.

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Q. We have been taught that Baha'u'llah was the 7th of a paries of great world Manifestations of this present cycle, Christ being the 6th, Melchisedic the 5th, while the first four were before the compilation of our present world history: that their teachings were applicable to all mankind under all conditions, while upon the other hand the Manifestaticn, such as Zoroaster, Abraham, Moses, Mohammed and the Bab were sont each to a certain people, being teachings which were applicable to those certain conditions only. Is this teaching correct?

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A. Yes, it is correct.

Q. What is the significance of the prophecy - "Blessed is he that liveth and cometh unto the thousand three hundred and five and thirty days (1335) Daniel 12-12.

A. After that date a great disturbance , a terrible (material) calamity is to happen in the world.

Q. Is this to be in the form of war and strife, or will it be as an earthquake, such as have happened in Mesina and elsewhere?

A. Wars and earthquakes, such as you have mentioned, will happeng but these compared with this catastrophe to come, will be as nothing. As in the past whole peoples and civilizations have, through physical changes been obliterated, so that no trace has remained, so it will be when this great change shall take place.

Q. In the Bible there is a prophecy - "And it shall come to pase that in all the land, saith the Lord, two parts therein shall be cut off and die, but the third part shall be left therein". Zechariah 13-8. Doc. this refer to the happenings in question?

A. Yes.

Q. Will this take place soon after the date 1917 (which is the date mentioned 1336 A.H. - after Mohamed - or 1017 A.D.) cr will it happen in the very distant future?

A. It is not so very soon after, nor again is it in the so very distant future.

In subsequent conversations, during which questions were being asked and enswered, Abdul Baha said that Baha'u'llah was not a descendant from the prophet Zoroaster.

That it would be well for the western friends to interest themselves in commercial industrial matters with the people of Persia, for Pursia needs connection with the west.

That the anniversary of the martyrdom of the Bab should be observed by the friends, with solemnity.

That the anniversary of the passing of Baha'u'llah should be obserbed in like manner, and that in the night m meeting of prayer should be held.

That in serving together the believers should always avoid those matters upon which they cannot agree. The believers should serve together the man and women working together.

In meeting of consultation the majority should rule, but it is far preferable that there should be such unity that there be no minority that all should be of one mind.

The above answers to prepared questions were written up shortly after the interview with Abdul Baha from notes taken at the time. C.M.R.

Extract from a letter of Mr Remey"s

"I think it best for these notes not to be printed at any time in the near future, yet there is every reason why the friends should have access to them in a manuscript form".

سينتع أسار

Letter from one of Abdul Baha's daughters, Tooba Khanum, to Miss May Bolles (now Mrs. Maxwell).

To the "Spiritual Mother" of the Children of God in Paris,

To the "Sparkling Dew" descending upon the Garden of the Hearts, budding and blossoming under the warmth of God's Love,

To the devoted servant of Abdul Baha, the enlightened and attracted. "Leaf", Miss May Bolles (Upon her is the Glory of God!).

My dearly loved spiritual sister!

I take my pen to write you, after so long a time, a reply to the most beautiful letter you sent me some months ago, and which should have received my attention ere this. But in these great days the passing of the weeks and months become as a moment of time, and, swept along by the Mighty and Wonderful Current emanating from the Sacred and Holy Presence of our Lord (rouhi fedah), we almost forget that we are existing upon this earth, to say nothing of those who are absent from our physical eyes for in our hearts and minds you are ever present, and through the Power of the Spirit we are ever conversing with you, for you, thanks be to the Mercy of God, have been lifted above the world of matter and its limitations and, by the strong wings of God's abundant blessings, are soaring in the blue heavens of His Nearness, basking in the Sunshine of His Glcry, and resting in the soft twilight of His Good Pleasure, for, inasmuch as your Lord is pleased with you, God is pleased with you!

We have heard from Lua (Mrs. Getsinger) about your work and the harmonious state of the believers in Paris, and also from Mirza Abul Fazl. This is indeed good news for us and we rejoice thereat exceedingly! This is true service unto God and faithfulness unto your Lord!

For God manifested Himself upon the earth in this glorious century for the sake of establishing peace and harmony among the hearts of all peoples, and for the purpose of uniting them together under the Pure white Flag of His Love, that they might forsake the word "nations" and become one nation, one people, one kind, all loving one another as children of one Father (God) should. What a great blessing God has caused to descend upon you, that He has chosen you and selected you to be the "instrument of union" among His people, and has confirmed you to do and accomplish His Will and His Wish, and has enabled you to cull the ripe fruit in the summer time of His harvest!

You must realize this Most Merciful Favor on the part of your Lord, for unto the discerning this is an evident sign that to you has been proffered the "Golden Chalice" containing the Choice Wine of His Bounty, one drop of which the prophets and saints in past ages would have given their lives and souls to have tasted!

O dear spiritual sister, indeed we rejoice at your success, and we constantly pray God to strengthen you and to enable you to be more successful until you reach that state of spiritual perfection whereby all who look upon your face will be so attracted by the Beauty of the Holy Spirit therein reflected, that you will teach them the Truth without uttering an audible word, but, by the Breath of Might and the Lavisible and Trresistible Power of the Spirit. you will convey unto their hungry hearts the Knowledge of their God and the exalted Covenant of His Manifested Will and Holy Temple; from which the Lightning of His Commands proceedeth, and the Thunder of His word is heard, reverberating throughout the remotest corners of His earth!

Yet, oh dear sister, how few have seen the lurid Light of Its flash, and how few have heard the echoes of its startling roar, yea, though the earth hath trembled and the Old Heaven (keligions) have rolled together as a scroll, while the people are sleeping upon their beds of idleness and neglect, waiting for a greater sign!

Their eyes are blinded by the dust of the world, and their ears are deaf from its many confused noises, but, thank God, you can both see and hear, for you have washed your eyes in the clear water flowing from the Fountain of His Knowledge, and your ears have become diverted from the world's din, and attentively turned towara the "Branch" from whose leafy Center is heard the soft and harmonious cooing of the Dove of Holiness, and the sweet song of the Nightingale of Feace!

Be happy! Be happy, dear sister of my heart, and fear not to speak in praise of your Lord; fear not to step boldly in His Vineyard. and, taking in hand the pruning knife of His Power, His Might, and His Strength, cut away the weeds of ignorance and the thorns of supersticion which are choking and hindering the true growth of His Vines! Let no thoughts of weakness, failure or inability stay your hand, but, turning your face unto the Horizon of His Perfect Appearance, lifting your eyes unto the Heavens of His Chosen Covenant, adorning your tongue by the Power of His Mighty Name, and making rigid your arm, by the stability of His Unbending Strength, lay waste to every growth whose roots spring not from the Rich and Fertile Soil of the Covenant of God, and whose curling tendrils seek not to entwine themselves around the "Greatest Branch" of the "Tree of Life !!" Exhort your dearly loved children to do likewise · : · : flying and be in haste, for these Great Days are swiftly . away and soon they will pass, leaving the future bereft of the Effulgence radiating from the Present-Glory of the Midday Sun. What great privileges and opportunities you have to spread and exalt the Cause of God, while we, though our hearts are burning from the desire to serve Him and promulgate His Truth, are confined to exile and prison!

Day by day we are tortured by seeing the Lord of the earth surrounded by trials and difficulties and sorrows, the greatness of which the pen cannot portray, and no human being could for one hour endure, and yet we are virtually helpless, for the only thing which can render asnistance unto Him (rouhi fedah) is the union of the hearts of His people, the binding together of the nations, the universal spreading of the knowledge of this Greatest and Most Glorious Manifestation, and the acceptance of His Covenant which He has made to endure forever and ever; though this generation may reject and deny, those who come in the future will praise God for His Mercy, and wonder that the people of these days were sleeping while the rain of His Bounty was descending in torrents upon them.

We always pray for you at the Holy Tomb and we humbly supplicate our Merciful Lord in your behalf. My Holy Aunt, my Mother and sisters send you their love and many kind remembrances.

Hoping to hear from you soon, I am your spiritual sister, Tooba khanum. (Rouhi fedah gmeans, May my soul be a sacrifice for Him!) A Story told by Tooba Khanoun: An incident in the Hone Life of the Holy Family.

Tooba Khanoum told us an interesting incident relating to Mademoiselle Letitia, who lives in the home and teaches the children French.

During the visit of a French believer 'Abdu'l-Baha called upon Mademoiselle to interpret for Him, as the pilgrim was very eager for instruction and there was no one else who could speak his language.

Mademoiselle, being a Cabholic, and knowing nothing of the Baha'i teaching, became very much embarassed over her task, which quibe arused 'Abdu'l-Baha.

Some days later she evidently confessed to the nuns in the convent, who keep strict watch over her, and for several days she looked very stern and forbidding.

Finally 'Abdu'l-Baha called her to him and said: "Letitia, tell the good muns that they need have no fear. I asked you to interpret for me because there was no one else to speak French, not because I desired to teach you. We have so many Baha'is who come here begging with all their hearts and all their love for instruction, that only to them do we give our precious teachings. You would have to beg and beg and beg before I would give it to you, and even then I might not do so; for it is not so cheap as to be bestowed where it is not wanted.

"Stay in the home if you like, or go if you are not happy here. We are glad to have you if you care to stay, but free your heart of all fear that we will try to make a Baha'i of you."

Nademoiselle is very sweet and they all love her. Her parents live at Haifa and "Abdu"l-Baha has been wonderfully kind to them; they are very poor. She is always happy here, but of course she does not know why.

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Rosenberg Holes- See Vol. I- Holis.

RESURRNCTION.

Jesus Christ had two bodies - one spiritual and one material. The material body is of no importance. It changes and changes always. An o old person's body is not the same as that of the same individual when young .

The visible world does nothing but change, and change leads to annihilation.

We must he sure that when the soul of man leaves his body. It never returns to that body wrain.

In the Gospel regord, when Jesus Christ was grucified, and ascended Mary Magdalon and the other disciples had fallon into such a state of excitement and agitation, that during three days the Cause of God was annihilated for them. After three days, their sgitation having abated, they realized that the Cause of Jesus Christ and His feaching was everlasting in the world. The disciples would not at first write to the other believers openly that Jesus was crucified, till Mary Magdalene told them what did it matter. His Soul was with us. When Jesus was crucified. some said "His Religion is annihilated and gone." Mary Magdelene said "Metter is gone and flesh - but the Soul of the Religion is forever." Thomas was a feeble character who believed the Gauge was lost. After a little time, he saw that though Jesus was killed, the Cause of God still. continued and then he realized and believed.

After the death of the Blossed Perfection one day the chief Mohammedan priest of Acca came to our Lord, and said he had seen the door of his room open and the Blessed Perfection came into his room. This was the Truth and cause of the Blessed Perfection which manifested itself and its continuance to him in this way.

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Miss Rosenberg's Notes taken at the Holy Household. Explanation of St. John, Chapter 8, verses 1-11:

This story needs no explanation - meaning plainly under-

Verse 11: "Neither do I condemn thee, go and sin no more." This shows that we should never look upon the faults of others but only consider our own faults. Then the Master ("Abdu"- Baha) told the following story or parable:

A man once, as he was walking, saw a wonderful sight. In a certain place there were three men. The first of these was blind, but he could see things that were very distant. The second was deaf to all near sounds but he could hear things that were very far off. The third was naked but he held in his hands very carefully a long hem of a garment. The man asked the teacher the meaning of this standard sight.

The interpretation of it was this: These three men represent humanity. The first, who could only see at a distance but was blind to all that was near him, means that people can generally see very clearly the faults and shortcomings of other natures and of those who are far from them, but their own faults are too near to be perceived.

The second man was able to hear of the deaths of others but his own death was too near him to be heard. The third one, who was quite bare, shows that in this state man comes into this world and in this state it is quite certain he must leave it and though he knows this very well, yet he spends his whole time in carefully preserving the hem of a garment from being soiled.

Verses 12-20:

There is a great difference between God and all creatures. All the creation is in darkness but God is the Light. Jesus says, "I am the Light of the world; he that followeth me shall not walk in darkness but shall have the Light of Life." The Light here spoken of means the Light of His Perfections - justice, mercy, goodness, love, holiness, truth, unworldliness, righteousness, purity, etc. He that followeth Me" that is, he that does as I do and is characterized with these attributes then he is not in the darkness.

Verse 13: But Jesus enswers, Ye judge after the flesh (that is, ye can only judge Me bodily - ye are not able to judge Me spiritually, ye are not capable of so doing).

Verses 13-16: And yet if I judge my judgment is true. We have seen before that He said to the woman, "Neither do I condemn thee," thus refusing to judge her. Then he continues, "I am not alone but I and the Father that sent Me." That is, the Light of the Father is in Him.

Robb B7

Verse 19:

"Ye neither know me nor my Father: if ye had known He ye would have known my Father also." Whilst Jesus was in the world He was the Light of it, and no one could receive Light except through Him.

Verse 23:

Ye are from beneath, that is, from the material world. I am from above, - that is, the spiritual world.

Verse 25: "Even the same that I said unto you from the beginning,"that is, The Son of the Father.

Verses 30-31: "If ye continue in my words then are ye my disciples indeed." The Master said there are three kinds of belief. (1) To confess with the lips only; (2) To confess with the mouth and believe with the heart in sincerity but not to do according to our belief; (3) To confess and truly believe and also to live as the disciples and followers of Christ.

Verses 45-44: There are two kinds of relationships spiritual and earthly. "Ye wan not hear my word," i. e., ye have not the spiritual ears to hear with. "Ye are of your father the devil," i. e., ye have the same evil qualities as a spiritual murderer. Cannan was not the spiritual son of Adam - only his earthly son.

Verse 55: Your father Abraham saw my day spiritually and was glad.

Chapter 10, Verses 1-5: The shepherd is Christ, the true believers are the sheep; the sheepfold is Christ's religion. They that hear my voice, that is, they that recognize my divine Call, and acknowledge it and follow me, are of the 'Chosen' amongst the many called. During the time of Jesus He was the only door into the true religion of God, and those who rejected Him, and endeavoured to climb up some other way were only thieves and robbers.

Jesus said to the people, "I have done nothing but kindnesses and good deeds to you. When have I ever done you harm? I have loved you all, and all that I have wished for is your good, and to benefit you. For which of these good works that I have done, do you stone me?" And our Lord said we might see the same thing in the days of The Bab. All the people witnessed of him that he was the best man they knew and that from the time of his baby-hood he had done nothing but good deeds. So also in the days of the Blessed Perfection - all the people in Teheran were witnessing of His good deeds and perfections, and he was called the 'Father of the poor, "in Teheran.

The Jews answered that it was not for these good works of Jesus that they wished to stone Him - for they quite acknowledged His good actions, but it was because of His blasphemy in saying He was the son of God.

Then Jesus replied that it is said in the Bible to the Holy Prophet of God that they are Gods. And in order to explain this saying the Master gave the illustration of the Sun and the mirrors. If you placed a row of perfectly clear mirrors out of doors when the sum rose, the sun would be reflected in each of them, and that the sun might say with truth to these mirrors, "Ye are suns." In this same sense, it is said of the great prophets of God, "Ye are Gods," because they reflect the qualities and characteristics of God. Jesus said to these Jews, how was it they did not wonder at this far stronger expression, "Ye are Gods" being used to the prophets? But when He only said He was the son of God, they wished to stone Him.

Chapter 12, verses 1-8: Judas Iscariot was the chief among the disciples; their leader. Yet when this test (verse6) came to him, he fell. The higher our station is, and the nearer we are to God, the more severe do our tests become: and when we have received great blessings, we are apt to become self-confident, and think that we are secure from falling - and then is our danger great. The Master said this story (of Mary and the cintment) had a deep spiritual significance.

The bottle which contained the (cintment) perfumed cil, represents the heart of Mary - the cintment is the love of God which filled her heart, and all this love she poured forth at the feet of Jesus. Then Judas said, why did she lavish all this love upon Jesus, who did not need it so much as the poor - why did she not pour out some of this love and care upon them? Then Jesus said that she did well to give Him all her love, that is what we ought to do. We must give all our heart's love to God; then, for His sake, and through our love for Him, we shall love all others. By the poor in this spiritual sense, is meant those who needed love. The Blessed Perfection said, "The poor are my charge to you:" therefore we must always cherish the poor for His sake.

Verses 14-16: The Master said that the disciples of Jesus did not at first, believe in Him, because of signs and prophesies. They did not even remember or understand them until after His death. They believed in Jesus because of Himself because of His character, and the light that came from Him, and also because of the light of their own inspiration within themselves.

To take an illustration of this, the sun. We do not believe in the existence of the sun because of the shadows cast by its light, or because of the effects it produces in making the grass but we believe in the sun because we see it shining in grow: We know that the sun exists by looking at it, not the heavens. merely by its effects and the results it produces. So if you know that a man is every clever and excellent carpenter, it is not needful for you to see all the things that he has made, in order to believe that he can do them; but you believe he can do these things because you know the man and his skill, and that he has the ability to make them. So we must always believe in a prophet of God, in and for himself; and we must not search for proofs and prophecies in order to enable us to believe in him. It is said that the disciples understood these things after Jesus was glorified.

Why is this expression "glorified" used of Jesus' crucif ixion? 'Abdu'l-Baha then explained that in the eyes of the people of the world, that is, of ordinary human beings, to be killed or crucified was the most terrible thing that could possib bly befall them. But it is not so for believers, it is the most glorious privilege that can happen to them. So with all the troubles and miseries of humanity - such as hunger, nakedness, These for ordinary people are really troubles, but poverty. etc. when they come to believers, they are for them a bounty of God and a privilege. "Blessed are the poor in spirit, for theirs is the Kingdom of God." We see that the disciples, who were poor, ignorant men are remembered and revered by all the world to this day. But how many kings and potentates of the earth have come and vanished, even as if they had never existed. Their names even are forgotten, and they have produced no effect or result in the world.

Verse 23-26: The Master esplained more fully the meaning of Ohrist being 'glorified' by His death. He said the Bless ed Perfection, in the Book of Ighan, in explaining the meaning of the statement about Christ coming in heaven and riding on the clouds, says that one meaning of the expression 'cloud', is the body of the prophet. Why is it that sometimes we cannot see the sum in the sky? It is because it is veiled from us by thick clouds: and in this sense, the body, the laman nature of a prophet is a cloud, preventing the people from seeing His glorious light. For they argue that the prophet is a max, such as they themselves are, requiring food, rest and sleep, and is also liable to ordinary human accidents and diseases. How can this human man, represent the light of God, or be a manifestation of God? But when the prophet has gone from earth, that is, has died, or been killed, then the vell or cloud is removed, and the people see plainly the light of His teachings, and the sun that was within Him.

A seed, a grain of corn, if it were not planted in the earth, and buried from our sight, remained always alone and onebut if the seed is planted, buried and Madden from sight, then it brings forth much fruit- many hundreds of seeds like itself. And so, when the prophet is killed or crucified, his religion and his teachings begin to grow and spread - and to 'bring forth much fruit.'

Verses 26-51: The Master said that if any one would be the servant of Jesus, he must follow Him, as a servant does; and so he would always be in the same place where Jesus was, just as a servant is always with his master. When the two thieves were crucified with Jesus, one was in this condition of service, and when he begged Jesus that he might be with Him, Jesus Christ answered, 'Today thou shalt be with me in Paradise,' that is, in the same place with me.

"Now is my soul troubled," in this passage 'soul' means the personality, the human nature, or body of Christ - not His ppirit which was perfectly happy. The body of Jesus was perfect -His perfect and obelient servant, naturally was sorry and grieved that this great spirit would leave it - though this body was in entire subjection and obedience.

"Father save me from this hour," means Kill me, crucify no quickly - that I may be with Thee, and leave this earthly condition of being troubled. "For this cause came I unto this hour." That is, for this reason I came into the world that I may be crucified, and so make Thy name glorious, 1. e., renowned and known throughout all the world.

"Father glorify Thy name," that is, crucify Jesus Ohrist who is Thy name - who represents and is God on this earth.

"Then cane there a voice from heaven,""1. So, not from the atmospheric heaven, but from the high and heavenly condition and state of Jesus - so that it was actually heard by all the people. "I have both glorified it," means Now I an being crucified, and "will glorify it again," means that I will also glorify it in the disciples, meaning they will be martyred and crucified to make My mane glorious. "His voice came not because of me, b ut for your sake," means that this voice came to tell you that you will also be glorified as I am. EXCERPTS FROM LETTERS FROM ELLA Rice-Wray - Ft. Wayne re Lydia Schott's visit to see the Guardian

Kelsey B7F2-

You climb 226 steps to the Shrine of the Baband 'Abdu'l-Baha. So many steps wherever you go over therd. Shoghi Effendi said to her "You will serve the Cause beyond the shores of your own country...She was greatly honored. Don't think she is not telling us wonderful things. Some of them so startling that one wonders if one's memory is playing tricks. One day Shoghi Effendi was talking when all of a sudden Ruhiyyih Khanum burst into tears and rushed from the room. They all rise when He or she rises, or when they enter a room. When she returned he said: "Would not have said it had I known it would make you weep. She replied: "But, Shoghi Effendi, you are coming out so fast with things. He told them over and over that unless we quickly solve the race question here our streets will run with blood. Also the great catastrophe is near and will be worse than either of the world wars, that America will suffer greatly. They will burn our cities. Persia, America and I think the Holy Land will suffer the most. We are not to think of it, tho, but concentrate on the ten year plan.

She took typhus and small pox shots. Two nylon dresses and 2 flannelette nightgowns - they told her to take a wool one. You need a money belt. Raincoat and umbrella. Indications are that there will be a great falling away from the Faith. Not deep enough...but many coming in. Nothing matters. They say there is always an auro around the Guardian. In parting he said "Now you have been in Paradise. Take it to the others." They are allowed to see many things there in the making - plans - maps but are not allowed to tell them or talk of them until he announces them. He said to her "When you come back you will see how much more beautiful we have made things." This she construes as a promise. Abdu'l-Baha said something of the kind to Thornton Chase but their next meeting was in the heavenly Kingdom. I did not say so to her. Dorothy Baker is in Haifa. Following is copy of letter received from her while in Haifa....

"I thought you would like a letter written in the Mansion. The guide has just finished taking us through. I don't know whether I will sleep at all or not. Am very tired. We visited Baha'u'llah's Shrine twice today. The last time we all went together -Ruhiyyih Khanum, LeRoy & Sylvia Ioas, Jessie and Ethel Revel and we three. We visited the room of Baha'u'llah where He met Professor Brown and also passed on from this life in that I held His slippers in my hands, saw His winter and symmer costs room. and the coat of the Most Pure Branch. The Guardian has the Mansion all repainted and it is a big museum. The Guardian is wonderful, magnificent. Words cannot describe Him. He is very short. We were told today that Baha'u'llah was the same size as Shoghi Effendi. Their hands are the same, just beautiful hands. His eyes gleam like diamonds. Dr Lotfullah said they are like Baha'u'llah's. We were four times to the Shrine of the Bab and Badu'l-Baha. Tomorrow we go to the Most Great Prison, Maysix-Ridvan, a big day. We are going to get up tomorrow morning and go into the Shrine of Baha'u'llah for the Dawn Prayers. Wednesday Adah and I will go to Jerusalem and I have an appointment with the New President's wife at 4:30 PM. Then we stay at Hotel Eden and come back to Haifa on Thursday. The Revell Sisters met us and told us that the Guardian said "These Pilgrims will stay 13 days." We could hardly believe it. We were going to go to the hotel for the last four days. Our boat sails Dec.31st. We want to sail for home Jan. 15th from Cherbourg(Fr) Should be in New York Jan. 20th - Hope you are well and warm, Lovingly, Lydia. PS: The care-taker has to sleep nights in the Shrine of Baha'u'llah, as it is watched day and night, and there is a watchman guarding the grounds

all night. They are making the beautiful gardens here. In a building connecting to the Mansion are covenant breakers living. And we are locked in here. Mason Remey and Ethel Revell with us....

They climb 120 odd steps to Shrine of the Bab-Abdu'l-Baha...can take taxi. Ruhiyyih Khanum precedes them to the dining room and assigns to each a place. Mrs. S to the left of the Guardian, Adah and Francis Jones opposite her. The Revell girls sit at the foot of the table and take notes and you are given a copy. Ruhiyyih Khanum is very beautiful. She wears a white scarf across the top of her head and down on one shoulder, draped. She is very lovely and gracious. They saw the Acropolis and expect to do a bit more touring on their way home. Met a chinese couple on the boat, they have been away from China since communism took over and long to go home but must continue to wander from country to country. They liked the Faith. While there you are Shoghi Effendi's guest - no expense.

On the boat she met the new President of Israel which resulted in her having an appointment with his wife in Jerusalem. When she arrived in Haifa and related her experience, one of the Revel girls immediately assisted her to draft a letter to the President's wife asking for an interview and "projto" there was a telephone response giving the invitation.

Pearl Easterbrook gave a wonderful pattern for asking for things which Shoghi Effendi gave her: "Place your hands out-stretched (sit or stand) palm upward, cupped, say the Greatest Name 9, 19 or 95 times. Then say: God sufficith all things all things above all things and nothing in the heavens or in the earth but God sufficient. Verily, he is inHimself the Knower, the Sustainer the Omnipotent....." Follow with the Greatest Name to indicate termination. Can be said together, silently or alone.

We may use the patterns - they work but they do not become universal.

They gave a public meeting in Indianapolis - Harris showed pictures taken on their trip - people came and came - asked where do I get a ticket, where do I pay, contribution? None, just enjoy. 250 came - they finally closed the doors.

Elsie Austin begged them not to send Ebony to Africa - called it a yellow sheet. Finally a letter came from the Collisons asking for copies - said theirs was worn out from use.

When things were at their blackest Shoghi Effendi and Ruhiyyih Khanum standing seemingly, entirely alone and deserted - one day a shining new Buick Sedan - a gift drove up - and shortly a town car. It helps. Now also think of the powerful Americans and Persians who are living there with Him, the deluge of pilgrims - makes them set up and take notice. The following excerpts from the Words of Abdul Baha I copied from the Note Book of Mrs. Corrine True of Chicago. Mhey were gathered by her for her personal help, so there are in many instances no special identification attached to them. M.M.R.

BSearch for Knowledge after reaching the Known is culpable."

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Although the Bab never saw Baha'o'llah in person yet regarding Him, he wrote:

"Though the ocean of woe rageth on every side, and the bolts of fate follow in quick succession, and the darkness-tes of griefs and afflictions invade the soul and body, yet is my heart brightened by the remembrances of Thy countenances and my soul is a rosegarden from the perfume of Thy nature."

In "Some Answered Questions", Abdul Baha says:

"But the human spirit, unless assisted by the spirit of faith, does not become **acquainted** with the Divine Secrets and the heavenly realities. It is like a mirror, which although clear, pulished, and brilliant, is still in need of light. Until a ray of the sun reflects upon it, it cannot discover the Heavenly Secrets."

Mrs. Agnes P. Parsons of Washington, D. C. writes the following:

"When I was at Haifa last winter (1910) I asked Abdul Baha if it was not of great importance to help in the sending of spiritual people to Syria to be taught by Him - and His reply was that it was of utmost importance for the Temple to be built."

Abdul Baha says:

"To be engaged in diffusing the Fragrances of God (teaching the Truth) in one hour of time, is better than the dominion of the world and all therein; for the latter is mortal and temporary, while the former is prmanent and endless."

"What are the 72 degrees of insanity spoken of by Baha'o'llah?"

"One is to forfeit possessions, to forfeit estates. One is to forego name, honor, fame. One is to forsake relatives, station, Et Cetera, et cetera, et cetera, (eneded Abdul Baha, laughing. Each one of these is a distinct insanity."

In a Tablet to Madame Bethlen, Abdul Baha says:

"The Temple is the most great foundation of the world of humanity and it has many branches. Although the Temple is the place of worship, with it is connected hospital, pharmacy, pilgrim's house, school for the orphans, and university for the study of high sciences. Every Temple is connected with these five things. I hope that now in America they will build a Temple and gradually add to it the hospital, university, pharmacy and pilgrim's house with the utmost efficiency and thoroughness. You must make the believers understand

Rath 67

these details, so that they may realize how important the Temple is. The Temple is not only a place for worship; nay, it is perfect in every way."

t thou who hast been attracted by the Magnet of the Kingdom!

Note that hty Lord has manifested the Magnet of the souls and hearts in the Pole of the existing world, to which all the sacred hearts are attracted from the far distant lands and countries.

The iron body is attractable although at long distances away; but the earthler one is not, although in contact and very close. Therefore thank thou God for being an attractable body to be attracted to the Magnet of the Kingdom of God.

El Baha is upon you.

(1839) (Signed) Abdul Baha Abbas.

"The Sun is ever the same, but the place where the Sun has appeared has changed. Then, at Christ's time, it appeared in the sign of Acquaries, but now it has manifested itself from the sign of Cancer. These signs are just for an illustration. The sun is the same sum no matter from what sign it may manifest itself of from what spot it may arise. Thou must look at the Sun: do not become veiled by the places from which the Sun appears."

"A real son is such an one that has branched from the spiritual part of a man."

"Be a son that has been born of his soul and heart and not only of the water and clay."

Abdul Baha says:

"Look upon all things with a spiritual eye in this age new age and this Thy Wonderful Kingdom."

An instruction from Abdul Baha to a pilgrim at Haifa, Feb. 19, 1910.

"If nay one comes to you and endeavors to belittle the station of another in your presence or speaks in any terms against another, you must not listen; nay, rather, excuse yourself by saying that you are a Bahai and that you cannot hear anything but the praise of your brother.

Extract from a letter to Miss. Masson dated Egypt(Cairo) Harch 25, 1911.

"In regard to your question about using Kheirella[‡] translation-Abdul Baha says that the believers should use nothing that Kheirella has translated as all are wrong. If there is any prayer in the little book which he has translated they must be taken out. Please tell this to the other friends."

Abdul Baha's Instruction to a Maidservant regarding her attitude

to her husband:

(To H. C. W.)

"You must do a little better. The better you do, the better it is. The wife must endure the husband and she must hold to every means to please the husband. The anxieties of a man are great and woman must sympathize; she must endure conditions."

From a Talk given by Abdul Baha:

"The Tablets of Baha'o'llah are many; the precepts and teachin ings they contain are universal, covering every subject. He has revealed scientific explanations ranging throughout all the realms of human inquiry - astronomy, biology, medicine, etc. In Kitab-el-Ighan He has given expositions of the meanings of the Gospel and other Heavenly Books. He wrote lengthy Tablets upon Civilization, Sociology, and Government. Every subject is considered. They are matchless in beauty and profundity."

Abdul Baha says:

"Socialism is one of the leaves on the Tree of Life." Then He called this soul(to whom He was talking) to come into the shade of the Tree of Life that he might partake of all its fruits. Concerning people who are trying to settle economic conditions, He says such people are doing work of true religion. Then He went on to say that a new order of things must come but it must have a solid foundation and that no foundation was solid save religion which was the Love of God. When this unshakable basis of the Love of God was established in the world then inevitably would the structure of a new social justice rise, and a new individual love and justice.

Abdul Baha said: "Extreme wealth or utter poverty should be equal to the believers."

Ahmad Sohrab writes: "Abdul Baha said to a believer from India, Nawabzah Mohamet Yousoff:

'As long as these antiquated social customs and religious ceremonies hold sway in India, complete progress will not be obtained. This age is the age of light. This century is the radiant century. This cycle is the cycle of love. This period is the period of sciences. This epoch is the epoch of universal civilization. How long have we endured these blighting superstitions, these barren theological hair-splitting useless discussions! We must abandon entirely these things, we must free ourselves from these intolerable burdens, we must shake off this atrophy and lethargy, we must come into full possession of all our God-given powers, we must soar towards the infinite altitude of Divine Beauty. We must discard these fantastic traditions which have been handed down to us as precious heirlooms from ancestors and forefathers. Let us sing the Song of Unity and the anthem of the human solidarity. His Holiness Baha'o' llah has unified various religions and sects and illumined the sphere of the heart. In the realization of this spiritual work He was reinforced by the Divine Power. It is only with the assistance of the Divine Power that we shall succeed to unify mankind. No other power on earth is mighty enough to render this universal service. We must get hold of this Power. We must embrace a Cause which

creates love and amity in the hearts and not hatred and prejudice. There are today many people in the world who hate each other heartily, but outwardly they express love and friendship. We must do something, so that real love may be born in the hearts and strangeness be removed.""

From"Ten Days in the Light of Acca,"an account of a Visit to M Abdul Baha.

"Soul is the human will to live temporarily.

Spirit is the Divine Eill to live forever.

Salvation is the quickening of south into Spirit."

"Will the money of the rich ever be divided among the people without revolution or bloodshed?

"Will some men amass great fortunes in the fortune while others remain poor?

"Will the law prevent this condition of affairs?"

Answer: "It will not be possible in the future for men to amass great fortunes, by the labor of others. The rich will willingly divide. They will come to this gradually, naturally, by their own volition. It will never be accomplished by war and bloodshed. The ruling power or government cannot treat the rich unjustly. To force them to divide their wealth would be unjust. In the future, proportionately about three families quarters of the profits will go to the workmen and one quarter to the owner. This condition will prevail in about one century. It will certainly come to pass."

What will be the food of the future? Answer: Fruit and grains. The time will come when meat will no longer be eaten. Medical skin science is only in its infancy, yet it has shown that our natural diet is that which grows out of the ground. The people will gradually develop up to the condition of this natural food."

"Faith is not so much what we believe as what we carry out."

"What is true greatness in man? Answer: "His spiritual attributes. No one can destroy his spiritual qualities. They are from God."

Abdul Baha says: Sow the seeds of love in the heart and not the seeds of hatred. The reflection in the glass proves whether we are laughing of frowning. By our actions we reveal what is growing in the heart. Actions **REVERX** are mirrors of the soul."

"We should not be occupied with our failings and weakness but concern ourselves about the Will of God, so that It may flow through us, thereby healing these human infirmities."

Abdul Baha says:

"Moral life consists in the government of one's self.

"Immortality is government of a human soul by the Divine Will. "The soul is the Sanctuary of God: Reason is His Throne.

"Our actions reveal what we are, no matter what the tongue speaks."

"Firmness and Love make Unity."

FROM MRS. TRUE'S NOTES.

Shoghi Effendi says "The Bahai is a person who is attracted to the principles of the Cause, but a believer is one not only attracted to the Principle but knows the Station of the founders and source of these teachings and who turns to the Source for his strength and is detached from the world and attracted from the world to the Cause.

Try from among those who are attracted, to make new believers for the work of promulgating the Cause falls on the believers. They are the ones who are spreading this Cause. It is necessary to make believers for the Cause will never be established if we make only Bahais. It is necessary to make believers of those pure souls who are attracted and who will give all their time to the Cause, and then the Cause will rest on the shoulders of those people. If they are only attracted, they will not serve or put their hands in their pockets, and the Cause will never become an established Cause.

INSTITUTE ON THE COVENANT May 24-25-1950

This is a word picture of the Guardian given by Dr. Katherine True at the Institute on the Covenant held May 24th and 25th at the WMCA in Kansas City, Mo.

No one could describe the Guardian. To each one he is something - different. A man who had seventeen interviews with him in two days wrote :(after his first interview) "He is short." And after his last interview: "He is a giant !!..

His eyes are penetrating, hazel; His features are fine. His movements quick. He walks in a straight line. No one can remain long in his presence. He scares me to death.

It was lovely to see my mother with him. Her manner with him is informal and maternal. Once while walking with him she expressed concern that he did not get more exercise. "(Abdu'l-Baha walked every day "she told him. He turned to her and said sternly: "I have a very strong constitution. I only run a fever when there is inharmony among the Baha'is."

He takes a glass of orange juice in the morning and works hard all day. Then he has a hearty dinner. You can see the life force flow back into him. After dinner he speaks - it pours forth I was so overcome that for fifteen minutes I heard nothing.

In the evening he came in to be without a while. Asked what we had been doing. Told some things of interest. And when he went he went suddenly.

They saw him reading a report from Martha Root. She sent long ones . He walked up and down as he read it and said: "This woman delights me." His smile is warm, radiant.

We are not to speculate about his private life. With regard to questions or problems: he goes straight to the heart of the matter. He speaks seven languages - Amapic, Persian Turkish and he speaks French fluently.

The shock of 'Abdu'l-Baha's death was terrible to him, but when the will was read and he know he was to be the Guardian that was worse. He was crucified. He had to give up all of his plans and adapt himself to his new role. He had thought of translating. The greatest Holy leaf was his support. He was so alone. There was no one of his spiritual stature. The death of the Greatest Holy Leaf was a terrible shock to him. He spent so much time with her that his mother used to stand at the foot of the stairs all day to get a glimpse of him.

His speech is English in style; his vocabulary wonderful. I spoke of my associates in my profession - about the immaculate conception. They would not accept that, I said. He leaned forward and said "Let the scientists catch up with these scientific things."

He was in England a while when writing "God Passes By." I do not know if he was ever in America. He has not been here formally.

Kelvey B7 F2

He is so true to Administration - he has a Translation Committee and he is on the Committee. (He attends to all international work alone. Hands of the Cause will be appointed after the Universal House of Justice is elected. Some have been appointed posthumously.)

When someone spoke of there being only men on the International House of Justice, he said with his wonderful smile: "The Guardian appoints the Hands of the Cause, and who knows, they may all be woment."

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He is the Center of the Covenant in the world today. To destroy the administration or disobey it is to break the Covenant.

We are not worthy to have him come here yet!

-2-

F llowing are some notes taken from the discourse given by Mr. Ben Weeden who had recently returned from a 5 year sojourn with the Guardian (Mrs. Weeden also spoke and I may have time to transcribe some of her remarks, too. They have both been through K.C. recently and gave us one evening for Baha'is and a public meeting showing slides of Mt.Carmel and Haifa and Acca. It was heavenly, simply out of this world) 41

Kelsey B7F2-

When they came on the platform everyone arose. And he said with great humility "You are very kind."

"Any Baha'i who receives a call to go to the International Center has a bounty beyond limit - he is going to live a true Baha'i life and put it before anything else - I am tempted to say, his family. He is going to work with our Beloved Guardian. (Here he enlarged upon the scope) and the responsibility of being a Baha'i. There is one thing we are inclined at times not to think about, and that is, the great burdens that our Guardian, Shoghi Effendi, does bear upon his shoulders. And that burden is the fact that everything he does, every act her performs, every directive he sends to the Baha'i world, he is responsible to all humanity for its results. In other words, our Beloved Guardian carries upon his shoulders a responsibility to all the world, not only for now, but for generations and ages to come.

The station of Guardianship is something new in Revelation. It is so new for the people to try to understand. There has never been a Revelation that has stated "A Guardian has been appointed who is God-guided." And there is no question about it. Many times directives have been sent out to the Baha'i world when the people have thought this is not the time. Things have been given at very difficult times one is the building of the Shrine of the Bab. The great steps forward have always been taken at a difficult time.

When we speak of our Guardian we are speaking of the greatest man in the world today. I have no doubt there is any man in the world today who could carry his burdens physically and mentally...his work and responsibility. But any Baha'i going to work at the International Center does see these things...Hard to conceive here in America...To think internationally and not locally...when you see the great activities of the Baha'i Faith and when you see the problems you will be amazed how small your local problems are...cut down to size. Our Guardian makes a list of the great tasks he wishes to perform, getting the petty details out of the way as soon as possible. It might be well if we follow our Guardian's example to get our small details out of the way, to clear our thinking on the big details.

I believe our Guardian, while he has great admiration and love for the Baha'is of the United States, is worried about our home front, that unity, the remedy for it...is all in the Writings; we do not feel we have the time to go into the Writings and find the remedy.

He had three suggestions. He said "Two of them I believe to be easy. (1) To respect the Baha'i Institutions, to respect and understand the Institution of the NSA. One of the great institutions of the Baha'i Faith, not a body composed of personalities...new, never before revealed, and to respect and obey it. (2) To understand your local Spiritual Assembly. Bodies set up by Baha'u'llah Respect, understand and obey and try to forget personalities. (3) Unity on the home front. Remember, we are all human beings and one of the most difficult things for a human being to do is to examine himself. It is so easy to examine someone else. Have I done anything today that will cause disunity in my relationships to the Baha'i Faith. Let us examine ourselves individually and forget to examine the other person. We have not the privilege of judging other Baha'is. Our Guardian has said "There are no good Baha'is. You are either a Baha'i or you are not a Baha'i. Therefore, your responsibility is for your conduct and not the conduct of some other Baha'i....If we will do this, according to what we know is in the Writings, we will have much more unity and really bring much more pleasure to our Guardian.

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Mrs. Gladys Weeden:

The afternoon I left I had the joy of seeing Shoghi Effendi. He said "No matter where you go, large or small groups...give them my deepest love." In all the years we never did see our **Beloved** Guardian impatient with Baha'is.

Then Mrs. Weeden told of what transpired there before his announcement of the Four International Conferences. He had many problems you will never know. His cares are lightened by good news. He becomes radiant again...when the G uardian is radiant his eyes are orbs. (Later at a private meeting here in K.C. she told how he was absent from meals for several days. They did not say what was the matter... that he wasn't feeling well...but finally Ruhiyyih Khanum began to look drawn and pale. Then one day he came. He took some papers from his pocket(I think it was pocket she mentioned) and said "Now I know what has been troubling me." He read to them the text of the cable he had drafted and he gave it to Jessie Revell to type....calling the four International Conferences)

Then she tald of the first Ascension Night she spent there. There was a curfew at that time so those believers who could come congregated at the Quibah. Flowers were in bloom, grass green, jasmine and fragrance of the gardens. And near was one garden - gemlike. At 11:PM they began visiting the room He occupied. (I don't think she mentioned Bab or Baha'u'llah or 'Abdu 1-Baha) It must have been BabaBu'llah. The room where he sat and interviewed the friends. The rugs and flowers, symbol of the 'reatest Name. Shrine had been beautified - it is always beautiful. We walk up to it - leave our shoes and advance over white pebbles. Only sound is the whisper of stockings. The Guardian stood at the entrance and drew the stopper from a bottle of attar of roses across their foreheads. They advance and lay their heads on the Shrine. Head and face. Then the Guardian chants. (She spoke of how marvelous it is) Then when he has finished chanting he goes to the threshold and retires.

How wonderful to have the Guardian. Only Baha'is have real prophecy. He is divinely guided. We can in no measure appreciate what that will mean to posterity. Dear Mrs. Rabb:

Robb-B6

I wrote Dr.Bagdadi when I received your letter, and have been waiting to hear from him, as to the exact words Abdul Baha said to me. Below is a copy of his letter which has just been received this 9.20 A.M.

" My beloved Bahai Sister Irene:

With the greatest pleasure I have received your good letter.

In regard to the Blessed Trowel, the Master told you to keep it with you for Him. He emphasized the words "In trust, in order that you may know that the Trowel is His, but He placed it in your hand to keep it, to guard it for Him. I do not think that He said anything more than that; 'I place this Trowel in your Hands In Trust In Trust."

The Dr. writes at the end of the page, 'Oh, that heavenly meeting in His Koly Presence can never be forgotten; Pray my dear that we may in the future have the same honor and joy. Oh! will such a day come again?

With Abha love and longings from Zeenet and all the beloved friends, T her to remain

as ever yours in His Love, Zia.

Kny dios Bahai Sielie :-Just a word in tracte. Do gove remember the date I abdul Bahas putting the timet into your care? This is most important.

Lifner Bil F34

Some notes on remarks of Shoghi Effendi made by Mrs. Helen Bishop during her recent visit to Haifa

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Those who have passed on know our condition because their sphere is higher than ours. We can help them and they help us. However, communication is another matter. 'Abdul-Baha was questioned on this matter and he replied that communication was possible if certain conditions were fulfilled. Among them are: (a) a pure heart, (b) a clear mind, (c) detachment from the world i.e. from earthly attachments, etc. Most of the reports or accounts of communication between this world and those who have passed on are mistaken experiences.

Detachment must be extended to opinions, prejudices, and other limitations. It is not sufficient to be detached from possessions or things; pleasures etc. - we taech freedom from prejudice of all kinds.

Islam constitutes a fuller revelation than the Gospels. Islam provides a firmer basis for institutions and without them civilation is not possible. The weakness of Islam is the vague and indefinite provision for the succession. The appointment of the Imam 'Ali was oral. Had it been written all of the Moslems would have recognized 'Ali and a Centre of Unity would have been established. Its institutions would not then have crystallized so rapidly. Why Mohammed did not make this appointment an explicit text of his book is a mystery which we are not required to explain. The Quuran has not been interpolated as the Gospels have been. The Prophet dictated the Q'uran during his lifetime, while the Gospels are the mere reminiscences of those who heard Jesus speak, supplemented by the writings of Paul and others. Paul did not meet Jesus except in the experience which he claimed to have on the Damascus Road. Baha'is have the privilege of making known to the West the station a nd mission of Mohammed, to remove the prejudices by understanding. The careful study of Islamic scholars will help us more than the writings of western Arabists, for the latter are handicapped by emotional prejudices even when they are intellectually free. In our Summer Schools we must inquire and without prejudice ascertain the Teachings of the Q'uran and its relationship to the Baha'i Teachings. The civilization known as Islam is of divine origin, regardless of its present sterility and shams; whereas, the cililization known as Christian has not rested upon the teachings of Christ for many, many centuries. It is a materialistic cililization, established by human designs. To be sure, Christ enunciated both material and spiritual laws, but His Book is incomplete and fragmentary. We can best learn the Teachings of ' Christ from the Q'uran, - this is the source of the quotations which Baha'u'llah used because of their authenticity. The Christians are confused in the doctrine of the "Incarnation". Mohammed gives the true station of Christ: He was not God; He was a Prophet, a Manifestation of the divine attributes.

S.E. to the Greevens: "The body of the Cause is an organism and Haifa is its cinter, when there is an illness in that body I reflect it" [Re: hur from america] "Seminy is the heart of Europe and Herr Hitles is the heart specialist bid the body of Europe is ill and needs more than the heart specialist - it must have the prescription of the Divine Physician."

NOTES FROM TABLE TALES BY THE SUANDIAN IN HAIPA, (Teken down by Helon Bishop)

"These who have passed on know our condition, because their schere is highe then cars. We can help them, and they can help us. However corrant. cution is another matter. Abdu'l-Baha was questioned on this matter, and He replied that education was possible if certain conditions were fulfilled, among them Stla pure heart, (2) a clear mind, (5) detachment from the world, i.e (being free from certain certaly attachments) Detachment must be extended from opinions, prejuduces and other limitations. It is not sufficient to be detached from possessions, or things, pleasure etc. we teach prejudice from from projudice of all kinds.

... Islam constitutos a fullor Revelation then the Pescels. (Islam provides a firmer basis for institutions (divine), and without them civilisation is not possible. The weakness of Islam is the weak and indefinite provision for the succession. If the appointment of Ali, and a center of unity had been established, its institutions would not have been crystalized to rapidly. Why Mohaned did not make this appointment as explicit fast of Mic Book is a mystery we are not required to explain. The Qur'an has not been interpolated as the Pospels have been. The prophet dictated the Qur'an during His lifetime; while the Pospels are the mere reminiscences of these who heard Jesus speak, supplemented by Pausl and abases. Faul did not most Jesus except in the experience which he claimed to have had on the road to Damascus. Bakais have the privilege of making known to the West has station and mission of Hohemad, to remove the projudices by understanding.

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The Tablat of the "Moly Mariner" was written by Baha'u'lleb just before His departure from Bagend. It is in anticipation of the sorrow caused by the conflegration which Subh'Ezel and his party would arouse.

Nost of the events of the "Holy-Mariner" have been fulfilled. The believers are free to read itsend gain such meaning as the Andividual copacity permmits, but there are certain essentials upon which all must agree; the "Holy Mariner is Baha'u'ligh and the Ark is His Cause." Hotes taken in Hoife- Helen Bishou-(continued)

Page-2-

The Arabian Youth is a reference to Schafuflich who designated Himself thus on account of His long residence is Lagdad. As for the Youte in the land of exile- that is Baha'u'llas. However there are different interpretations for such figures as "The Mald in Heaven' and 'tho"Handmaids.

Sometimes the Tab is referred to by Cahr'u'lled as the Arabian Youth. because the bab was Spaceticfor Sealto?

Love is the highest law for individual conduct. Justice is the only possible basis for community life. The collective life must be regu-lated by justice. The Spiritual Assembly must give just decision, then it is margiful and (giving) spirit of loving fellowship which crowns the pointion of Bahal problems.

fot so much travoiling, as permanent settlement is the requirement today. Many dosire to travel continuously and teach, but that is less difficult and legs satisfactory than permanent (sattlement) which become Mohali Assemblies. This is the time of the establishment of the World Community,

It is <u>ideal</u> for Baha'is to go to a country where there are absolutely no Baha'is and there establish the Faith. In this respect the work of Miss Jack (Marion) is a model for the Bellevers. Alono, speaking only English and a Little French, Miss Jek went to Sofia, a locality while an unbearable surger climate, damp and hot, there are forty believers in Sofia today and Mine Jack with the assistance of passing Teschare has taught them.

Throad are no believers (vesident) in Sprin, Portugel, Belgius or Finland. America has well-astablished Baha'l Community, so the time has concefor Baha is to do pioneer work in Europa.

Chium and Japan and the rest of the Orient will come later. For the oresent it is imperative that more and more of the firm believersmiquate to have Europeau countries where there are no Bahe'is and establish groups and Aman Appendblies....

...one must not be disturbed by the individuals who, having been in the Cause repudiete and protest equinst it.. If atbacks by non-believers are m made, we correct them by stating the Truth, but we do not answer Masse who having been believers go out from the bedy of the Faith (Cause)

Nost of the darly disciples of the Bab refused to accept Baha "" Linh. Forty members of Baha'u'llah's family resisted Abdul-Baha, but schism has not and will not occur."

-Prom Table Talks by the Suardian-

From Outline of Notes Taken during Conversation of "Abdu"1-Baha with Mrs. Clara A. Brink and translated by Mirza Abmad Sohrab Friday November 15, 1913.

Robe B6

Walcome, very welcome. You are one of the oldest believers and are very dear to me. You are very young, only fifteen years old. The years you have past are not accounted as the age of your life, but the life you have spent as a Baha'd is accounted only as life. I became very happy to meet you. The light of the love of Baha'u'lish is shown from your face. It is evident that your heart is shown from to Baha'u'lish. Be glad that you have a life which is so durable that there is no limit. It is so durable that it has no end but is eternal and lives forever. If millions and millions of years passed your life would not end, it is endless. Thank God for that.

Convey my special greetings and love to Mrs. Tabor. Now you must thank God that you are the cause of guidance of people. A person took the coat of Joseph and brought it to Jacob and Jacob could smell the fragrance of that coat for one thousand miles. He used to say he could smell the fragrance of Jeseph. But the person who was carrying it could not smell that fragrance. Kheirells was the carrier of this coat, he could not smell the fragrance. God may confirm and all you. Seto B4F4

In a Tablet to Mrs. Brittingham 'Abdu'l'Baha said;

"Every Manifestation is the Adam of His time. (Adam means the type man, the perfect man.)"

"There were onehundred thousand Adams before the Adam of bibical records each being the Ka nifestation of His own time or cycle."

"This cycle in which we are living and which has come to its full expression today having ended thus, is the long Adamic cycle, being fixe hundred thousand years."

"Five hundred thousand years ago a Great Manifestation came and founded it. From that time to the present we have had lesser cycles, such as the idam of record, Roah, Abraham, Moses, Jesus, Muhammad, etc.,"

"Today which culminates this long cycle--- Baha'u'llah being, in the words of 'Abdu'l-Baha, "The expression of maturity and perfection of humanity."

"In the time of Adam, the first prophet of record, we have the seed of Christ consciousness deposited embryonically by Adam."

"In <u>Adam</u> it became the child of promise. In Moses the embryonic child had attained to boney structure, which is was the Law."

"In Jesus it attained the birth into the world of Christ consciousness."

"Simeon said in the Temple, as he blessed the infant Jesus: " This child is for the falling and rising again of Israel, "This did not mean the personal Jesus, but the Christ spirit bran born at that time, and which was to gain maturity at the end of along cycle of 500,000 years, which end is today."

"Also, the angels sang: 'Peace on earth, good will to men." It could not be accomplished until Christ consciousness was born into the world."

"Muhammad was the nurse and the protector of the child. Today the Father has come and with Him the Son, the Heir of the Father's Kingdom, who is to drink the fruit and eat the bread as He promised."

"Baha'u'llah is the perfection and maturity of the essence of humanity, manifesting this in Fatherhood with command and authority, and we find in y; the Surat-u'l- Hykl that Baha'u'llah said: "Werily we have seized the lives and are beginning a new creation."

"He is the Founder also of the new long cycle of 500,000 years when another great Manifestation will come. In the meantime throughout this coming long cycle of 500,000 years there will be cycles like that of Moses, Jesus, etc." only on a higher scale, as this is the Kingom of Heaven on Barth. None will be as great as Eaha'u'llah until 500,000 years is accomplished.

"Abdu'l-Baha says that within the last 500,000 years there have been seven universal Manifestations, the last three of whom were Melchisedek, Jesus Ohrist and Baha'u'llah.

notes.

Copied by N.S. French from/Brittingham

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Extract from a letter written by Mrs. Brittingham of New York City for the help of a student of Biology, to Mrs. Harriet Latimer of Portland, Oregon. June 5, 1916.

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"Following are the teachings given by ABDUL BAHA:-

1. That before man appeared upon this world he never lived upon any planet.

2. That after man leaves this world he never goes to any panet. The world's of God to which he goes, are the "Many mansions" of which Christ spoke, and which- ABDUL BAHA tells us- are not planets but are "spiritual, divine, heavenly, single, unlocated."

He tells us the planets are physical bodies and therefore are located, and that they are inhabited by beings whose bodies are in accordance with the formation of the planets.

Excerpt from Tablet written Mrs. Helen S. Goodall, Oakland, Cal. "You have asked concerning the stars, whether they are voidunighabited. Know thou that GOD hath not created all these existent things without a purpose. Everyone of these stars is, like unto the sphere of earth and with the utmost grandeur are inhabited by living beings. Notwithstanding that this sphere of earth is so small it contains very many different species, then know how much more those great celestial bodies. Existing beings live in each one according to its composition and it is sure that none are void."

Excerpt from Tablet of ABDUL BAHA to Madame D'Astre of Paris, France, dated May 21, 1908.

"But regarding the innumerable stars and the distance between each other, that in this day the astronomers of Europe explain as worlds containing the living spirits, this is pure imagination and not fact. For all the infinite stars are material bodies and the realm in which the spirit doth exist is the Spiritual World and the Heavenly Kingdom which is eternal and everlasting. Because these illuminating bodies which exist in yon immeasurable immensity are all composed of matter, and every composition is followed by decomposition, and this shows that (these stars) are deprived from the gift of perpetuity; but as the universe of the Kingdom is abstract and sanctified above the laws of composition and decomposition, therefore it is imperiabable and indestructible."

Question asked ABDUL BAHA by I.D. Brittingham in a letter to His Holy Presence, in 1902.

'Are the planets or stars the many mansions in heaven' of which Shrist spoke, telling the disciples that he went to prepare a place for them?'

Answer- 'Rather, they are worlds, as this world of ours, But they differ in their bodies, by difference of elements, from this earth ly body. They differ in (their) formation. The beings existent upon these bodies are according to their formation'. 'As to the worlds whereunto Christ (unto whom be the great glory) referred:- They are spiritual, divine, heavenly, single



unlocated

Excerpt from some questions and replies asked and given to Mrs. Brittingham in 1912 and again in 1912.

Some think that this teaching has been incorrectly translated and ABDUL BAHA teaches that the souls upon leaving this earth do go to the planets or stars, and that they progress in their spiritual development through living upon one after another of these bodies. Is any of this teaching true? ABDUL BAHA said "No"

Were the souls dwellers upon any planets or stars before coming to the earth?' ABDUL BAHA said "No"

Were the souls created as individuals before they entered tthe physical bodies of this world?'

ABDUL BAHA- They existed before coming to this worldm but not as we know personality upon this planet."

That the souls of human kind existed before coming to 3. this world, but not as we know personality upon this planet.

That the human soul has always been a human soul upon this planet, and that the mineral, vegetable and animal planes are ever existing within their own planes, but develop in perfections each Kingdom within its own plane, but never to the station of in-telligent consciousness of GOD, and having no will to develop them selves into fuller consciousness of GOD.

That each of these lower Kingdoms referred to has only 5. its own one condition; the condition of nature within its own plane. But that the <u>human Kingdom</u> has two conditions: one the station of nature, which is that of the human animal, and the other the station of consciousness of GOD; that the 'Essence of Light deposited in man' ixximitant is not GOD, but the essence- or reality of the station of consciousness of GOD. By turning to It alone and reaching into Its Station, which is beyond and above the station of Nature, we then- and then alone- can find HIM standing within us, Powerful, That man's will is given him, with this Mighty and Supreme. Divine Consciousness, that he may choose. That Baha'o'llah said:-"Verily man is not called man until he be imbued with the attributes of the Merciful, etc." - and that if we were a part of GOD we never require any re-generation or struggle to come into Nearness to Him. Any part of GOD is always God: (Mrs. Goodall's Book, pages 34, 35, 36 will cover these points, also MAnswered Questions")

GOD never progresses------We- human souls- ABDUL BAHA tells us will progress hereafter forever if we begin our journey here. This journey is ever toward the Creator but never equal in station or "arriving" to equal station.

We come here but once. "When God wills we slip into the 6. arena of this world." The material contact even, as with a babe, for a few hours, is necessary, but sufficient.

Excerpt from some questions asked ABDUL BAHA and His replies, taken from a letter to Mrs. Brittingham from Mrs. Hoagg, translated by Ahmad Sohrab, in Ramleh, Egypt. Letter written from Syria, (Haifa) January, 1914.

Q. Do souls choose to come to this world?

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Ans. ABDUL BAHA replied: 'That is according to the Will of GOD. When GOD wills, they slip into the arena of human life.'

Q. Do we exist as conscious individual souls before coming here? Ans. ABDUL BAHA replied- 'Individual consciousness is realized after birth here.'

"This is the matrix world for the soul, even as the womb was the matrix world for its body, or vehicle. Birth into consciousness of Another World begins here- a World for which this physical and material one is but the preparation and foundation.

"Finally, you will note that in the enclosed excerpt the <u>bodily</u> progress is one point of progress, and the human reality is another point of progress.

"The vegetable Kingdom draws its life from the mineral and the mineral becomes decomposed, and recomposed in the vegetable. In the same way the animal draws its life from the vegetable by which processes the lesser kingdoms are decomposed and recomposed in the animal. All of this is body- not soul. The difference between these mature soul planes and that of man has been given herein.

Man's body takes up these lesser Kingdoms and they likewise become decomposed, and recomposed in his body. Even a vegetarian is not completely a vegetatian, for in the water he drinks and the air he breathes he takes into his body myriad forms of animal life which are therein decomposed, and recomposed in his body.

ABDUL BAHA tells us that man is always man but that man's soul in spiritual unconsciousness may be likened to the mineral; or to the vegetable in absorption of the first awakening without being fully conscious; to the animal plane in emotional and intuitional condition; that man in his own plane of reason and the faculty of intellect, by mental processes added to the foregoing comes into a certainty of a First Cause, and of ITS Dominion and of the recognition of GOD. But the soul of man must be <u>spiritually</u> awakened and quickened to need GOD, to hunger for GOD, to search for HIM, to find HIM, and through severance to acquire 'the attributesof the Merciful'. The 'Self' of GOD spoken of in **Extenses** the Tablets refers to the Attributes of the Merciful, not to His Essence. This 'SELF' is found in 'Perfection' in the Prophet, only.

> In His Love, Your sister,

I.D. Brittingham.

Question asked ABHUL BAHA by I. D. Brittingham in a letter to His Presence, in 1902.

"Are the planets or stars the many mansions in heaven of which Christ spoke, telling the disciples that he went to prepare a place for them?"

Answer; contained in a Tablet from Abdul Baha to I. D. Brittingham, translated by Mirza Ameen Ullah, Chicago, August 15, 1902.

"As to thy questions regarding the stars: know that these brilliant stars are numberless and their existence is not void of wis-dom both useful and important (i.e., their existence is of great importance.)

Rather, they are worlds, as this world of ours. But they differ in their bodies, by the difference of elements, from this earthly body. They differ in (their) formation. The beings existent upon these bodies are according to their formation.

As to the worlds whereunto Bhrist (unto whom be the great glory) referred: They are spiritual, divine, heavenly, single, unlocated; neither the imperfect mind can comprehend them, nor the sinning soul can know them. But, verily the sights of the people of the Kingdom o of El-ABHA perceive them and the intellects of the people of the Supreme Concourse apprehend them."

(End of quotation from Tablet)

In July 1912, New York City this quotation was presented to Abdul Baha by I. D. Brittingham and the following questions were axad asked, and again were asked Him in November 1912.

Ist. Question: "Some think that this teaching has been incorrectly translated and Abdul Baha teaches that the souls upon leaving this eath do go to the planets or stars, and that they progress in their spiritual development through living upon one after another of these bodies. Is any of this teaching true?"

Abdul Baha: "No.

2nd. Question: "Were the souls dwellers upon any planets or stars before coming to the earth?"

Abdul Baha: "No."

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3rd. Question: "Were the souls created as individuals before th they entered the physical bodies of this world?"

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Abdul Baha: "They existed before coming to this world, but not as we know personality upon this planet."

Febb B6

Excerpt from a letter written October first, 1914 from Persia, by Miss Elizabeth R. Stewart to her Aunt, Mrs 1. D. Brittingham of New York City.

mis, Rato Portattatorgon - Please al

futter loan or My, but read to the

father often referred to it.)

"One feels sick ever the slaughter of human beings which <u>must</u> take place before the world will be at peace. It recalls what Mirza Aziz'o'llah Khan teld us some time age. When he was a child, and being in the Presence of the BLESSED PERFECTION with his father, The Martyr Vargha, the Manifestation uttered the following. (Mirza Aziz'o'llah Khan's

BAHA'O'LLAH said, when this awful war is ever, there will be an entirely new erganization in the world. Religion will be entirely destroyed and no religion will prevail. But the peoples will seen find that this will not do, and they will begin to look around for a religion.

All the Religions will be investigated, and, at last the Bahai Revelation will be accepted, and all the world will accept it."

the above is the only authentic con issued home. a mutilated portion of it the heading the birthe first hele out everpthavingbeen cutont, is il cir culation Stron nee with it please come it. It is ploating around on the book of while this incident selates the Sab staties whetic Word, it const the Word. hunga and Ilah Shancithe orther of Tanja Valio the word america in 1912 with Mour Segned by me in long hand) It Buttinghan

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These incidents in the life of Kurratu'l Ayn have been in circulation throughout America for several years. When Mrs. E. G. Cooper of San Francisco, Cal., made the pilgrimage to the home of Abdul Baha in November, 1920, she took with her a copy of them as they were in circulation at the time, for verification and, if correct, the signature of Abdul Baha. Mirza Azizullah S. Badahur translated them into Persian and gave them to Abdul Baha for his verification. Abdul Baha corrected this translation with his own hand and returned the translations to Azizullah. The following is a copy made from the original copy of Azizullah's manuscript as he retranslated **into** English. The original mss containing Azixullah's translation into Persian and back again into English is in the possession of Mrs. Cooper, at present (1922).

"One day Kurratu'l Ayn was sitting with our Lord (Abbas Efffendi, who was five years old) in her arms, behind a curtain in a room where a number of believers were discussing the proofs of the coming of The Bab. She cried, 'O men! O men! This is not the time to discuss proofs, this is the time for deeds, actions, martyrdom. Teach, act, die!'"

"In 1851 when she was thirty-three years old, she was imprisoned in the house of the mayor of Teheran, where she taught many women the Truth, and finally siffered martyrdom in the same year. Her husband and sons were unbelievers."

"At one time in Badasht, the Blessed Perfection was ill in a tent with three hundred-sixty believers near him. Up to this date the Babis had always followed the rules of the Mussulmen, but now the time had come for them to follow the laws of The Bab; so Kurratu'l Ayn, who was living near the tent of the Blessed Perfection ran out among all the men believers with her face uncovered, and cried out (as the Koran foretells), - 'When the Lord shall come the bells will ring and the bugles shall blow. I am the bell. I am the bugle of the Lord.'"

"She did not pay any attention (to the blame of man), she longed only for spiritual realities. A negro suffocated her with a handkerchief, and threw her down a well."

"Abdul Baha related this story.

"Abdul Baha added: 'All of you can become like her, if you become characterized with her virtues.'"

("This correction was made by the Master himself."

(Signed) "Azizullah S. Badahur.")

Jan. 13, a. m. Ruha came over to Pilgrim House to call on hus, P(?) as also was going to Cairo that night , She told us that after the death of Baha'lllalis infe the greatest Holy Seaf waited on B.W. isdstead of permitting others to doit-Ruha sometimes served His tea. Being only 10 grs. old she said her hand would tremble but He comforted her -He was very methodical, having His weals, sleep, hours for seeing people - He began at a certain time & ended prompty abdul Baha met the people + arranged for their seeing B. U. if a.B. that it wise for them to go otherwise B. W. was not bothered - at the evening rueal the family were together and a social time was enjoyed -Keeper of I mut of Bab is abbas ghuli - He gave up his worket good salary to come with his family & give his time incaring for the Imbin Haifa-Seyed abul gusen is keeper of Irubat Balijele -

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Jan 3- Dat - hinga Sotfullah ashed Shirghi ifhe had my cripy of the Iravelle's harretive as a last reant - Shed lowbed than all by tings twice annee Dril - hid ashed me for my cripy first after Dues. P/2 grant came - Lotfullah finelly recelled my loaning Shorti a book - He lies to -Dr. B. came at more + told of his visit to the governor this a.m. yesterday aswe were going over to dimer Dr. B. told us very excitedly that in their house afternoon his mother in law + her daughter had been molested in their house you have short to get door closed + americe called the police but daughter menegel to get door closed + americe called to police Dr. B. ashed for this a.m. where A. Consul lived as he (Dr. B) + Dr. B. ashed for this a.m. where A consul lived as he would tend IL: in de: n m he ho Ch. others here were americans + must be protected. He said he would tend to everything at once - at norm we had an hour's talk with a, B -on the appairs 7 this - U.S - Convention + not thirty Board, delegates al Le. from the Convention - at night a. B. saked to be excused as He was tor Tried 2 to cet - ate few monthly garafet retired - Ere we left we were told He was a aleek & be careful of more pelicir in rising - I afrent afraretime in copying denies water - a. B. in his plaram at non told g. no tonide day 51 N. Jan. 4) Sunday - Copied notes in a. 2. Edue + two 2 girls again for breakfast Dr. ached hurs. 2. to got to top grub scarmel after service at tomb - mrs. P. 2000, of rode in car. mis 2. + I walked up with Dr. E. + S. S. + I were alred & Scone, of rode in car. mis 2. + I walked up with Dr. E. + S. S. + I were alred & I went by myself along flower garden + launted for violets frieding 9 or 10 theat in 9. た 4 room in white is served but we were called no to here plants taken. A.B. • • didn't like the place a tried to arrange us - I took my kodelight amene 13 torta a firsture ggroup with it - Then all went in after a. B - Shirghi was 45 called to stand at side of table painga, B - + he interpreted what ar, B. said μ. any other Things He told what He saw in puture concerning markedul 1.4 aghes - institutions of learning, the 2. chants - before we went round to enter room leading to threadweer groom containing remains 3Bach Q. B. had peculier shaped glass pitcher ? sport like teaport only very 1 b--2 slenders curved - He stopped to speak to ladies in abbas gludis times all gus waited as did anto in front of Pilgrim House chain being broch L 14 Hayder ali to ait in - hers. P. J. a. B& chanffer went in anto - hurs. S. 3 Sime, 20, E- went up mt - I tried to small off. alme by rear way but C was called & prest to go to role where carriege unswaiting + ladies 5 the got out & gove me her place this armoget me greatly before g 1 P. Julgrims when and with me tork my hand & comported me & I called her "my arater" - the priesed - praised god - I was our torme - Ture P. came 1 later + tild gher ride in country with a. B - He drew g. on to His aboulder 3 times of kieset + talked to Him in Eng - He gave J. Plue Chart permission to go with Shiragy to Jerusalen - by train -P He had to see some any. There before men's meeting + antiper was ide served let - Dr. 2. + I art translating till 11 - mithansin arts James 3 mrs. 2. retired early & was up very early to get 6 oclock breakfast + Tringita tork J. + Imr. C - to train before 7 - hurs. 2. was in + mb many times getting things. Ingetting things from clothes rechinderle she fulled times getting things. Ingetting things from clothes rechinderle she fulled it down with all ber things + before Serve work- glad shedead it is -go in to see about functing it up - 2. had beat frien bed again that Pa E. how bath - Dr. S. triendated + 9 unter till 10:30 when Ele astay came 17.

The remained 2 hrs. Dre & interpreted + I write what he told us about eventsin relation to Baha Ullab - Sunch tipter a, B. had celled Dr. E. to vite with Hi To drive - head sheat day copying Table Julkes vecinfying all of lable - I be + multin more her bad. some distance from wall these funt here things in there & hing things marall alis stretched end from mybelpse to done in front geolered hang my clothes + hang her things on hayers there - one gher trays under my hanger. Thad to type not in diving room - Dr. E wrote less part gebe hanger talk my alm was ar totel - alt 3 Seme with suit case we too across street - prighe returning as matthe us acking how many were herefor ten - Le sait also had hed hers - hurs P. was going these & hurs L. came out -Dre & came - He had changed my # 5 for 120 preaters - Bunk give my 97-Strppedfor tea them Day 2- tork hold on typed & Dridi cuinted metogr for welk- the went to german duey - Sam a Bob Peraiens aberd gus met group 3 8 at July & stand to talk. Back + dictated as pre 2typed - minga moreer & another main came for Septeranto - hus &-+ Lus P, were witting - Sene rechning - Badi Ullah whir is such a good Eng. interpreter, in Soverin's Thee & was hot up in a Blahn came + Called we ton a. B - perhaps it-5.30 - the set in room in which men's meeting is held - I ar opposite side grow from this He called if I were well, heppy, disturbed, showing His kundedge of herse 2'a actions on me - trouble we had last might - when S - was reading mer notes + persisted in diacusarin over back gumen being admitted to Hi g J- Baid Scruld continue to keep notes g Julles but they must not be taken to a, to cance diacod - He wanted to take about B. W. only but token herfele asked questions He wanted to please them - Seave all undo the wind cause diacod -I must go back with fresh geal, inspiration, "entrindlement + workefor Canas - Sprend my time teaching a Higgi was not in existence non Travel + teach - He didn't areggest any special place but where I now mond to go us the iden - Pray to be delimed from testo -& dir us had of Christs apostes + he denied Christ- 3 times -I wondered if a is belt I in The butwe would damy thim I added this to being for me - show me whit to any - Gr back a set and upice bring them into cause, tille, teich - study + transleb - from Pusine if Bill's undo was good - He said when I asked thim -He shoke ghus P, having meetings a. m. o Pi m- in her home for meetings. Well this was to show He usdoing bor her in return, her hapitality - Showethe trankle concerning contention over H. gglas might the tree me to pray to be delivered for thats (I have asked to be tester many times) He shoke of peter + His 3 dends + told see to fire Peter, the chief one of the draciples, thrice denied Christ - He would like to afrend long time with me but I saw him bray te was, Portimen came with many slips to be signed by time & several letters to be read, mirga motiain, Shochie one of the other bios workfor thim - Such love, + redeence as the talkest a langles

ing a ny j house run re lend cal He me edat p. 17 sten ,13-2 mile rad asund ul y C Bach 17 Upr-Mas L. 1.6lica Elu ? ene ine 1).... to ride -faitmont . Cler

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with we, Badi Ullah translated , As I was near the door He said He would pray for my inkindlement? + I would be entiredled - I felt as if a new power, a new capacity had been bestowed a new quiet + peace - Came in + told hus P. + 2. before dimer after dimer instead of going with others for write I said it must work. Went into room to hang up Jule coat + get prefers - lost pratice over finding mrs. 2. had atring line + filered thereon her clothes in port going cack Ituret here nor ar asto have up my jacket, put up my taken out for Dr. E-to sit m while typing - + hered a creak - it was bottle of oldie oil Turs. S. had placed near her trunke trug hunder my clothes + near my trunk - Had to clean it up trugile came + ascisted - I wrote this up + with Turs. A. sat up till 11.45- others left before 10 -Jan, 6) Dr. E. + I went up hut i C. as arr as herelefact us me + I tred him of my inter view-backeter frink ledies had gree for welk- 202. E. + I went in with lyping, He told we when first here he had not metter newly to get a. B. to go we his book. term The realized we all muter a. B. to help us in our plans include of our trying to carry out his plans - We typed in diving arm till Ebu Asdag came - hurs, B. L. Edu Seme + 9. Dr. E. went to get Sotpellale + but Bardedi as sotpellale came prospect mis 2. was somealles to see airs. She was told to talk in large gatherings + Lath about B.W. to follow in steps of hery buegdalenes raise the call to abbe Kingdom - yesterday + to day aber andaly gave accounts relating to B. W. He tild about 13. W- " anying low presence & friends when a. B. was a child the on His aboulders a.B - Nested buiden Junks - He as a child received Jablet from B. W. which 4 yrs before this declaration publicly was really a declaration athende a.B - motimer we to sit at this right - it - table - after lunch Drie + 3 privated typing adaps talks + arranged + gave net typed copies 7 Jable Jalks up to Jan. Bat supper - Then I started to write hirs, Carmichael but ter was served + them as we sat talking whit we were Rummoned to the wedding at Rule's Bridegroom Balyrow à Zorrastrian uns merried to Zarintaj - a unhemmeden - In indet 9 ceremon the 2 Druces : holkho come in & hed telle with a 13 - + left- le mon bert a. B. acrerel bunches j double marciaans 2 roses - a. B. divided flowers giving Tues. P. S. Serverd -Soblin chented the prayer revealed by Bill, that is always wall -in frantafter sweets + varyes were distributed we left - a B. had to entertain. governon + asked him to bring back exiled arabs to core for their formilies Establish bank so formers unile be protected & 3 - establish activity educating chun He was very tried it supporting - Serve cramps didn't grown Educe changed reats and end sit myse and - as the use to this norm while we use told to be welted - He inguired for Seme there her 2 ranges by me - I gave them to her & some mellet mille these another treatment - a. B. ashed to be excused from halding as he was tind - Two. P. called them Dr. B - if a Bi would tell us about midel analded time by king I Eng - for services during une. He talk us Hedidit kunabert it ask Badi - Then He related about of Justice Sm ureting for the to deliver Americans + Jupers they bot & addressing tim abbas, Jurel let the notestaken by Sotpullah give this talk which caused ters to me down checks 2 more then one men present at take - I managed to prevent many tears rolling down checks till I was outside where I found has bo linking my and in hers I plant avolded all may to house & we walked in yord for a trine in the worderful bull moon light - a. B. left crust of bread + I but "it away with me. I make gov. would have killed a. B. if He Hedric

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a

arted as He did - Instead of opposing them He told them Hid sign any statement they chose to write + was glad they addressed them without title. Theres, Christ mohummed werent given littles Count, Bey, Shale to - this greatest glory aish was to be wartyred as this bender (Bab) when had I to buildets in this beaut Jan, D Typed Talks + Sotpullale + Dr. E- worked wer them - Q.B. came early to see Serve who hadn't river + didn't go wer to evening werd night toppe-He filt her finlae - told her ale had an perer why aling in het - ordered withing but milk + there went in Dr. E'er mon - I had given her treatment ere I retired + befredimen + ugain after reasing + befredressing . I Gel Q.B. three S- a ached if there was anything I could do paker. He sid good to what I had done + nothing for me to do on the would be retred me Der, E, + I went for walk hart way if wit-while rooms were being cared, sheets, fullow cases, suplimes, table cloth taken to want & returned at m night - prise time beds here been changed or towels since time Dayfor others + Kongerfor we) all had to have as Household went to bride's kinde for celebration - Je wyche with Je and carried S. H. S. - humenar + Rule -Dr. B. yesterday sam Jugita's collection of Table Jalles thert I had just given him B. said S. L. J. Color The states B. said I had left not purt - them asked where his were a said be was left not waske after interpreting them - At lunch torday luns, P. asked for stories about B.B. He said He had given them to prove to Dry EJ+ what the said about B. B. was for all - I felt avwetting had been said to Q. B - + this proved to be coved for B. came + said, as I was lyping after kunch) you beard what ar said + I told him the remark I made about Talks being spread in a - about provide thesewill cause diesent - + I that what a misshief meher he was swent m withing motion limburther - He started me as the ter was about redy + hes insident to stay - I was taken from my typing to take ten - Then husptorte me up the ent - to see annaet - hors. Li - Dr. B. followed - We saw a.a. dyroup of we at corner - Dr. B- told experience a. B. had me holder as He was cutting across to save walk- He was atopped by a german men & ached what the was doing there - Q, B, said He had come from infetture & was going down across man full and this & prively Q, B, saked men white was and down across man followed this & frielly a, B. asked men whit was mitter + us told men found He would stead grapes let me time a. B., before war, said He sam time when german lines either side 2 mein street - leading from which up to 7 much) under be like trubs - He told us Bab's body was bot + secreted here several years + coffin brot from India several years before - many laborers troke all day from morning to eve to carry coffin enclosed in worden box up to Jonk They were given the smeet heading (hetlate) . Incline a saint They were given the smeet prating (pattoba) . Incline 3 30 ft from door of Into the filmer where Body was taid - as bones were placed in coffin by a. B - He tore of this tarbush + cost + best His breast-with His hands i anaged a abouted the a mother bereft gher my child -He wept + all present wept-

mo, D. asked Dr. B. to wale a, B. for stories of B. to be used to attract believers to Cause - He gave us a talk in Salow before evening were was served - He told her to memorize words He gave her We returned from meet to find J. mr. C. + Shiragy just returned for formalen - They didn't have time to go to Bettilehen or Jordan bot beads & postats - They remained + talked + Surve till they left then privated typing Jalks as per as translated + this boot us to takk gren night before - Sunday talk at Jour waits for a. B'a correction \$ Jan. 8) Honey + moleases made in antolia was sent wer for breakfast hus p- hes purnished vatured + hus . I his cooked it + coffee for me tresheboats of late - It may is made by bees when fly mer biolets - I yped till called to see a. B - for 3 al time - Dr. Sothellah Came for mer inter-Juster - hurs. S. has of late gove in after breakboat & reinfrich lables un rough anyme else on I live had to use table in hall army the things a. B. said, as he and in His corner beside window on raised platform covered by several Persian rugs & large fullow like mens purol ties in red calier - per case with 3 read pens + pearl handled knipe to sharpen them alar people for Jablet writing, I want you to be severed from all would gappairs, to be attached were there to the Kingdom, all your thole should be attached to the Kingdom you mention ninse be the commencetion of the ableakingdom you must be illumined by divine confirmations of his is high hope for your I frag for you, I want you to be huppy I want Sarbed if He provised, at last interview, to pray for my conprimation on? He said " When I pray for a person I fray brall her affairs. I don't pray for first one affair " He asked me how long I had been here + I replied nearly / mutt then He said " you didn't effect to be luce in long did you at most 10 days ? " with His eyes bullon me & anche amile. I said sneelized the my responsibility us greety microsse there my long stay + then He said this I had been to the Tomby the Baber was to go to the shrine of the Blead Beauty them return here ogo back to U.S.a. + prechie -Isaid I coulding - practice in hey - but les an apartment purvilue there - I was to real that & go where I could have a good practice - I was to go from bee by boat to alexandric change there from to highles an - after finishing He took up hen a freper to began to write Jablet - as He went muriting hound was spoken - He beep peper in leportund our to be mains prequently dipping her in inte - a great preace + relatation + prover descended till I was alm - Then He folded I able & said Hed seeme at lunch time - I hoped the had been

writing the Tablet for me with His own hand but -I came ner o told his 2, + she said she felt I unde here spirit hally, & the give menege to meny + persper in my unh -Sotfullale went over early in Qilu. to see Q. B. o in about time returned + abound me botte 3 perfime a. B. had given him - I held it in my brends as I set in hell alone + felt the strong ichating + had some little time 7 consecration & uplife -adme at breakfast spoke of batt for ladies frise them even how R said she was to live shamper at 10 - "husi 2. + Edus went down town & returned before 10 - hurs i P- was away from 9-raz then great to do Seme finally went over - hurs, A didne return till nerly 12 + said Jeffrey was to go inductione after lunch Shelved had great time reating + eating watermelon + c in bat in true Oriental luxury -after lunch a. B's arab servont birt a lunge trug fuler with tranges a pipeles, a present to the ladies from mirga melimore & bride + they would arm grive all sat in norm Doccupicy as hus. P. was lying dom -Western men could enjoy eccing her but not Pina-Dr. Buzdedis Solfullet, Jugila, Dr. E. Turo, S., P. Semir-1beside bride + grow- ter served - apples eater origes ~ table - Dru B. cut feel & opened sections + each had I he 2 just 9 of us. Typed after they left-2 letters in ferman were trine. by mis. I for 202, E. after dimer misi Curine bud'a 2nd letter deted hig. Dec. 3 was received my chart at lunch asked Q. B. about leaving & was given fer maaring to dr 2r - ar I wont gralme. Trouble before dimer because hurs i P. hadnet returned kitchen cup provble before dimer because hurs i P. hadnet returned kitchen cup produpping lister - Educe made avaple ands in it - it was lept wer at Tuba's house - hurs, d. spoke abarphly about her thatlesaves + it didn't please - Educe + 2005, P. open windows univer in Balon to air it out regardless of A. B's comfort- bit weis meeting a: B. that them He would give hint of good news lately received - The nations were realizing that only B whis could help artic problem facing them + they asked for help - was substance after dinner Come back to type but Sottullabe took my waching anay + told me to go for walk - 7 him he asked hurs. D & Sema + weathwent for short walk - around square but feelings a acting were strained I went alward + finally way alwar hime alone to get bray as I said - hus, A couldn't gr part matines the

On way ale said shid like to lanner told a, B, dene laid in bed for she didn't + an she dilated . I rebed when could praisely had chance to de auch a thing if they had the git - abdue Baha had spoken gher lying in bed to didn't please - They couldn't are that He know the truth of things the has is had said to me deverildays you abe felt the Serve Cruld de things when she didn't -while withing this Jeffery has been talking about Serve- lack greeper lying in bed -Triday Jan. 9 depitable at breakfast to type + hus. I. arm cance + tothe write at same table till hunch time - Dr. Sothellah bot me the rock candy, perfumery, photo taken at I mut & But last Sunday a.B. arranged the group on rocks bearde I mit 4 gallons gas. 80 prianters. Curringham was heard git as being in Port Said over a week ago - abdul Baha came early + as lunch mant here the welked round to wall other aide from gate, across + up to gate + finally out + down street & around the Equere fillmed by Dr. B - He had written all day & was very tried - He told Deme to eat meat cakes 27 them for each fr ale uns all right - She said frim uns same as before -I then He told her to take but me - She has been nor to see about cost she bot for a.B- was wer most gafter an We had les all logether while mis. P. reed from publice tion mineographied 6 pages - Vol 1 hove 19, 1919 gotten no-by Commettee 719 - It was all about Roy Williams + Gregory I their trife this southern states -We left tea table to go up to Jomb hursid. Dr. E. + I - we went in for tea first a met Two. Baydadi + her aister - in lam Received red rise as we came from house gabbas ghorli & he : went + unlocked door of aide used by lidies - He chanted the us - Came back a white this up while Jefbery. To yeld, Chant Jurs 2. ~ I were round table - hus, P. + 2. outside walking ~ Talking - J. was, like hr. C. + I writing diery - hurs, I, knutting Jime for dunner un - a. B. gave talke in which some & Tablets to Germany was (to Wilhelme) to hapolen II, + I wakey were quoted ? We were told we would go with a. B. to area next day, a, B having Jam. 10) Had early breakfast were called by Q.B. trante just after F. 30 rented auto -Jami 10) Had early reak post where called on a list to and price apper 1, 30 -hurs. P. Serve + adre + Jeffry + Frights in Jond. Miss Sogi, Shoghir I with her. Chant in port with driver in realed out - Driver had been in America till 3 months age. An Arab with it Siclothes may Jeffery tried to get I. to get aben you but was prevented at start + we had to wait for him to get gas her R. R. station - Abdul Bake directed who was to go in each auto + stord till we left - The autos were to take us then at once return for Him & other Several times we had to wait for H. when the to be return for Him & other as to drive + be proficient in electricity + Can't drive or manges a dord

We akirted the shore part of the time wheels no one aide being in water till we reached the bridge over river them we crossed it - went inland for some distance on a road made by placing reeds in layers thick + over that 2 widths of wire netting. This made a firm bed + arabs keep it swept where wind drifts the sand - We left this for the hard sand of the shore for a time till we reached the river near acca - Here there is and any bridge + an Arab worded out + around across this to above us the ground where we could safely go at that time - After getting on land again a rather steep sand hill had to be climbed where the the c. + 3- got out the engine became stalled - but being cracked we went on to road a them they went back to help fr. It was a great experience to ride in also three writes We went on pest burying ground where A. B's mother + brother were placed - past acqueduct whi furnished a. with good writer at end was place where unter in atream from fike was constantly having down . Here camels come with cans for water auffly - boot travellers & cuttle are also repeabed - happelens hell was on nes right just after crossing river - acqueduat purtues on x at left. Vistance from Haifa to acce is about quiles _ a, B, west to halke it + hot + tried a net into perapiration lie down before And the river a alech before finialing journey - 7425-liss. He wandly afrent night with BIW- in room with them - Filodez sheep with their persion for flat tails + black goats, camel a andrey for driver were fressed - the finally came in sight of the Bahajeh, + 7 out- of Bill - the lower story, quite high has 3 Marches & more smaller mes support balany on 2nd story peculier characters are prainted in colors, over windows Three windows were covered by abutters nearest the house recufine by keeper of Tomb. These were in room occupied by B. W. driving in part of this lines we could see that balany eftended round on aide to don them wh. B.W. presed out for this will -We alar anto the flight of staiss leading up from court your tophoniae leas fuetenaires + extending back & along sear this is Jurod - altrong road in front of house with closed blinds till we Come to room with 2 windows having blinds Then (a, B's room) around corner to double don - Here we diamounted - R. B'2 room with 3 windows extends to nearly this entrance - going up the. store steps we enter the store ploned large hall used as diving rom) don into garden Typaile entrance don - U, B'a rom is Jenne at right - room at left of same size on point is for meetings when filgrims are there - dwans on 3 sides, table few chairs - Greatest have, very large, in frame heys a will -+ 2 m 3 other pictures

We were lead in here a ter was some served after who we want rut - at left as we stepped down for this as well as a. B'a norm have a step up to them) was room without window in whe were 2 beds -These were rempied that night a the next by Dr. Eadlemont & Ehr hadag -Appraite aide ghall was a corresponding room blinds closed as I said post whe we drive before reaching cours - Out in garden who was a mill were a deed tree, a some vrange & a lemme tree ladened with ripepuit geraniums, was de de - walk led round on lefe to room where cooking hano done, small o derk - a Triental closet next it a stone ploor with prention shaped alit, preculier shaped, long, alender ruple, + handle beadel 2 come metab - Edna explained use 2 this-further than Dr.B. He sind water was need to cleance as proper or my inere considered to be meleon - Jasked her how women used the water + she told us the tong curred nogle was for that purpose - In case of bowel action you use "water a hand them wash brands - Having been here we went outs arme into the grove give true at arme distance in port of don where B.W. used to write + where a. B. spread this first for white gace after renting home in wh. B. W. first-lived after gring prestime beyond eitz gales - hus. S. + I went into garden surrounded by high picket fence painted white - gate measure line uns unlocked . We went down fratte beside perce at left - space at right was filled with Howering plants, + sour orange trees + others 3 shuttered windows + etchs to door were put guorden Leonae appearently Then come the stone building a Jamt proper with 2 barred windows on this aide + other around the enver - The garden is devided into beds with tiles on end around each + walks around them - tank I water for watering garden is near gate who was looked + walk leads to gate opposite this abor locked + leading from garden to open space outside - There was room with 2 windows barred adjoining room of Tout perfer Very large flower pots in which were plants - along pence were vines + trees of premier red flower + other land a yellow plower -The door (the key to who is kept by keeper) being reached after short The door (the key to who is kept by keeper) being reached after short welleform gate top along pence was unlocked + Themed + we went in + removed our aboves - nerrow shelves for articles was at left-+ 3" steps covered by mys lead to double dons, me of which unsopened (trease dons are locked) but I'm getting about I my stry - He walked for some time in garden - + sam the Bulijet from the garden + the long plight of steps up to worken door in worden here building 2 stories high - mos P. Led sent me. C - back with F. Ther own accord to prevent I's going - as he was repat auxious to don' Shight Called us for lunch - & we were served to rice + chopped must + ment + firtate, + ranges wh, 3. Wed gathered from garden 2 a. B'2 line just below Sunch over we all climbed into a B'a way on & Sefandice drove us to the little line with spice room on top while B. occupies at times & in tate garden of whe aid reverted the 150 tablets in July when were sent to U. S. a . the went into this garden & were told how and moved from His chin as an charged - 3 days from enly a, h, F ere

B

Her S, would here the climber the staris on outside gloras up to roop there J. took findme of Tomt in distance with his & my compres - at corner wears a.B's room. Down, into carriege to grave yard to see grave of Babo brother in law in endrance with trubative cut to give detall 2 make, date de Back in carriage & on to street new The Barracks- We climbed many alone steps to large filatform where Eng. arldier was my guere - after ame frees S. went in a made arrangements for our going in - While Jurkes were here it want every + fin went them to are norms where priamers were kept after landing - We went three hall to room where men without families were hept; across from this where B.W. was placed then out + along anne distance to where a, B. remained - He was anne of the feelings of the disconfort of the principles because of their kenowledge of this station & their respect - reverence for Him prevented their rest at He went to gov, + add In other quarters & lives told there were not . a. B. said He know g a place of pointed to it + was tild it was place where dead were kept & washed. He has aware of this het "wasn't afreid & went there - For 2 weeks they this lived the larment being in house across court from here in a house the Attens alor went there - as we were looking in place where a, B. lived an Eng. Hier asked who had lived there + whee was there peculia about the room as some were there in Q. In. booking at it. Shighi said at was recupied at me time by One we greatly esteened -The building was recupied by pricess, one room had brands on which men last plead their clothes + with pushes were scrutbing them with anap + unler - Tent occupied a large open quedrangle -We went round + upstains to soldiers quarters un browhere in small room facing alex with 2 windows & niche for light - in place where during day on kind g elevated filetform (gatme, likeform) the mettre and write different of the filetform (gatme, likeform) the mettress were filed - across hell from this was room where He stord to look at filgring who came from A to get a slance at His This room was recupied by men dreading as we didn't grin - the were shown adjoining this where family lived - Then we went up to roof to see walk the Pureat Branch used to take a where his life ended - G. H. S. sam him go up + his exalted most Hamelly when taking his exercise here he would count his steps when near spening und grack - This time he lat count because I his exalled frame junied & fell manyled to flow below where Sitt Siefuns standing - He had been writing Jablet reverled by Bills + was an Unilled at B's unds he said " may my life be a sacrifice to enable people come + see B." B. said in permanents after a silence "It is a sighted "- He want up to norf + fell-His writter come to him & ran to B. begging Him to save her an-Baaber hur whether she preferred him to live or for him to be a sacrifice for the coming I people to been or for pening I gates Jaca

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Sobbing ale gave her consent for the accripice. Then the boy 22 ground was asked by B. if he waked to take back his words a was willing to pacrifice his life - Being willing he died in ahro time at in 2 months gate were frend - From window gB's Form we looked down at house which a, B, used to reinfy at we frund the antro + knew a Bio return had arrived _ > S. tork us into I mut before lunch - & chanted for us before unboding very quetty door of room in which repose remains. He went in of birt out "frint diale (decreted while chine) filled with Jacanine Heromor aprinkled them on stone step - threaker 2 room -Us we entered covered room with shelves where we left shows we climbed 3 store steps evered with rugs & at don we were given researcher ou nie hands by 3 - then we want along some distance on beantiful my to large then spipe if the first wall g room on side where we entered (1) This hot us to al sto side (2) long beautiful my lead up alfory well 2 to door ab end (3) whunscircut by the heavy curtain thing by 9 preasings on breasfiele-In room when spend for was covered by rugs - many lange + a crystal dropped chandelier with glass chimneys hanging from ciling - lamps & vases were arranged in alishe graquine a oblany? after 5. scrittered jasamine on threshold and knelt + toft to left side we approached ~ placed our preheads on stone - Ere I went forward I was overwhelmed + leaving any herd on wall I sobbed uncontrolably but we aloud be several momento -There was a nereas (5) at left of this norm which I finally took in as tre stord there (J. said we were there and him) on table in this recess + against will of interior norm. On this were many lamps + Vases - 3 large old particul blue flowered chine lemps with row globes & same use like those of my days in 92 clarkest. hoken Haven Rom- were in side facing us others were on other 2 sides + large one with crystil pendants was in middle - a deale with aspargges per was maide facing opposite well a me apray us trained up to large cryatel dropped chandilier mete to me in tout room was enchanded from center of ceiling of this recess 2 shuttered mindows on wall at rear of receas, (facing garden) door officite. table - rugs covered this recess - 2 layers on side 2 + 6 + in front of 5- (recess hus elevated a step above rest of rom - long rung rand length of 2+ 7 (the side) some 12 ft long - (30 ft long by 25 ft uide ?) how in the center grow under glass roof (14 windows adjoining cachentter) on sides from tober glass roof goes of) from roof over garden hang 3 iron rods fronte when hang 2 cliendeliers with crystal hendants, one with

lamp in center - In the garden, cement bace resed above rest of flor gravel paths very large flower pots around aides with begoins, gelemins marigred ac center piece alar - leaves + flowers are flugerine growthe Joing in we were called in to have tea with a. B. then were diamisad + went Port under fime trees & had several group frictures & fricture of Into house from here was also taken - (Shoghi took picture as did J. E. Oggroup in garden after coming mit g Inub) Ebu Gadage, dottullah, Dr. C. Sobhi came with abdul Bake after having hunch in High- We saw as we drive there were sockes to on steps + and in cars. We found Fingoing back had, because I higher tide been avalued above usist, water in car, engine stopped, car had to be pushed throw they finally reached H. + changed clothes of a.B. wrote telegram saying He usulfit come gave it to Intfullah to save then Changed His mind + went + S. Meht telegram in His own handwinting. After hunde both cars returned bet mc - without whom to would lieve been unebeto get car back, seeing un norm in curfor him, remained in #- (3) We (Dr. S. Dr.E. Turs. S. Serve + I returned from walk about annaet, Shighir De (Dr. S. Dr.E. Turs. S. Serve + I returned from walk about annaet, Shighir mes. p. a little hate ; just as a, B. was starting for I rub all went in behind this live reaching across side opposite recess strayler in fronder a. B. naing performe bert by 2. for this purpose- Sothis chanted, silence + then a.B. motioned us to leave - We went out after S- went to a Bracher if we were to leave 4-as He began to light lamps in recess - Tall frian lamp in center between table + opposite aide - All stord out in double lines while He lit candles & lamps in both rooms + after annaet + a long wint we went in again + He chanted + left after which all went if + placed my preheads on Threakeld - Keeper had assisted in the lighting Strinke - how S. says room at left of Joint receas is for women veiled from a Mrs. P- revenied behind & urmen waited till Slinghi came to any a. Block is to leave hus, P, alme. He later went for her- She when alme we for as ale uns unable to do before & found relief - (During our visit + ten with a. B. after our return from Barracho A.B. gave this consent for ledies to remain - He peridired be cold + untroportable - but we were willing to rick that - ar were told us runnet leave at T for home in access the R.B. gove were called to carriage Q Bstanding out to direct a see us No gettery, Edue, Seme, Surs, S. P. Shydi N-oue green at Joint went alread with lenter - Reaching house where B.W.-lived for 7 yrs. + where His furniture is rematived, Surga melumont whis bide for 7 yrs. + where His furniture is rematived, 2 beds, 2 metters bride pered don't in we led upstais to find 2 beds, 2 mettresses me flow + divan bed whi Serve tooky Educe + Im plon - g. + S- in humerus norm we in g. H. Seep's norm - next a. B'a ne aide triands front + Holy mothers on rear side - bude grow next humeness - Torles - with the seat like box outloor so high from atome fer that atop was necessary an feet didne truck store floor - I was anale many times but not end a hard - S. Was heard chanting - He later tred us he feared to overale for 200 at 3.30 and the inter the later tred us he feared to overale for rse at 3.30, set table in open room of 3 which rooms opened + at 4.30 began to chart & sing College angs - mis. S. & I here him but didn't her him set Table , He called us at 6,30 so we could ever reach actual were him were with people delaged it. new filgrims came & carriage a. M at america - but people delaged it. new filgrims came & carriage took them up + we waited - heavy alimor - were shown B'a room -took them up + we waited - heavy alimor - were shown B- used to walk

We will the transmitter of the product for the structure active the structure in the structure prime in the product for the structure active active the structure active a hered for which above don't iner action garden. These formation were in widdle 7 garden at a littledictant for which were in widdle 7 garden at a littledictant for which were acted on also frinds corrige the 2 for which and one priced there where on which and the at setter were on river allow where on when on the for a t Remundand the were also the garden for the at a delapited the new also the were close on the for a t for a parter we are a side the and at 7 were a delapited the were the were close of the for a t garden for one entry for a the were the were the garden for a close the action with the the formation of the formation of the action when the the formation of the formation of the action of the the formation of the garden for a formation of the action when the the formation

near river beyond which was road we came by at our right the vegetite garden, down to hill on which doulsey was travelling - Them we returned fivent down three orange + flower garden + out gate merier entrance gate. Then we sat anaiting A.B. Swrite out a copy of hearer my god to Thee ar we could any it correctly at Tout in P. In - Then we walked dompate leading past more fruit trees in either aide to house occupied forwardy by keeper - one upper room of which was B. Wa room - the fords used to be keept in yord at left but now only 2 fewele peacoches were to be acen (hirs. 2. ganene a featur she picked up 2) Over at right side was very large will tree inth stone seat + steps leading down as if propresent to deacend to wat on river flowing hest - When a B came in Ind (plivvergo Jeffery calls it) we went to weet Him - Jaeden brot thim large bunch of double marinans + a few rose buds. a. B-walked down kette Shylii but taken us & we were told to help our aclies tire hid an a Buentas we had done out 1 parts, across, down to end gualk by vegetable garden + back + down other frathe - S. found picked, + Birt to Q. B. a large grape print. He (5) broke it Them + was told by a. Bt= give it to us instead of namel color it was a wonderful shell find colored fully inside rind al same orlon - Then a. B. walked back by other path to chair under the mulberry trees + we were all serted + He gave us a short talk then went m down towards have & looking into prove your told of what afilace it was before war- The dist poundations + setters were most dilapitated - ho laborers can be set laborers can be secured une, man from neighboring garden is helping there - a. B. hopes soon to reatore the place - He seemed very and to see the ruined condition. Then He led the way up the steps unlocked the door + entered B'a room we left our shoes at fore of steps + went up + in -Came sected chains were removed from around wall to other side for us to sit in - a. B- went in a sat in right hand comes - S. came up + told us tog in-howord was said but silence was held for some few comments before a.B. rose's left a we prelowed - The room was to x 20 rugs m floor - white chades, windows closed + chuttered one shade at window neverest don was blown away + ragged edge - a table on left aide prome with premed fictures ? Q.B. + groups - Shoeson we followed a Bout + across the gate to garden across street. Here under arching trees He walked + talked - He planted the arenne gtrees - B. W. planted trees in garden. Spicked 2 n 3 heis from His cost free - Then we with flowers ble had shared with us from brunch given this by gardener were sent in Carriage barke to Jomb, He followed in Bord - Under the mulberry trees in the garden round black stones sige Jegg a little larger + some whit one ware arranged in patterns cach side 3 conducting trough-One over arranged in patterns cach side 7 we say - Reached house + were called in to a, B's norm. He asked about our trip + if we were huppy. (Dr. B- Kundish Sheikh + others came on 6 a. In train 4 a dozen r more came Atomon before lunch - They were called in to are a.B. aborty after their arrival the remained - a.B. read letters & made notes on envelopes - then corrected Tublet whe Sobhi had written ready to send - (Sobhi came as filgrim + was bett to wide Jablet from a, B's dectate

Sinch or nather dinner was served about 1.30. The ladies + first arrives went not lab, a. B. waited + talked to the last arrival - one by me as we rose others took on places + plates - Some gus hursied others ate + killied -The heater was at table last + ate but few wonthepels before returning the ladies had been and in to this room after principing our meal. Some very larges rol pomegrameters had been and in backet from Egypt. a.B. ached J - if he liked them + as he did 3 were put in mylein for him to bring back to Haifa - Showers + gale Howing - a.B. told us we must return by tream - higher before He gave Jef. en envelope full 3 raising - after Edne came in she gave us each ame from His backet of them - While He was writing before P's came she sat oudion of hicket of them - While He was writing before P's came she sat oudion of hicket of heins from His black and of gave me deveral - Jea we served of heerline calies or coordies while, diamond sheped, with filling inside of them heerline calies or coordies while, diamond sheped, with filling inside of them heerline also be atories while between - them cut out with cutter -as of layers dough with mithine between - them cut out out of the out of the out of the cutter about 4:30 he started in Carriage + boys in anto por station - Shoghi was in auto the went ahead to a coffee house + secured 12 cliens + bry to any then to private room in station so we could sit till train left at 7- Sepandel after leaving us at station went for ladies at house - 60 them bat with us - Shoghi coming every nee in a while to see if we were comprised a fetting lanter ac - Train arrival + he went about + accured compartment them came for ladies - Sotfullal stord whell don which reprised to remain closed + 3, + g. went into nextorne -Reaching Haifa- it wasn't raining the it rained rust gray on trainhe carrieges available me started to well - a.B. hedtold us -hus, K-she unle here quite an experience on the way - Street - were very muddy + depressions full g water - many paring anto + carrieges caused us to get out g their way & alar to get applaulied - Shoplin secured carriege part way home but lows. I - was chead - Des I. + I + 4 veiled ummen behind We came in a table uns arm all a south, ment & fortator & rice foudding were served with bot text - Shelfed till Shiragi got brag - hur Chamt left upon our arrivel + waant seen again, Dr. S. washed first gdiahes us hes I sid they couldn't be left till aim - She took bot inter from oatmed double viler + I wifed - and boy came from other limse for diales + find left were before greacy diabes were tackled - Then we retired and after breakfast hus. P. + Seme began & rearrange things in trunke an that her C- might - take ame back with him - I begant hack - Dr. S- helped her them freched lower heart grung trunk - hers, infinished copying DriE's writes on Bill - & Spinished typing his clicities on health & healing - Then beyon to write this - hurs, L. began clicities on health & healing - Then beyon to write this - hurs, L. began toplane to hack + grinthe us-lits of talke & hurs, P- that hurs, L. I should got to the start of the health of talke & hurs, P- that hurs, L. go together + chunt be per to go ahead + welle arrangements & git of a. B. had said mo. S. uns mis. P'a great which shred He That forth should return trigether but as mis & can't remain & keep have she is greatly disappointed at having been to expense of bringing hus, 2. + also are need a keeping her + his given misid or to understand - From & on his been withen Sunday four I T as I have been the busy to get at this since 12th + + hun things have been progetter mi chent when in forusalen with effory went & Corks + learned these the a vessel left part Sail for hapiles connecting the bri 4. S. A. Jan 16. but it dipit

seen provide to greatertiff in time to get this Twe hoped after we Came here to get a teamer direct for W.S. a - Trunks ghus, P- not reidy Jan. 13) The cloudy we started Turs, 2- Jeffery, Shirigy + Ifn Cang Elijah - We found me way there + arrived before it rained but there was a been ahmen while there + high wind - roads filled with findles + alippery on may back - new board don'to Cave was looked but we looked into well - Follow mein road at g Haipa for mile a more hill you crie to what looks like 2 connecting ruined houses up the montant Haip- ateps lead up - wer archivay to 2nd story + steps ent in rock part may up other steps land wer to well marked S 46 - Care is cut into rock which forms its nort o extends back up the but-Jeffery left us in rain to climb up this to wall over it to road under Carmelite monastery + back home - On our way out we heaved the procession of prolice, girls + boys of French schools, band, cavaly to all in hour of Cardinel, who was in percession, Returning our abres were clogged with clay rund - a long procession I canel tied in groups of fours prased us the drivers, Egyptim men Ringing & sleeping m each group - Returned to type Visiting Jublet +c - all weaks were served at our Pilgrim House since our return from arca - 202. E. spent Sunday night with a.B - aler Chu adag. Agigullah Khan Vargha, Mirga halumood, Kurdiah Sheikh He slept monday night in licce + Juesday night returned with Shophie, Ele adag, mahurd, Dr. E- Kurd, Azizullah tehan-theyate with us - hurs, Chant-wanted to leave at night-but by time he had been mached back of fath up + down street by 2ms, p- Lathening it was too late to get his pess - Ouring to Cardinie procession prolie station was not open as usual but hings detfullate had seconed Ruhis Juss to go with anyabillate to Caur in eve. Shighi had armuch to attend to that he where + g. H. 2. being unried - I befrassdych hitched up horses + brys searched streets Till after 10- then returned to find Shoghi had crept in bed just before - Rain wind -Jamily hurs. P. tried to force me to remain till her trunkes were ready for hero Six I to take + let Chant go alove that day hero L. washed - and show all day - after she left me I stopped typing to lay my appairs in a, B'a hands - + in a short Time 3 highi came saying we were to make all me arrangements & let a, B, know Then He would come over to see us - That settled it - Soutpulled secured our presses -Setting returned with Slishi in wagne - Shiresi Tork

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hus, P- to bank - tooked 15 to exchange for met received 135 prester a & + suggested that if Shed more I give it to him + then if necessary later to change it to Wisd- peper -Igare him the 74+ he came back to sway he had ared it for 1371/2 - Day before I took 2 cakes inry + 6 cakes elder ferra 200p, brette og magnit- poran, box og store +\$160 in U.S.a.gola over to House - moressa was there & ladies at - Sater in the afternorn I was called over to take S. H. Seaps picture with my devolab- morecon met me + troke me to norm ggit'stwo levelt infor beside tox containing prictures of Bat + B. W-+ aupplicated + wept till g. H. S. came in - She changed + I helped her fint on pesh vil after ale had searched for ane Unings which she gave me as I left - some dust from Jout gBill -4 candles burned There, a Persian silla handherchief, + an Envelope containing dried blood taken as was lishit in three days of bleeding - + this had been dried - I tork 3 photos mirga malimord's bride game a grey P. hendherchief o mareasa a while rose had from histors along walk not to gate Increase a while rose had from histors along walk not to gate I gave huss 2, a candle - Chant, Dr. E - Dr. 2. went after hunchen 14th to Cave 2 Elijah then climbed up & over walls to be all of the Cave 2 Elijah then climbed up & soil is said to homestary to are have under alter where Elijah is said to have aloged at times One we saw is me used by G.B-3 months after death of B. W- Jeffery uns going again but Stight invited him to return in curiese with him for night in acca- In eve Sotpillab translater rest ga B's talks of what Tunga malimoral took down when we were with Q. B. at Riguran + after we left night heiza malumost stayed I typed them next a.m. In me beste confision we neglected to have a B'a talk of a previous Sunday on hul; Carmel concerning putney H. + a travelated - Ce. B. then samin train the int covered on various alopes with the different buildings, I out completed, meduate ul. agher on lower level than I make matitutions glearning to -Jan 157 Jurs. P. + Seme still at packing till last moments Jan 14 hou conformist missionery who was an ateamer from hey. In hoples with Parson's purty celled after gring E Q. B's house & finding Him in acce Driflow & of your C. Q. under from Jerusalen , They ende short call but promised to return on way back from where they were for homever sent for me just hepre evening week + in 9. A. I's gring talked again me stone burring - huread came back with met

a. B returned a lunched with us - He came in to hall before I went out with my chair - I had buildy stepped me of my room ere I was thrilled in every fiber I my being by a Power I am utterly incipable I describing mever experienced refore - Sottallah - mis, S. fell it when I shoke git - a.B. said but little the He gave us to understand He had left much unlain accents come + bid us farewell - I asked Jugda to have a Bi whe His hands r month on a handberchief of Rots I had but out from my trunket it was done then handed me - Ifrelowed a. B. out to gate behind agiguelab kelven - I stord at gate teals welling down my cheeks - G. B. reached garden gate then turned sam R. K. + me, + spoke to ask. Chant came out behind we to hoad + stord + a fem minutes later Educe preasing out sporke to Chent where plied he was not to get glimpse of a. B. for he might meneale thim -She + he present of I went down street + back supplicating for strength + help to do this Will - Came back because carriège was coming up street + went towards ketchen don to dry my leves as perfile were on port-porch- some came to trilet and went to front & Shighing left hus, p.a ealed me if he should secure interview for me I said it wasn't necessary I didit insh to trouble a.B - Dr. E. + Sere went up to Irub after tea as we hadn't her called to a. B. a feared to be away when He Bentfor us - adre came about 2 with a B's cost ent out told us we could baste it if we miched - I tasted re seam + Jeffery took down mosquite met mer 2ms L'e hed to put mer his. Slingy helped - He prefored to fix himself up alrein the room adre aclosed him to go men for a 13's coat but he was too may & I immediately went - Holy mother was marian beed no fillion made of 2 tim piails evered with a clothet sneid was suffing her leg vi have several A filgrins ouflow. She rse as I reiched don- kiesel me + invited meter sit. I should be my needle + thinkle + motioned to a B'e cost In other drivant said adressent for it - She permitted me to take it + leave + I found several heirs - Serve was called anay after basting we seame + fulling it in + I basted it mer + puit in other 1/2 gerat & facing beside basting eleve-Then it hat to stitched + turned before more was done -I gave her my fim ? gold with greatest have mit + sent over by the wy ring with Robs "emerald from engagement ring to unverses -

Mrs. Sogie and finished precking all but bottle of olive oil adre was to bring her. Wayne came at 4 for trunkes. music's immense me, my ateamer, one for Ino, P+ another large heary ne full gher lace dresses of aumer clothes - then movemen sent 2 boxes g & large cans g vlive Fil + one box of household stuffs - ten, himey or - by us + other things by Persians - about 5, 30 mes. Chant was called to meet a. B + later hus, S, a) were sent for - Visitors determed this during afternom - Dr. E. bot back for each 2403 - from Tomb - bags dual + pièce of candle - miss 2. went in to see family for in to a. B. Shophi interproting - a.B. was very tried - Iremaind in while a. B. sportee to hus, S. + Holy Inother, gitte S- arme in & set pipesite a. B. Juba + humeron + Edne neu dore, I was seated in chair opposite don at a B'a left o hus. S. we wmy left- I list been very weak all afternoon from Bower fell-at non - During interview in tens & I cant tell what He said save that I was to return where I could have good practice + again He asked length g my stay + told me it was proportionale to my work - I have since realized I us there 5 weeker B days indend of less then month as I ted Him. Deant see where idea of arriving Dec. 17 became fixed for it was 8 to He tred hars. I she had been there under this training + she met show forthe the puilt of her visit + I that the meant must show forthe gothers but she didn't sense this mean. for her to be that for gothers but she didn't sense this mean. there along to them & left - Shophi took us to anto there along to them & left - Shophi took us to anto which was braiting & said that in all the forevell which was braiting & said that me had been as future as mist he felt a B. realized the great tests we were going into in ansia - His eyes were closed as He talked many were the unds that fell from this lips of the I fail to recill them I feel they took effect spiritually & bountiful were of butter, bread (5-loanes) chiege & 2 meet cities in 3 loans heardes 71 Teggs - Hugila took us to station at 6,30 - Shorehi role down with us mirga halumord, Sottellah, Shiragy Dr. E. were at station to creefor boggage tickets, compertment ac - they come + talked with us + brot our bend boygage to anto as we art awaiting time to go on train - they bot preas + took my boygage of staged till train left - hus, 2, of were but in compartment which had been waniped by 2 were but in compartment which had been waniped by 2 addies how I biggy hering been a arther + is governing

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employ in Haips for 8 months trund them out for us-as it was for Civilians, chant was with us till we retired then separated my by this partition intaide trilet on our other aide -16 Persieses were confortably aettled in 2nd class carriege - after others left train started we ste Sottallah hadtens in his eyes - He had been together andrugt on Sati De Eines to leave after & who- stay & then he knew not what or when he was to do only serve hus B, Fryite said hed ber too bray to be in have to citer to her & hers - Ifelt very any for 2 - He his been imposed on 20 yrs, ago Rot + June marciel + well te more an -Jan. 162 Such a night - one window was closed other shuttered but it was orthe windy & how wind whiled round my head & them roop + partition was voliged to go out for hun C- to assist me in denting to my bunk leather cualinos decidedly dusty & dirty - I used my featent leather gif in which were bottle milted mille + or anges for my fillow-fully dressed is alifihed on predded jacket. Covered my head inthe Hack will square + put me + coat over me - these things alifihed go frequently - I was cold + stiff from wind + hard brunka - up + breakfast wer at 7.30-It amount have been 8.30 r later when we reached Kanteral -We proved 9 kilos (miles) g camps of tents - thereards grundes + many throands of Indian arthiers - ordinance - all war equipment - realy at moments notice to gain their first - Baggage was frielly taken over to Customs house a into farthest comer where Pi's later birt theirs -We have arise learned it was a new military place + the many Theils new at the braines hence great delay of minuteness at first we that we abould have had our things placed in room pratentered + as have been three arouse but we later realized the Window of the arrangement - Mrs. P'a large trunk was placed on a lorrie other them rest of baggage hence Tur. C- went with other lad + ne winted a long time ere one we were on was ready - This gave hus . S. time to explain in some detail the Cause to an eager Ey-Then - & alao await the A fulgrins departure - Reaching the Sweg Canel we were held up and how or ar, Chent was writing for keys to our trunks + \$1,36 duty on my typewriter - any-Then prevented shewing of me baggage but ere it could be weighed, tickels bot + physician's certificate I bealthe oblamed the Hoch was lost , we lied to sit round till 3 - her, Chant treat the whole 19 to cup gtea + cakes. Itook out our oranges + disposed 2 them + dispelled a tendency to headashe due to lack 2 coffee for buckpart - at 3 we went tinter comfortable 12t class compartment with seating capacity 76 - I unvan in it - an hours ride, fore 491/2 prinsters birt us to Portsaid - Frare from Haifa to Kantasa # 109 piesters - We secured Cook's man to get cat + take us to Cooks baggage all followed - chant then went for almed yagdi- when enne which took us to Hotel de la poste i hurs, 2, a have

row tragetter 4 2m. C. room 14 - 60 frieders per day meals + room - 2 whatry 2 beds - linden - rug in pront god - word-2 nobe with minor door 6 horks allef driver, stand for 2 veddels . driver - wash stand with mirrow closeb with 2 abelvesunder neath glassdors, double, with transon, open. ing outo balcong which runs length offors- after baggage was in rrow, trunks at cooks, we what out for cardor wh to post office & backfor dimen - after which we wrote cards-+ retired -Jan. 17 Baturday - We rose after 7, 30- hurs. L. ordered batte, had to wait 1/2 he frit- + daid alid be there 1/2 he to avalaber calouses TH. Stoldher it was necessary to get out to work early which didn't pleaseher hur. C. came in & we went out balcong + talked finally deciding he better go down to healefont + our to cookes - after we had our breaksport also had to go to mail a card at office which is across the atreet & entruse is about 1/2 block up - Then we to Cooks & up to american Consuls. We were told of steamer. some going direct The + concert aent one This officers with us to this shifting The . after sometime we were told to return in 1/2hr - then we went to board I health a left paper containing our newson my statement concerning our health hund roturn + show ticket do arm as we secure them dearing here we took capto price station which proved to be across street - this was all adjusted for all time + paceports ready to leave - hegt the went back to adipping office - They had wind head office in alexandrie - ur anaver yet - call again 3.30 - hest drun to Custom's House to see about my type writer - Hadto Juny \$1.36 duty mit in Kantare above receipt for that payment lieve & get it backe- They asked for news number of typender a it sund be alerm Backe to hotel for it down again - Tafter much waiting red Take - proper papers were made not + primed Ergetter ready for 3 pinter stamp (official) for tax. Then day steamer leaves I nevet present pipers, get my £1.31 + ping 20 priesters - Sunch shopping - back at 4 to shipping thee - no news but we learn stemmer gres to Pireus + we wait there 10 0/2 days - ho thank your Returned with eards + worke till dimentine 6 - 8, lunch 12breakfast 7-9- after dimmer wrote till 5:45 then over to Cinema to are + hear madam Butterfly - Good aiged cement therter, good acate with armo - kind guillow or came, 40 near front more in rear + very much wore for baleony on sides + near - These chains were held in place by a strip of board both back + front near floor high ceiling -electric lights, no platform but lattice screen 41/2 a 5-fe-high with turkey red muchin stretches across on inside, served to screen the

munarcians - plano, brokins, cello + - munical series rendered by instrue ments + weal arlos by men + urmen with good voices - made the opera very realistic - Performance lasted 2 hours 9-11 - as it was not ora a block away not much time was consumed en route - good andrence - In pour left hand corner was place screwed If catacon nor - with window at which upman stord, gogles at her eyes + 2 trys ontaide - until performance began - Sater our curiosity concerning this was gratified by learning that inside under urman's care were hepe. cigarets + a weets which were presed during the incredibly short inter vals of changing films - her delays + long white - a policement file man with have beliet store the work performance at fife pont-Jan 18 hot having beard concerning sailing of Greek steemer we went but after breakfast to look round for return preserves are went but after breakfast to look round for return preserves and dongthe but after breakfast to look and any are him the message learned that day before a atermer left for high accured address of Stapleton atust day before a atermer left for high a secured address of Stapleton alifying from - We walked to end gateet & turned to right - hos s-alifying from - We walked to end gateet & turned to right - hos sgot a Wy + followed him alread I us as we went upstains in place we that the one to which we had been directed - French marine -Out + Den sign & pressenger spice - door locked - Repping bot ments door - He told us & versel that had just sailed - curre boat only -In Queeks preadinger boat from India to by - but he didn't know whether there would be any vacancies - Twis, I. was soon found + she had another address - We met one gette Persians revent to the P. filgrim house door & saw all of them but didn't a cupet their invitation to gr up - He did per mile me getter to gr up with usto A. Yagdis while two & went her way - the continued to Cook's, Crize + back to filgrim house where we met this 2. She had brund an Eng-officer eagerfor the Wearage-names+addresses were exchanged of she fell-remarded for obeying impulse togo the gramed of the fell-remarded for obeying to make the gained writing by me trip muleas it was to make us decide to broke via haples-next a. In - Had lunch Jan 1Din afternoon we went to a yagdis store & he invited usto New, gave us seats, sent out for coffee - Talked - Jan I D. he told us he had received the 3 boxes aent in our care but had he not been conand, sent piciel letter + clerk - the military authorities & Kantarale unle here heft all - It is only a real hat + they assume anthonity not in existence in Custom's house across river - Spent sundry afternoon in writing this up after actors rever spent sunder for a sent some 30 - beaide letter finishing card miting, must have sent some 30 - beaide letter to Sotpellah asking for translation 9 a. B's talk at I out gBat. Rain + very cold - after dimer her: C. + hus. S. went to bed. I next into writing salow to write but the sailor boy was there reading went into writing salow to write but the sailor boy was there reading Big Blow. I worte only a little while when the boy asked question & then I talked tope give a detruit & them I talked till 9,30 + relised

Jam 19 Rose, dread & was ready for heikfast about 8 - out to Corks B before T.30. booked me presage on steamer Orontes, drove to Italian Conculate, back with parafints to Cooks- Chant went to american Concul 4 then hus '2. ~ shopped - the Conand told hur C - to exchange priesters here 3ª In lies - ashe had done & much money made thereby - hund. The we dedined my doing ar - Shaid his is a fare + my non - ± 15 each + I can use live for pressage to U.S. C - Bot amber beads ±1-12, charm + pin for Schillings to day + 3 at 3 bot maltere lace bag £ 1.11 - 3bokes Judich delight 6 shillings , peul chein 1. 50 bearde post cards o stamps - Higa gelin 3 brass naplein migs 2 she cach - olive word chain buds 10 firsters 14 hr 200 bes IL. Went out after writing with hus, 2 - + found a crystal for my watch Returned + natched her play solitaire + followed sunt several 5 in bed with steamer rugs mer us to keep warm -, h in au Jan 20 a noray bruch of French men & immen + officers from りん 31 atenner made merry in the diving room before we went down + for how or more afterward - many new arrivales - I have the a. In going over to cooks for further sleves we seen deveral Li steavers in Canel - Rome, assure, morea, aurthor whose th have we couldn't make not - all cooling - many new pi herfile matriet a truckes full I baggage - after his lunch. we went out to are Cork again + I to get lisa - We wet 14 lai 5 women from me steamer in search 2 eating place They were going to India - vegetarians - 7 for# ±66 I received let es. 3220 line bank of Rome gave 11 + firend of yagdi gave 12+ Dame bank gave 21 as agained 24 finesters to the dollar -1/2 hund - received tickels a went to Samilary Depit, last night & this a.m. again them to crokes for fixing up of typewriter - down & after long unit for head men had to come back for it - Seare it get money, receipt for program of get it on way to ship matamp - then order on I could get it on way to ship hund - stopped + got yagdi to change \$20 into firesters + then when I was there this P. m. he came in + went with sween who went for my change , got it in line - 4:30. C. & how S. went lie Ju 21 h ch we w cl to corbes to see about brat , Eng. money given men I write this up while has I. write her letters - This a hive walked out Ira to promenade which led not to De Sessels monment & back round the lighthouse - Eng sails still here - Think Sherent de de described sidewalks under 1 at dwelling story - Sidewalks are broad enough in these cases for tables + chairs to be set against 4 4 building + across near a treet, still learing had presege for hedestrians - its roof from ploon glat atory + is supported at edge by posts + arches between them FA many Hidgs, here 4 etrus -S 2 21 C

Bank & Rome is 2 dons below, hile Cold storage for anatralian ford + large prench department store face us the latter being on comer Jother street which lasts up to Cook's near Canal + on other side -Telegraph office around corner from Cooks - Eratern Exchange Hotel is no same side of same street we were on dragonally across from French department alove - yogdi was across from lestel some side as French store - Several Trips were made to Corks before dimer + I was prompted to godome to see Pericens but the others peared we might be animored to brat + that I right to be there - so after reading The Egyptian hail for Jan 20 which contained news 7 election 7 new French minister to aveced Clenencean, Bourgois? articles proton on Segue phitino, Vislam's policy to burs. I, o I retired - ready to be called tany time - Was analae many times + up hace before 7.30 -Springet If, fint on clean combination + at 8 hu. C. kurched on told us Corks man would be here for baggage - Put right dotte in bag + did up rug en shaer atrap - Hassan came for things - we stiffed to have bel made no for each - 30 priesters for me - which torla 3 Eng. 2 1+6 causing me to hay 1+6 mole than if I had praid in Egyptian privaters - home of latter left - Seft addressed botton envelope for privarding letter from Sottfillah y it comes - thent in for coffee, fried eggs + jam I gave head waiter 2 oficiators same to Headan -1/2 picater for stamp for letter - + came out - Our baggage has m truck & we went on to two others enroute for baggage Swent about to get my typemiler then on to persport where we left them upon our arrival - Corkis man in charge 2 cart furshers, heiled cookis boat + luggage was put on r we wilt another me - Reaching steamer which docked at 3 Q. In we steered first for furser + accured room 13+14 + 43-Chant was in room with another man up forward - Ours us back by Thiars questos & diving room of hursery - Salon deck us above & music, writing & library combined auther deck about - Sounging chairs & divians covered with cretone slip no 4 baige covered card tables & aquare malingoing the, fine, rugs 4p 5 ships we saw craling in Canal yesterday were gove -Some me said this ship came from glasgow Alustratia was under name Orontes in stern - hey trunk, anit case, grip & shawl strap with typewriter + hurs, Logies showl atrafe bundle - big

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her immense trunk in comer some distance away -Run I opened my griper case + hung up night things then if n deck to talk with Chart - Stamer was 24 10:15-a. In - Chant said hurs. S. had a regular treade with Cork's man on deck G-C a h all stewards look a request marker when who were man to beek the all stewards look ing me + aiging her up - Chant that I -reasonable for taking us to Cooks + all our baggage, trunks huj left there + baggage taken to hotel, from hotel + Cooks to huj deck of steamer, cart furshers given a shilling apriece cash (2) hu we cannow in separate row boat from toggage - herd man dre ou duty till baggage mas find for - togs + sancers for firs at 11 in salow boulling in silver poto + cups + sancers for firs each und leaced on table - hun is - complained of theme. each was placed on table - his. 2 - complained grhenme. alin train which preventer her alesfing during night - kydown Nr I took her a cup of the hat broth found her packing her Sh toods. She arm came up to where I was writing a steamer was seen going to Port Said + 3 sunken ones were at our right only durt distance from where filed left us - 12.30 hunde, with some fish, entres, how cold meets 74 Ja in 20 salads, vegetables, cheese, puddings, muts & frint + coffee served up en in Lounge, tea at 4 Eng. slices of buttered brend, for of tea, cakes + biacut a la Huntley - dinner at 7- bed at 9- not all sents at tables in de in center Johning salon are occupied + none gaide mes dri Central tables seat 3×8 sides 2×6 l Sentral Labres sear 2×0 restarginficence in rooms occupied Drealized there must be great arginficence in rooms occupied on this trip - 9, 23, 16 Returning, train 55, PortSaid 6, steamer In this trip - 9, 23, 16 Returning, hus 5, 56, clast 57 4 14 411 la Jan. 22 Hurdy night. I wrhe coughing deveral times, trouble with Jan. 22 Hurdy night. I wrhe coughing deveral times, trouble with theroat difficiety in awallowing - rough night - got out my copy provellers harrative + by an to read yesterday - read copy provellers harrative + by an to read before 10.30 + lay + and this a. he then being aleepy I went to bed before 10.30 + lay + dogd till 12:30 - dinner at which hors. I. was dusatisfied, had and the 12:30 - dinner at which hors. I was dusatisfied, had la di Lr li aleft worst gain + Chant heartated to grim - He had and to stark T disafferred - ho dinner at table last night for him tra n After downed I wrote hors Cormichael a 12 page letter, read, shipped SU tea - mrs. L- un C- in for dinner - She haid it to her brivels wet n 1 L and at I which didn't stay with her - Say in Source till 4then I helped her down + undreased - chint with today -La a High unto wind, versel rolls, + filetus byturns, sprayflier so Er windows of sampe infort & sides are branded - convas infort side - windows & diving non branded - water seeps under door of

nuns acrosshall on flor glounge - 2 wiching rooms with light - 2 chins a divan are either aide gatairway 3 windows projecting out deck - mens anothing room with tables for cards + writing is some distance backprojecting farther them this + I think other kike I upper windows , central hart gaining room - Have finished Ilavelle's herrative written this & un hill reture & to morrow night probably elech in hiples - Slept tetter last night - wind was nother aide gbrach hirs. I had ached for water (hore) & when maid came for hot water carries book tot it to have showed a lewing hot water by carrier Inne, took it from her, showed a leaving hot water for I I dreased + came out - This seemed only usac way as she tose first a his on boat aponged, groaved, took her time with lacing abres until I finally crawled mt & david I greesed as she rese at 7.30 3 better hurry to be ready for 8 oclock headsport -She informed me it would be record till 9 -This dien rolls an I can't ait aterdily & Dam going to relive Jan 20 Word was praced nound before dinner hast night that wireless had been received forbidding atermer docting till 6 a. In-20 before dinner ale alourd down to we that she had stopped entirely - Packed type writer in trunk & toole me coffee + estables in case we needed them in neples - This a. In- rose before deg light. Turs. I. up + dressed her feet & batted ere Inne - this dressed when breakspace bell rang - both were preched ready to land - Breakfast - gave during room sterind & shillings -41/2 to each bed norm steward & stewarders - Turs. I - Said last night ale had caused man wher spoke german + 5 other languages to ash for literature - caus & talk did it - after dinner she strited to tel living one landing & Eng. man when sat next them reading asked her to talk in armenthe lang - tota her it was an Quy, alight + Eng. men had lost too much by germans to care to here the language - She said ur une but went on with her arlitare & he arri left-She erre went down for a Big Bene + gave him + some ? principles to We decided to go where the german weath hotel patria - 25 mis. I - tachled an Eng. soldier + for un hour or more stord at side of vessel on dech as we went into harbor giving him the message - hur. C. + I had seen several vessels in harbor one plying er. s. a. plag up ligh-Ere we left brat Jerman had hailed from brats in water a guide to take cere of his & our baggage - He said a bout of Station line left to-day + we could get it - Pasaporto une ised + healthe beening given us by Theers when branded adip

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Arrangements were mede for all our baggage Germans tous & modelies to be taken to wharf - Baggage was stored on Wharf - g - went to Patrie & we were taken to steemalif 4 $^{\wedge}$ The in big anter - Head men out for home - we went up to 1 entrance & Bertolim's Hotel & down other aide g hill 15 them market streets - a am funeral procession, flowers fort mourners not carriages used save for body & florers horses had black + red tassels on herness - red find agreen t briage formed a linge floral prices - Back to ships the we walked to Patria to find Jerman gove to police station no knowing when hed return. the left word wed be at where -+ walked there - Waited till 12.15 & were then told we must with another home - Chinet + hus . S. were hungery + as we were in reatannant They ordered eits I to the meaning a few monthfuls - they demud theirs + then ment + pertate + print + wine then they went out - 9 or german + his hundeman agent come They were there arme time ere C. + S. came - agent got linging + german + he + guide autodown- to lat-1/2 gal June, mecatoni, mut oprtato, bread, Palad, cakes + ger-Saat by window looking outo square the in which were pessengers for steamer with their laggage, porters ac continually preasing - I saw man from ships office + 0 told others guide went out + finally but man in sunch to his diagnat but otherwise we might atill be waiting Well he took one persoperto + later but head man + 3 others with their pupers ac ce - I had 3110 lies Ja taken + that left me 300. mr. C. said he hadn't but ち \$20 worth ar Turs. S. but out B60 american dollars + 2 trouble arise men started to go & leave us but Seina h who had figured my lies & her money made them U finiale job - curriage called C. would with grinde a 4 as 3 men of shipper- to get bills exchanged for his-, 9 . tig banks closed - they got it & finally when we have 5. about despired they came your as ticket, our n

geanerlogy hiving been laken once more. We were led not round - about, ticket + presports out yain - + by many a devins way we reached steamer getman coming - We frink trunks + hand baggage on decke his. S. + I went to rooms + baggage we but in by land porters which had them in cheye-Logie preperred room 5 ar C. had 4- She immediately chose berthe fortherst from door (2) + left me (1) C.+ quide then went to register 2 large trumps which went in hold - all back to salon + tills settled - German made not itanized bill for Sogie + prevented quide's charging a fortune as he hed filame Jalkabent miracles - Ir days events were nothing leas -He left about 5 - Dunpicked necessities, funt on blue action + cliffor dress as mis. S. had on his grey setting -She lookat well as also had head voices of germans in hell a, B. tred her to give measage to Jesimons & she know what was heppe her & decided in appear well at frist the all went in todimer + ast at table with man who divides his time between U.S. Q. + Staty + East- ly men acrospon meis une grover in Cel- gent Lille grie were the other occupients of Table - White hired, flowery Apreched men next Tues. 1. said only 20 mbrard at genora - 6 y.m. C.a. men- at me table 2013 priestone another - Have written this after dinner in music rom where a mon lived br fimpine evidently + stailled his here playing most of time - operance - singer-frant of time here is so tried somet retire -Jan 26 - Used weathol pluit before returing on my prehead back neck muscles were very tende - Hound upon retiring that there was no loss without home gain - window over mrs. L. 'a bet was in line with bright light in hall + I would have had difficulty in sleeping with it - This a du wrote long letter to mary 'S - straighttened out accounts inthe chant + Logie - hirs. L. rived we \$101.83 + I oved C. 11.26 as my share of porters tips. baggage tariff & quide in highles -I had find hus L'a fare from Port S- to heples & part of that bettis aleener - Read some & I ghan, withed decket repeated prayers - after lunch finished accounts + read

prayers, listened, in missic norm, to musician - then he began at this - hurs. S. came in to tell me she had given the merage to hursband, wife & child en vonte to 2. y- where she hi ar hed sieler - He had been Conaulin Arabia - R. C'a - In the the a. In - she gave it to Cal man at our table & last night to hu one who ails bearde her - 3 on other ship - 4s ale stood Cr teside me + I spoke & learning Dann player abe repeated he it, 3 verses, & it simply thrilled me - She then said it was a, l Hightory with greatest news after it 9 5 times, Shews Tree kneeling in B'W's I out lech time ale repeated it & then Inh. came the illumination - It took her would to learnit. le Beautiful sunny day - music by Conard - he played at aight RC many selections from a hips booke + broke + pieces ? his own before dinner - lifter dinner I walked deck for long time menorizing the PL Dann prayer on treezy aide as I was alone there then and m beach at rear sheltered from wind - Finally went to my room + n ere I was undressed hirs. 2. came not an 27 I continued to memorize Dawn prayer + began to type extract of Jablets + Jalks g & B- which I copied in Heifa from his Barnitz. mes. S. came in for map after lunch as I went into dimfan frec ingrodu for short time then back - after dinner also came in vege from table + Raid ale was going to undress + be comfortable in ted - I typed till 9 - Jiff - with hurs. I. before retiring over alaming do lie chy Jan 20 hove typing & mentiging - only went to meals + back-Reached gibraltar + serve filled with craldust + over 10 men came almat at once - 1.30 first basket was dumped in ship- at 2 231 pla on other side from similar server home to go ashore beense can J'entagin m board - One said influenza, another and i's cases of the sleeping sidences developed about as arrias ship left haples - Coaling till 4.30 when brats left us for the day-Dizen or more war vessels in herbor + several steamers hec 901 ont the We are some distance from shore - non boats filled with apples & nenges come along aide of us + herfile bot them-Beantiful, warm, anny days - at night - pretty aight -Torme in crast twinkeled like stars - tom of gibretter wil han 2.0 6 to vessels hepre it gove appearance IX was tree with had + green electric hights Trinkling - Batto -Jan 29 Thins - Restless night - Hace - gas, cold are, fleshes rel Ha no Heart yesterday + discharge 7k - for several days - better triday - yesterdly must have been change I more ab She gri 9.

hen yelling on could best by 7 - hus. In complained of being in him a nor aleep - cramp in less + atomech + diggy - She cats ar under geverything & dreamt exercise - I eat but little of The fish a meet & myber before last my month abound of had been privared by prod an yesterday I didnet - tinde ment -Coal same left about upon a we started again - some preservers come on brand from gibrallar - I unhed for a time in hur, C'a horn next rus as mis. I didn't rice hel much mon - She has given masage to 6 - yesterday while reading in romme next deck above, y. Lu. C.a. man ale had given it to came in a while streng were talking R.C. priest come arm & leve + Jet his 2 confederates + they listened while ale read from "Unrealing & Dinne Plan" - This P. In- after 2 - we had to be meinded hop and - I condit got mt git - Several herfile did not feel hungry" "preferred to recline nather them est to - at night-fam. 30. Suite arme motion during night - henry here ester in their norms - candiflower in batter fried in deep fat, this poteto calces, emile pieces gliver + strips of floored prate fried in deep fat, some kind of regetable, me said, were all acroed no mighter - very testy -ice cream inside glining sprage calle + calle covered with bot chreater area _ Johny Sprinsbertyping rules g Jablets & Jalk chreater area _ Johny Sprinsbertyping rules g Jablets & Jalk 23 //4 typewritten pages - recliment just before 3, doget; talked & plannet about house & mypeture - Chant didn't go to hunch table came in 6.40 + talked till dinner bill rang - I a just getting where he can plan for animer work - hers, I. asked a. B. y she were to go back to ber achive work or to work for Zurs, P. a. B. said no to both works work work zurning run & night teach teach teach the Carse - Icach the Sermans - She is going to buy a Creame ver will chant - She said converting about hirs. P. giving her runney to have but to the said converting about hirs. P. giving her runney to have her teelt fixed. Jaied to alove If expenses gtrig out Chine-to be could get hus. P's enoug - she couldn't get any till hus. P. returned - Don't like hers. Poor work for. yet Take her money? Has bot collars, shawls, beads ac ac - She dropped that she was in roming house business or rooming + boarding for years & know all about it, gave it up because it want whet it wash to be she is to address large meetings Troppications in fingers presents her grasping anything - acietica - bouels dont act - auto intotication German born on 1 at Wilhelmina 52 Coges old - Baden bon?

あるは国かられるとのえるとし er 3 While deal rede a part in contract with the contract of the second of th 6 5 723 3-2 chat 3 272 2227722 S g barlet und in which poling to here to in the pechanter are article up avoyed - Have been around growing lellet hat 2:30 is 5: 3 is 6: 3:30 is 7: 4 is 7 - 4:30 hours 1, 10 2: 1:30 is * 2 Countin a polingarden? green ratten chains + tibles for anothing drukeny, cards in Sauppine - a center prese = 2 conurs 4.30 beg ge

Jan 31. Sat - Thinished committing Dawn Phayer - wrote Tues Baker Juples - Jo giovanni La Francesca, 44 Rione ameder Sunch was bologue + salled clives, vermicella, kidney melet, beal stew with red sauce inside sing 2 boiled hasty pudding -Sate little vermicelli, cheese, pear + 2 tangerines beide bield dest night they served chicken + ice cream, the sighted the first of agres Islands about 9.30 could hardly tell whether it was cloud effect or real sut - from the fealing garden Perhapsiturs II r 11. 30 before we could are it at our light side + Spaced it during hunch lifter lunch sat on deck of gaged till 2:30-them our course changed a we sterred away from last part git hertes Here + there a town, village & house - Some near shore Rowe ne aides - The American at our table who has lived for 20 yis in Italy said that a road near edge Juster connected the various places - Steep high wall grock on water's edge in places - Green putches = vertically + horizontally by rows of atores ? The last part presed this man said was all desert for miles there want a house to be seen - at 2:30 Devent inx dozed awhile - hurs. L. came in after tee at 3, 30 - played, orlitaren Iwent into sunsie room to try to read - Couldn't welk no our aide 3 decke because gatrong und + arme spray + spray nother aide all time - Pafter dinner noise 3 men prevented my reading as they usurped during room as well as longing norm & aide mes - hirs. I. went from table & hed - Complains of swell in norm & brindow runat be wide for days night - no we clase thinks it necessary - Heffind at each flace a the paper which proved to be for declaration 2 taggage - again our whole history taken - it - too Teb 22 many cupty places at dimer leat might + trday the afrent west of day in fralm room - no time when there was more than I alan there - horth wind, white capsor there was more than I alan there - horth wind, white capsor afray flying west 2 day - considerable enotion - Mrs. S. on may permy most of day considerable when - Mrs. S. on Huch on deck, abelted, talking to Cal- wine men an Italian? I wade out baggage declaration, read Ighan, changed under-Wear, wrote in this + will try to write to room a closelforthole wear, wrote in this + will try to write to room a closelforthole Bid at before dimment + after dimment went to her wich, opened it of the She came, complained of swell which made her wich, opened it of the hurst to retire - I picken which said I couldn't stand ar unde hurst to retire - I picken of any book said I couldn't stand ar unde buse to retire - I picken get sick so I ender go out - + left-

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*d 0

Let 3) life in palm room till 11. 30 reading Sylven one young men have reading all day are mealting - wrote brother + aister notes to be miled in h. y. idea of decing them arou hund are Burgess about fafer goon a tell brother, are sister if also is home them return, frack + go Perkaps your my return to 204 I alsoll be drown plaint, when o where to your could go to phila to practice I ampleose + there I might have time + opportunity in library to go on write my translations - In some ways Id like to go out to my room + lied Scaleys - reight after hunde I come the went to my room + lied made till nearly 3 them came up + stayed till it uss too dark to made till nearly 3 them came up + stayed till it uss too dark to 2 he hei n tu 7. nafe till nearly 3 then came up + stayed till it was too dark to read went to room + in a few moments hurs. d. came + I 2 played artitaire while also watched them trice verse - throte w after dinner awhile + turned in - She retired after dinner rera Jeby It is peculier how Jam walkened during night, haven took to an what time, + I begin the Dawn prayer, those If + maken to start again + again unles I sit up at me r gr three with it - Some times I go three with it & other ones h then greatest have are Jalege - Coursequently in P. Lu. Jam SI too sleeps to read - mr. c- goes inthose his dinner & says in a mile has to free food down as he isn't hungry - of 5. 1. course he laid in a good stock of apples & oranges in gibreller. howst everyone on brand has great trouble with Constitution but ar far there been regular & while others complain ? Zl. motion it doesn't trouble me even in this fealing garden? n The food is wretched + until this week was croked in auch w rancial greene as to be unbearable - Several at our table complained w t to steurids about it on hinday + grease his been changed -Justabout 4 hus. S. come up to my next & asaron as she reached door across noon from me called any name & then said I 2 must give up my herefort to furale - all three of us whereme from Syria - The maician, Italian american born in germany? C se The spray has flow considerably & quite a little rothing it aa This a. In 2 of the men wher came on brand at gitralter where in for in the garden a pipe of the vessel's histing. Too much surticipant m h hers. I's compet - she was in munic now writing letters all a. In bed + cards all p. m. Jashed her where she got all her paper asked for it "she said - Hinshed the Ighan il. Hypel + replaced Isked for it "she said - Hinshed the Ighan il. Hypel + replaced Jeb. 53 Pulled out my trunket secured "S what ile por short time Ighen on the to my real. Hound her Co there & we talked for short time Ighen on the left Due have let a time 2 n 3 different times cance + yaper th + before he left - One men at a time, 2 r 3 different times cance + yaped before he left - One men at a time, 2 r 3 different times cance + yaped out of window + left in few wowents - hill, C. came again in out of window + left in few wowents - hill, C. came again in p. h. & talked for an hile + left - I went down at 12 for hunch + right back again, down again about 5 to music room + frinished back again, down again about 5 to music room + frinished h reading Sweet-ul-Hyke at 6.40- Went to room + brushed my hair a worked up hers. 2. came as first bell rang - Sleft- after dirier Swent for my evat + hat + walked deck for some time. Heard

music & went in - hot a great deal & music but a bunch 76 people, Italiano ? like the prianiet, talked + sang + Rico aged 2 n 3 yrs, aves hetted, danced Thlayd with ashe crawled on floor or top of table + mode noise to represent dog + cat - husician finally ignored him Tone nom tried to anale child cease to norse - Finally at 10 Sevent to room -Febra Wakened coughing several times, finely rose + fastened curtain I porthole as I didn't get quite anche a direct gale on engelf. The boat was trying a new motion + trunke + bags, before undisturbed, were sliding. It was impossible to close port hole save by locking it wind came in + over to my berth in continuous gale. I was unable wind came in + over to my berth intil now had perstected we, to about If gale so but what it made me cold - Cough resulted hirs. S. went for her bath + I rose, coughing + closed + looked hale. Shearon returned complaining 2 motion so she couldn't enjoy bate + flor was several inches deep + her slippers southed my cougle was incessant + anivying + I spoke of itas Recule 2 gale blowing on me - This made hel furions, why didn't & charge my room, ale wouldn't sleep with window closed for any ne to- Sached her why she didie change to another room when swell annoyed har so I dressed + then unlocked window + it flew open + I went out confining - Reached table to find raches on other aide tim middle for glasses + brille quater-Steward had great difficulty in climbing hill to serve those on other eide of table - coffee spilled over - Worst yet. those on other eide of table - coffee spilled over - Worst yet. seal - fat priesting seat saat in mis. L'a - her, C. askedif it were I thet was complimed in my row + musician and windows on our side would necessarily be loved to day - I said not in my room stany cost - He sympathized litte my coughe, knew just have of slice gheared in diving room when I want to her 5, closed + locked window, secured this broke, first re hist + Coat + Came up here to find musician took in hand - He talked for armetime about conditions in U.S.R. & England's kurfirse - Hundness Speakle in th de - Sat + proceeded to write. Boat rolling to right until all Ja sudden chairs slid + drose + etaggered to window where I ching for awhile before coming to rettee + book on lap went on with this-Ja sudden charts ming to setter & bork on upper side (lefe) + was for awhile before coming to setter & stanchion on upper side (lefe) + was Gent placed a chair against a stanchion on time - Dread the idea Gent placed a chair against a male most time - Dread the idea findly filed - Dam at quite an angle most before last preparations were findly filed - Dam at quite an angle - The canvas which had been of going down steps to salvon deck - The canvas which had been of made on first deck for a gale - The canvas which had been

lightly roped at each and to hold them securely & held on In me each side typieres 2 word fastened in receptacles for that purpose were more firmly fastered + heavy ropes were ho stretched across under firles so courses couldn't be lifted of-Ventilators next a. In. were worked at for hours to lorden af them + twin in another direction - showing expected change m in direction gwind - This le he ventilitors on lower side 3. were roped one to another lest they be blown of evidently ea The great slip come just before 4 bells - (10 a. h.) It isn't as cold as it was as perhaps we are in gulf stream. Nord has passed round that it may be howday ere we in **9** a land - Steerage men + some normen are eating their maccaroni from their tim receptacles - mid day weal at 10maccaron her. Hermann, says he is in dire disgrace is he husician, her. Hermann, says he is in dire disgrace is he reposed a delegation sent him last night with request to preside at plano - He was writing musical score a young preside at plano - He was writing had to flatly reprise to play. He Italian was drumming, He finally had to flatly reprise to play. He said that aime he was a youth he had entertained people on similar said that aime he was a youth he had entertained people on similar n inc hr oti 9 u es teresions - he felt it was air longer necessary - He had been on n chips weeks at a time. Once shipsweeked of crast gagres & they were H unable to land for 3 weeks due to a hurricane - he one time when an 2 days out from h. y. me me was allowed on deck only one small 2no place open for ventilation - one wave lifted dishes from rackes + He but them down from 3 for hight, crashed - fires in ketchen out The he the only me able to be out - He finally went on decke to see he what resembled great black teethilike waves so frightful he ch fell to decke lay for an hour Once he was cangle in the r. rigging when a squall struck ship + a sailor came took him down - 2 men just come up to natch sea & speak g twisting n m 7 ship - in trough git, wind h. w. sea covered with big capsca fre deck covered with men lying flat - Raches on tables this noon + difficulty in serving - canned salur, dives, vermicalli in pro noon + difficulty in serving - canned saturt, the cheese, inthe belogue, fried, greasy, this bolone? + trions, Edan cheese, apples & bitter tranges - Came up after lunch ("12 romiles apples & bitter tranges - Came up after lunch ("12 romiles from h. J. yesterdaynon" says one ment to find chairs all bunched from h. J. yesterdaynon" says one ment to find chairs all bunched against wall - Scome ver to setter straced against table - glad I against wall - Scome ver to setter straced against table - glad I moved setter in this way to fore going down - hur, Herman glared at hurs. S. when she was sucking in her vermicide Sorp gres at hurs. S. when she was sucking in her ormicide sorp gres as A + \$ to az

I maked over to window to look down + see man with clut rushing men down into hold - Last man was hardly down when ship dove? into sea - sprayflew washing whole of that deck - gale that would have swept any man from it into sea - 1.30 bell rang just after this - part g time ship was motivales from effect g wave + wind, Then quivering, tristing, rolling, fitching - 15 minutes ere 3 natched ere they 2 left + I came backe to write - One of them said at first as in entered teeth Igale a it was hegy all round that he sam it coming when on lover deck-I saw, when first I came up, that some of men were lorking of a others were lead by their remarks to look up as if some flag n signed were being horated - Whistting + roaring I wind run increases - came down to room when darkness approached, he Herman preceded me down stairs + stort to help and over to door - Puton other dress played solitairs. hurs. I. came in 6.40+ batted + played + Inatched till chimer time - Spray and howling wind made it are essary to keep windows closed, she retired at once + I tried to go redecte. Sprey + motion - rain acut we back + Sturned in -Had prayed to be spaced from conglet flying of strong wind on me + spray made it informable to often window. her. C. heard one mate any to another the weather would probably last all right Jeb. 7. Such a night - anale many times surtion sent our heads up against bed as ship rolled - everything rolled If washertand chair turnebled ac - Rose + spend window twice + letair in on her as she complemed of smell, menses ac - Humindrees. ing - I loved her shoes - went infor breakfast & then up to next at me - Soon came hur. H. then sailor on destroyer -next at me - Soon came hur. H. then sailor on destroyer -on battleship during war, little time on freighter (me 3 4 who on battleship during war, little time on freighter (me 3 4 who came on boald at gibreltar) duite a little conversation which prevented his H'a morepely- Chicego red cross boy who went from Canada Byrsægo- too young + parents objectet to hisgoing asarldier - Had been in France, all over Jurlacy, armenia to-He was followed by the alifis doctor + finelly at 10:30 Sursleft alme + Saat + meditated ver extract from Jablet to her. Greenlegt. + Hidden Usrds till 8 bells - norm - all time Surss alanding + having suggest sea was quite rough + many waves dashed against windows + see hed three cracks to cover floor on that and

Chairs up there were ranged against wall of officer's rooms offic site windows - know vacant places at mon - Enrico our table ù d steward assisted me to door - Iwent to my row + Filet then N out on deck. at a place where there want any railing to ching to, except at edge, boat gave a lurch, & deck being aret of alippery I slid down + 3 sailors exclaiming sensitie came we he to assist me to rise - In my cost probet on right side no (or which Islid) were Hidden Words, Prayer book, Jen & glusses hr in case - my knee struck iron on side g bost + it is a y wonder I didn't brech my leg - I feel as if the prayer for protection which I had started to read, with intention 2 1ª and the billion brue - my les pained we servely for ame time after I was sented in setter in sheltered cover men as a h h starway & lower deck - This was spece without railing that cannod my fall - I began to praise god for my aufety h + then proceeded to memorize the prayer - The waves were, in hr at one of them burt so much water on other side of boat that hu it sucht the worden step in pont of door on red end of Jat saloon deck across deck to reiling - volumes gunter 200 Sa poured across & down side. I could look down to lover in declar see it swift by several inches quater. The sailors he were brieg for living keeping decles in orderer free from HeO. Italian kanner (di Fiora) kame + seated himself by my side oa w cl + proceeded to esplaticle ou waves te. Sater hr. Herman came a we three talked about weather, ford + probability of time of arrival in hig- He spoke of girls, manner of dreeding re in his canning factory + gave his mene + all 3 were lead to dilete on women + their ways-high heels, marrow lead to dilete on women + their ways-high heels, marrow his faint te- Saferhe gtrip to Calit humberey + his alists fraint te- Saferhe gtrip to Calit humberey + his Dd. he +1 Cel in factory + prequent trips to monterey made unch talk bui D. Spoke of yellowstone Parke + Tur. H- shoke of his trip there in we 81 arttur was president gw. s.a. , he & family were in ing harty with her. H-or there at same time - Steining frien sent to hotel there for him - her. H. left perhaps 4.30+ at - 2 Ha dog sent in nover were by hur di tiona - Window in rom 5 Slefe helped to don by hur di tiona - Window in rom 5 Slefe helped to don by hur at arm & at sopand dira 52

it for short line - fixed up have & come in to write this days' drings + then copy Prayers for protection in Hilden Words. What I had counted times we sam rainbour - It was peculia how we would go from sum to kage, reint out again - traves mountain high, sprayflying, as far as eye could are - flying spray in sum nade 2 ri 3 lines graintrir effects on water from brat to horigon + sky, beside the more or less brilliant rainbours in cheygeaterday & to day from window upstairs on the flying spray in creat quares these rainbourcolors were seen - beautifulaler from flying spray almost continuely at right side 2 prov Averaged 9.7 kurts and how yesterday log said but there were hours when we hardly moved - Chief sailor of decles said to her die that we were still in gulf Stream which accounted for warmch to day - after dinner Icopied prayers on paper to put in my prayer book as I had copied them (B. Wa + a. B's prayers for protection + one for heating) in Hidden Unds before dimer. his. c-ate his soup at noon + beat a heaty retreat not to be seen again there I at a soup at more + beat a heaty retreat not to be seen again hors. L. ate cheese, mustard bread + beer for driver. Hadit been in hors. L. ate cheese, mustard bread + beer for driver. Hadit been in horn after leaving it in a. m. had sat in surking room + dozed -Smell was bad when I entered it after driver + I spend don + hindow just as she came to dow - some fficer outside saw her gage + she told him she couldn't go in he stepped in r her gage + she told him she couldn't go in he stepped in r had hed get some disinfectant - + he + I left - She had window unde free when I went in after any writing + down window unde free when I went in after any writing + down listed. I hast a court in the mean of curtain cord ar losed. I fastend curtain & window by means gourtain corder Ididit get draft air could circulate Turing night & after Surfay Theb T It calmed down greatty during night to my meat-burley Theb T It calmed down of dack I what if to my meat-thealifart & a few turns round dack I what if to make ? matures + had it to myself all a.m. left at 11.10 be cause greatures thad it to myself all a.m. left at 11.10 be cause greatures cell. Some wind of it is colder - While there went over preyers will - Some wind of it is colder - While there went over preyers in preyer book + that over what I anight do upon return to h.y. but realize that if I obey a. B's command a am truly severed the place where I am to serve will be plainly shown as well as each step leading to it - hypert being cold I found well as each step leading to it + wrote up details for last night avels - put in then came in + wrote up details for last night ar far this a.m. befre lunch time -Had a peculiar dream last night. Iwas with a girl who had taken her logs out for their relief before retiring. She till sie at took them an hour genere amall & idea 3 3. Cant remember what part I took why I winted but some seen & small soft file under one . 1 . 3

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then noticed under 2 what looked like folded bank bills much like, in color & shape the Italian 100 liva bills but I saw great Bri on top me + that they belonged to great Britain, quite a number dropped in this file as didn't see any figures of runbers on them. Bills alar fell under 3 but they were different & now I can't say that I really daw dogs -One night I dreamed of pureral & other things . Auther night I that I was going across atreet to school he

the brue of the start of the st The answer of the second to the second to the second with the second to alleford in Beyner he given by hernered have in Begins + acount of light mouly my, Thurs in it whis he described as B. W. sitting + anall box life ivory and bix in his hund bland - This Bill cilled come come tipment for the box . One is the early ing herend Bydedi ite little by futhing pune in int new attann - and wer Bill, tame - He cultury to my well the p. Glong their dura. new this after of Julian and the a compton and the after of Julian and the a compton and the pleased Bearty has the and anything a densit - unla with the plan and anything of the plant of the bar of the bar a compton of the plant of the bar of the built is well a densit - unla with the pro mil, a Jaket und currying a friend to be himit in caret hind g is again at this it was not measured to find g is again at high 2 (monum Brydy find to be fait there are groundong himten time tonts g ali there are groundon g himten tall shall much make notice that it is could you track here the Junish broken with thut box internet it's being ofund - a anemark thut her set the anthrouse as broked that he fazitie about in you have type function Juseph Klen Jarossi - a status pr P- preparing Fre plyanin in Bugart Frank ashed He alachic ahult cont with accorded. July - his in glis her mater saying hadrand unality of praise

student of the right & got & accor - In afternon telegrow careful mester commenting up to start at more prace & to go by land - We enjaged necessary houses + prepared to almit in a.m. at time gatarting 2nd steph cure for a Bi signing dut one by land ene by see - There weard a sigle boat in anythe a soludaled till Sunday + the us hat for Byser to Haifa We all that to take the trat on Sunday This was Fridy al Then I took & aled went to Beyont herber to unlok see - upon me Then I took & allow we are little tost just altring. It was may a for prival at such we are little tost just altring. It was may a for pet for us-home I tose was his is whereans in P. the gift of Bruity J good. It was little Incluich steamer - Then we heard that the wat was going to leave ame en diest for acce Hearing this we was back to atres infrance me perents. This was debate + concallette between the whether they should true Junkish boats because they frand this increasistency of their and beefingtheir und - a trip gyrs-lings was ametimes extended to days because of this going in an india ung - finally they devided to take chince & take this Fullion boothy pathe shoke to the mester of custom house who ensvery privally a love a. B. Father said we didn't wish to have me boggage opened a chief ling at time of our sailing was in custon howset and to inspector leave sta alme. "One board we went - boat went directly to acce - but while yet in middle of sea a, B. sent 3x wire saying "dout one by land a see firstfue trip" - Bool arrived early in a.h. policiene, inspector of custo linse seend very sleep, thatter engaged him in this way in rough women to heddies attending He and we are awful aich this brat shork me existing all night + I have lot of dynamite & finder in any truck + we want me to fren it + take what he wanted then his truck pried - while in the uns kept bridge bere a party purble ands arrived ab creation house for a.B. + like unto lighting the Blassedbox was taken anay while father was still engaging inspector with other watters - Some friends J & B cm + began to talk to inspecto as he goddie be heral with us + the inspectro released all - Them we want to the Hory Presence - With your larghter & Juy He and at last we have the Blessed body of Bab supely notitutteat and the acres of millions of chemies who determined to deatry it. Inverse for soil this holageen a liter enemis I cause were informed that your firsty had with the body of Bab + evented to destroy Sto in this mennes they informed Justice for that a.B. is brigging body a set for persin in oder to lay at on her farmed for this 3 port into further there are This general agitable greatly the Intainthe give a Sichen "in general balanching dresses a coming to acce with thinks of trices full of filecing stores drived gill ac - They too, represent, had hited telegraph officials to keep the

The start ware the state of side of the bar war and see that a start ware the state of state the state of the purely under on land - it highburgh that day reprise that their others I while say was sheer when your comment a deverting) heg when alwar But repated - liter metry - + Blink ordered thus-if there ray, bentale of they also give the deve by signing It the is mindle bu sub alunid-Juile de rest - and they were to the burner of there was great on wall at his to be and the grap were the files great true to werther but 7 + he had a peculia deel yn muniser muttig = he hiet The Bar wester month of Bill the Surgher prior in equity 7 which & 1 a hey - alice at this to an Bet we at his require reput On Board T. S. S. . . Bay this divide whe til a maile guall ghis in any rive will be also ITALIANA TRANSATLANTICA SOCIETA INVIORZIONE T (E) 1 afternade

gand to malest allah you allah you fint his non about cloak on flow of gener with the non about a cloak on flow of gener with the non about des again being puterter on The 4 believers in rest St body was pertected a kept in Teheran Situated in heart of the carmel as chiers is heart of u. s - there is group gleentiful myestic high engine cypress trees, turnent 13. W. . His finty landed in High He trees - 1 at thing the visited topic entering greated prison yours after orling the visited Heipe the abor went under these trees if her afort was thus much den to all is land in an that afort you are which this of the land, plains, white and hill be intiple feel trees all along Bay gaces. + area is just a cases Bay the This sport when trees us us the by Q.B - He alor advised the buying gill the land amounding that land + many glinds bet. Then Q.B studied abrilling close to trees. (shown were large, walls gators are mighty he had close to trees . Conorus very large wills gatore are mighty rulesgeen of evenies utipid Furlich growment the a mysterious building was my the who looked like a prtification . Sulling 7 when was prightener he that any might make that hulding as a fore a then hand it to Butich government In reality we me know which bridding was no purpose git I sulve granden avdulttamid sent orders to cease building of this edifice Grows had been completed - when the came the a. B. miles to bring the body gBat from Perais to Ittly much the and fridance high acend Welch of his an travel - with atrest command the stay analy not breather this estend to anyone They went to P. secured body JBat Torte it & Byded. Them D. Lunga alta Ullah a relative of and weller + Safknah Sultan one genarly is accompanied du - after remaining in Bagdal ber and the thing standard trimeds 3 yria, From Byded they were accompanied by strong mener physically - in frith. This employ holonmed Hussain Vakingald M. all Houssain have Hagi ali, mandalance + Haglillah all dressed like typical desert arabs + after meters gtressed indesert the arised in Danses To Wards + after meters gtressed indesert the arrived in Damaans, Jam Damaans hinga to was sent by his father to gr to Beyrnt alme, Purpose was to see whether a not Beyrnt stating und inchect his bagage . It topphend that it a he holiday the me interported with France - ar he wish inspatter to come along excepting eng Of course Bagdedis family were ratified & commanded by lineter to be on goud & render enorghissiste seconde. In all und to station + luniza aappend with his highers they use and attractive appleading he may got a dress of proceeding direction they were surrounded by Turlarsh appes police customs none after brief velow inspections got has pring toggage. (Zia) I am de assal elled fulling his back & crying arean and what did you mean by anyong one they don't inspect any thing Jemsetedidne-kunn itzurge a bilider when an come. Sins 7 agitation + fer use ar appender on accordulate face the - On 'a fatter inquired cande of his bear. Q- and he had and important Jeber

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Cowlet

ALLAHO-ABHA.

To the Dear Friends and Maid-servants of the Merciful, of Chicago:

Greeting and Salutation!

Our beloved sister, Mrs.Agnew, has requested me to write to you of something with which I was deeply impressed while in Acca, "the White City, the New Jerusalem by the tideless sea."

To me while there, each day, hour and moment, were fraught with such deep and impressive experiences, that the number perplexes me: "Like stars in a rich cluster in the heavens, they run together into a haze of brightness, only to be resolved into their separate elements by the strongest glass." Each incident, if drawn apart and studied separately, affords reflection for both the mind and the heart.

Today the Master stands among us talking with us Face to face like a brother, and giving us through His own Spirit, glimpses of that Heavenly rest, for which at times all the world doth sigh.

The Precious Words which fell from His Divine Lips like strings of pearls, seemed to fascinate as much as His wonderful Presence astonished us.

One event which stands out pre-eminently and most impressive was the Anniversary of the Departure of Baha'u'llah- the revered Father of our beloved Master- on the 28th of May.

After a sojourn with those beloved people of nearly seven weeks, and my visit was about completed, - it seemed like leaving Paradise, and I thought my heart would break. I knew that it was wrong, for had not I been blessed beyond all that I could ask or think? While I remained there, what could I do to serve the Glorious Cause to which I desired to devote the remainder of my life!

To leave an atmosphere of love, which like the fragrance of rare exotics, permeated every thought, and where every service rendered was Divine. - was almost beyond the permet of the service rendered On that evening all of the believers repaired to the Holy Tomb) which you probably know is about two miles outside of the City-) there to spend the night. After supper we were driven there, where we met all the members of the Holy Household and the believers. The Tomb is connected with the main building (The Behje) by a kind of chapel or enclosed garden, at the entrance of which you remove your shoes, and advance to the Holy Threshold at which you kneel and pray.

The rooms were brilliantly illuminated with lamps and candelabra and thickly carpeted with rich Oriental rugs, all of which are love offerings from the many pilgrins from all over the world.

The Tomb proper was covered with a costly and most beautiful Persian shawl, and thickly strewn with flowers. The night was wonderously beautiful. The full moon was shining with such magnificence thath it was almost as light as day. Through the open window we could see the blue Mediterranean in the distance, and the air was heavy with the fragrance of jasmine and roses. The only audible sound was the wail of a solitary night bird, whose cry seemed like some lone wanderer whose lamp had become extinguished and who was calling out for help. Within the chapel, the aisles were filled with kneeling women and one of the Holy Leaves chanted the prayers. The sky, the air, the sea- and even the flowers with which the room was profusely decorated- were in perfect concord. The solemn chanting amid those prostrate forms, was a scene long to be remembered; and there we remained until midnight. Then we retired to the rooms on the left of the chapel, - and the men in like manner filled the places so recently occupied by us. In that gathering were venerable men who had suffered years of imprisonment, whose shining faces beamed with holy light: young men were there, too, whose every look spoke of the deep veneration and love with which they had dedicated their lives to the Holy Cause; even the little grandchildren were there, whose gentle and subdued manner spoke of holy reverence. One of the venerable believers chanted the Holy Utterances and Prayers, - and for three hours they remained in solemn devotion.

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indeed as if GOD were speaking. The bowed forms of the worshippers and the solemn chanting, made one feel as if they stood upon the boundary of an invisible world- "One not made with hands, but eternal in the heavens"

-3-

At three o'clock the men retired, the women went into the chapel, and prayers again were chanted. Three of us went into the "Holy of Holies"- The Sacred Tomb- and there prostrated ourselves in prayers.

I have often wondered if the believers in other lands could think what was the burden of our supplications that night. While no one spoke to the other, I afterwards learned that the release of our beloved Master was yhe burden of all hearts poured out at the Holy Threshold of the Exalted and Divine Father, Lord of all the worlds.

On the Threshold of the Tomb were a few sprays of jasmine, which the Greatest Holy Leaf separated, and gave a part to me.

In the early dawn we passed out and walked in the fields. The full moon was still above the horizon. The blue of the distant sea, the paling of the stars, the pure agure of the sky without a single cloud, the purple line of the low mountains in the east and the plain of Acca, which had been the scene of some of earth's greatest conflicts, - were all before us. As we wandered in the early dawn, there was a calm such as word would follow a night of deep excitement, and a feeling of expectancy as if we were waiting for something. It would take a mightier pen than mine to describe the wonderful emotion which took possession of us, and I could only think of the Holy women of nineteen hundred years ago watching at the Tomb of our crucified Savior, Jesus Christ!

As the dawn advanced, the birds began to chant their morning matins, and as the sun burst forth upon our expectant vision in all of its splendor and pourded a flood of golden light over the world, I could but exclaim; "The Lord is risen; yes, He has risen indeed."

O my beloved friends! How powerless are my words to make you see and feel what I experienced on that memorable night! It was like standing in some holy sanctuary on the borders of a world beyond where we could but feel our utter unworthiness. To think of self or to harbor one selfish thought were worse than sacrilege.

But where this night is our Beloved Master? The Center of the Covenant, the Lover, the Friend of all the world? He is not with us. His Moly Feet have not pressed the earth outside the City Gates for four long years, but every foot of ground inside those walls have been made forever sacred and blessed.

In a little room on the top of the house where He dwells, from whence He could see the Holy Tomb, He kept His lonely vigil. No, not alone, for who can tell what Heavenly Angels were thore ministering unto Him, and like the Prophets of old, He may have talked with GOD. When we saw Him the next day, His Face was resplendent with Divine Glory, and the Voice of the Holy Spirit rang clear in His every Utterance!

To perfect souls, sorrow is not needed, but to creatures like ourselves seeking to escape the thrall and burden of animal propensities, sorrow is helpful and necessary. As the frost unlocks the hard shell and sets free the kernel of fruit therein, - so sorrow develops in us ripe fruit of the Spirit, and in noble natures unfolds the great plan of righteousness: only a gentle school master to those who are excercised thereby. Thus like raindrops falling to the earth but to spring up in flowers, all the good in the world which has risen, has been born from some great soul's sorrow.

We all march under a Captain Who has been made perfect through suffering, and we are to find peace only as we learn of Him in the school of patience and obedience.

Our Blessed Master has said that "When we are all in perfect unity in America, every door of inner significance will be opened." This is the vital need of the hour and can never be accomplished until we learn to serve so that we may become "producers of unity" in the highest service./ Our Merciful Lord has been so patient and long suffering that we must not be satisfied with a little unity: nothing unison of the hearts of His people, the binding together of the nations and the universal spreading of the knowledge of the Greatest and Most Glorious Maniestation and the acceptance of His Covenant which He has made to endure forever and ever. We squander life's forces in intermittent efforts, while our endowments are great. Yet they are frittered away uselessly. But when we unite in one grand spontaneous harmonious whole and all become part of one reality, there will be a breadth, a depth, which will yield more of joy than we can now realize. "If we carry a lighted toroh can we keep the light from shining on other peoples eyes?"

How for are those who have only obtained a glimpse of Him Whose Holy Fragrance makes Acca the Mecca of longing hearts! But to be there and behold Him in His Majesty, it is impossible to ever again be separated from Him! Sti; 1 many behold Him, yet see Him not! Many hear His Words, yet know not their meaning!

As we come to the mildness and serenity of Spring only through the bluggering and boisterous days of March, - so the new Kingdom must enter through a period of resistance and persecution, and all who are taking part in the early establishment, have to accept persecution and learn to find joy in it, as the sign that be are exalted to a superior realm of experience, to the championship of the noble herces of prophetic ages and to fellowship with GOD.

"It all lies herein entrance into the reality of the Covenant. Realization of the mysteries, glories of love, servitude, prayer, holiness, humility, and the inner apprehension of the meaning of ALLAHO-ABHA."

> Your humble sister and servant. Josephine C. Cowles.

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The following

was taken down stenographically at Acca by Miss Louise Dixon as the words fell from the Lips of our Blessed Master.

THE MYSTERY OF SACRIFICE.

There are many meanings for these words. Every one of the Friends of God has two stations; one the station of mankind, and the other the station of The spiritual station is unseen, while the material station spirituality. ,, that is - the personal station, is seen. It is like the horizon and the sun: the Sun of Truth shines forth from the horizon, and now the Sun of Truth has shone with perfection from the horizon. We call these effulgences the Spotting Bounties. The Horizon receives all divine protection through the outpouring of that Bounty, and the Bounties which the Horizon receives from the Unseeen Light, He gives to mankind and creation. The station by which the Horizon gives those bounties, which He has taken from the Sun of Truth, to mankind - the station of giving those bounties to mankind is calle I will tell you an example to distinguish between the station of Sacrifice. the fiver of the bounties and mankind: Suppose the grain which you put in the earth -- when the seed wants to be changed into a tree, of course it sacrifices all of itself to the tree in order that it may be produced. Jesus Christ said -" I have given my life in order that ye may live." When Jesus Christ came into the world, He gave all His bounties to mankind in order that they might see their bounties therein, and this was the way in which He sacrificed His life to the world.

When we want to know and judge whether such a matter is complete in this wordd, we must distinguish between its apparent grace and its inward grace. If we find its two graces equal to each other, we will know that this matter has been accomplished. What a man lives in his heart, he must by appearance live; if he lives something in his heart, and does not show it in his life, then we will judge that his life is not complete.

It is the same with the Cause of God. If we would know whether this Cause is complete and in full perfection, we must see whether all its conditions or grades are complete and consistent. All divine Manifestations gi^{\forall} up all personal conditions, considerations an grades in the Cause of God, to such extent that there is nothing judged **Basess** their personality; that is they sacrifice their personality entirely in the world; their life is only the life of God; their thought is what is thought of God, and their grades are those chosen by God. They have nothing. They sacrifice everything in way of God. They suffer every sort of calamity and affliction in the world - that is - the afflictions and calamities besides those endured spiritually in order to show that the spiritual agrees with the material in consecration and sacrifice. They sacrifice spiritually in the way of God, and so they saerifice all apparent and outward conditions in order to show the perfection and completeness of the Truth of their Manifestation.

This is the station of simple radiance which shines forth, and makes them separate from all worldly things, and this leads them to such a condition that . while they are walking on the earth, yet they are traveling in the the Supreme Horizon. They have cut themselves from worldly conditions, and while they are on the earth, they never see it, but look at the Horizon. They close their eyes to their ease and everything else, and hasten with all joy and fragrance, to martyrdom in the Cause of God. As long as one has not taken a portion of the Mystery of Sacrifice, it is impossible for him to attain the Kingdom of God. So long as you do not have the cup free from ever sort of liquor, is it possible that you put good an pure water therein?. The most earnest hope and desire of those who have drawn nigh to God, is this - to receive a cup from this ocean. I hope that in the service of God, I may gain such a station in order to put those in the way of God so as to attain the grace of self-sacrifice, that they may wholly forget their own personality and their ego. So long as the surface of a mirror is not clean from rust and dust, the radiance and effulgence of the sun shall never be imprinted on it. The more the body is lightened, the sooner it ascends.

THE LIGHT WITHIN THE LANTERN.

Those who look at the material body of CHRIST, and saw him enduring all the hardships and trials, marveled that He was the Messiah, because He was in this condition. As they were looking at His body, they failed to see the Aight shining within it. But those who were looking to the spiritual and the real existence of the Spirit in Christ, firmly believed in Him. We must not look at the lantern, but at the light - the candle inside. We must not look at the worldly condition, but at the truth in it - the divine Truth because if we look only at the outward form of man, how can we distinguish him from the animal, because we find them eating and doing the same things; but when we give attention to the spirit in man, we find it is far different t from the animal. When you look at water, salt and sweet, you cannot tell the difference, but when you taste the water, you can distinguish.

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This is one of the tests of God. That is why Jesus told all people to supplicate and beseech God that He might not let them fall in these tests. (God does not tempt us; the devil tempts us -God tests us.)

What made Satan disbelieve in Adam and not worship him? It was only the outward condition of Adam which deterred Satan from believing in him. He would have worshipped him, if he had looked at the spirit of Adam. The Satan who refused to worship was a human being of the earth -a Cain.

THE GARDEN OF EDEN.

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This is a spiritual garden. It is one of the spiritual stations. The two trees - the Tree of Life is the station of the Manifestation; that is the station of maturity and accomplishment - the station of perfection. For example, the station of Adam was as the station of a little child, while that of the Blessed Perfection was as that of maturity and perfection. If an infant should eat the food of a grown man⁴, it would not have time to eat its own nourishment; that is what is meant by Adam leaving the Paradise; he wanted to reach the station of perfection. It is the ego which tempts us to aspire to b⁸⁰B⁸rfect.

ANGELS.

Sometimes is meant by angels, spiritual powe s, and on other occasions you will find is meant by them, pure and holy souls. Where it is said -" I will give my angels charge over you, to keep you in all your ways", is and-holy meant pure souls, and true believers. In one station, angel means those spiritual and divine powers given by God, to the body of man which change mankind for good. These are the angels which confirm man.

We understand by the word "angel" sometimes that it is those beings and souls who are sanctified from all earthly stations; that is, who have cut themselves from all worldly thinga, and drawn nigh to God with all resignation and devotion. If we find a man having cut himself from all animal and worldly mhings stations and drawn himself near to the heavenly conditions, we will say - 'this is an angel' because he has nothing to do with worldly things.

All contingent world beings have to undergo changes; the only thing which is unchangeable is the identity of God. The angel is one of the created beings of God, and it must undergo changes. Were these beings not to change they would possess the unity or attributes of God.

When we want to judge something which is contingent, we must look at its changes and understand its nature.

Man is not a pre-existent being, but a newly produced and created being, and consists of two parts - the spiritual and material, which may be likened to hell and paradise, and he does not know whether he will be in hell or paradise; for instance, man is composed of evil as well as good, of darkness as well as light, of guidance as well as misleading, the most evil character while the g reatest and most excellent character is also to be found in him. We must see if the good qualities gain victory over the bad, and if so, the man shall become an "angel", but if the bad qualities conquer the good ones, then he will become a 'devil'. If the light conquers the darkness in man, of course he will be True Light, and if the darkness conquers the light, he will be of the material.

MARTYRDOM IN THE CAUSE OF GOD.

He who knows nothing of the wind, when he sees trees shaken, does not know it is the wind which causes them to shake. Shnce the beginning of the Cause there were at least ten thousand men who went with gladness to suffer martyrdom sassaesesessesses, and people fho found them suffering this martyr dom thought it was through their own power, and did not know that a breeze had s shaken them. In the days of other prophets, there were people who suffered martyrdom in the Cause of God, but in this day there are more, and they have been more sincere. The histories of this time will record their witness to the things which have happened in this day to those who have suffered mar-How many mothers have been happy to see their children suffer mart yrdom. How many wives have been glad when their husbands suffered martyrtyrdom! dom, and how many sisters wept with joy when their brothers died in the Cause of God. Now if one is not shaken by a breeze from the Garden of God, it is not possible for him to be in joy and gladness under these circumstances. We hope, through the favor of Ged, to be able to do all that the others did in the beginning of the Cause.

CALAMITIES AND INCONVENIENCES.

The material men of this world are like poison to the mathemmtant spiritual. They are the calamities and inconveniences which a man meets with in the word ly life. They are like people who are very much intoxicated and do not und

derstand the bitter taste of the cup, while the conscientious and mindful understand its bitterness. In this world, it is only the people of God who understand the good taste of life, while the others understand only the bitterness, because they are full. The people of God have not at all any dependence in this world; they neither get displeased with the bitterness of the cup, nor are they happy with its sweetness.

The people of God are like the birds, who satisfy themselves with a few crumbs, and sit the whole time on the branches of the trees and sing the praises of God. But the others are like swine, which eat everything they lind, and at last they are good only to be eaten.

ZK-_-_--THE SPIRITUAL APPETITES.

In animal types it is known that the stomach must be sound and healthy, and when it is so, what is taken with the tongue will be safe and good for the body The same with man. If he has the capacity, a single divine Word can enkindle him, and his life is strengthened by a single word of God. But if he has not the capacity, and one speaks to him always of spiritual things, it is of no effect.

Thus Christ spread the table of His spiritual food and called a great number of people in order to take their portions.Out of these only eleven σ came and attended the table.And these eleven, how did it happen that they gained from that blessing? It was because they had desired to come and take. They had the appetite.

In reply to the question - "What is meant by John prophesying that Chris shall stand and prophesy to kings and princes?" "It does not mean that Chris snall stand in person and speak with kings and orinces" (although the time will come when even kings and princes will come and listen)."

The sun is always shinging upon **minds**, but all of them do not become and silver mines. In every mine, Meither are diamonds to be found. It depends upon the capacity of the mine to become diamonds. Man needs illumination, des sire and capacity in order to attain these favors.

The Sportul understand the ------

The station of the prophets is as a lighted lamp; all the prophets offered themselves as lamps. Those men around them who heard their voice were those who were capaple and desirous of hearing them.

If you speak with a magician (astrologer) about the zodiac, he understa

you, because he is a learned man; but if you speak of it to a carpenter, he will say - it is nonsense!- How is it - a live man in the heavens? - or a ship? etc.

The interpretation of the Bible is the same with this man; if you repeat all these spiritual things to him, he will think it nonsense. For instance, when you read the Revelation of St John to the unlearned in spiritual things, they do not understand it, and it is only because you tell them it is the Bible that they do not call it nonsense. There are many meanings in each word of the Revelation.

Iron attracts iron, and as you approach the Kingdom of God, you will be attracted by the things of the Kingdom. Worldly people are not of the kind to be affected by the magnets

GOOD AND EVIL.

In reply to the question -

"If it be so that the thoughts of all men are governed by God, how is it that He shall reward the doer of good deeds? and punish the doer of evil ones?" Every thing is from God, both good and evil, both guidance and misleading; for it is said in the Bible -'I have hardened Pharaoh's heart' and again - 'men are like a potters vessel - one, he makes a jar and another a dish.' The Great Maker has made some good and some bad. 'That is the question.

Every thing in existence is good, and only the lack of goodness in it is evil. The being is created good, but when the lack of good is to be seen in it, then it becomes bad. Evil is not created by God. For example light is created by God, but when you pit away the light from the room, it becomes dark. Darkness is not created by God - the lack of light is called darkness. God has created guidance; misleading is the lack of guidance. When you turn yourself from guidance you place yourself into misleading. There is no existence in evil. Nothing proceeds from the True One but good, and everything belonging to the beings of existence is animated by their God. I will give you an example; the governor sent here from Constantinople, possesses full authority and power from the authority and power of the Sultan, and the Sultan has employed him for the government of the City, having given him full authority and power to do justice here. But this man

As you have come here, and now go back, I hope you will grow with the good pleasure of God, and then that would be the same thing as though I went to America. The most important thing is for people to become whomhow modeling and sanctified, through the breath of GOd. But there is no importance in my going to America.

Interpretation of a dream of crossing snow covered country, and coming at last to a green land.

In traveling to reach this place, you have crossed those countries in which the green grass of the Kingdom of God has not yet been grown; that iswhere there are no believers in the Cause of God. The Cause of God is like a verdant country, while lands where it has not been established are in an opposite condition.

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Notes of Mary H. Ford. Sent by Mrs. Ford, Kansas City, Mo., to Mrs. Ella T. Nash.

"The world is like a piece of ground which is dry. The rain falls upon it and moistens it; then the sun shines with life-giving power, and presently green appears, tiny buds pierce the ground and seek the light. If the soil has been well prepared, fragrant flowers spring up, roses and violets with their sweet breath - but if the earth is poor and has not been enriched, then weeds and useless grass are alone seen."

"Yet the sun shines and the rain falls on all alike," he added, "the weeds and the unfragrant grass receive the refreshment of God's bounty and well as the patch of ground that has produced roses and violets." "I hope that the garden of the believers only roses and sweet flowers will be present; the poor soil will not be evidenced by weeds and grass alone." Then he said again, after a moment's silence, "I wish that the believers would become so united that through them might be established the peace of the world."

The Master came in suddenly like a breeze and sat He asked if I were comfortable, and said: down for a moment. "You are not so comfortable here as in Europe, but we are all happy because the love of God is in our hearts. When the heart is full of love of God, it loses consciousness of the Then pain is as pleasure, then darkness is as light. body. If such an one is shut in a prison, there are no walls for him; there is no solitude - he knows not a prison! So the martyrs who have suffered for their faith, their hearts are so full of the love of God, their ears so penetrated by His songs of gladness, that they scarcely feel the blows that are inflicted upon them; it is as if the sword could not cut them! That is what has preserved us here," he added, after a moment; "you know that they sent us here to die, yet the love of God in our hearts we have been very happy. It is as if all the world were here with us. There is no world outside of our prison."

"The spiritual food is most necessary; that is the love of God that is communion. Love is the most important thing in the world; it is all of religion; that is, the true love, the love of God which comes from God; that love which we feel for others because the love of God is in us. This love is very different from that of the State, of the Ambassador, of the Embassy. There one bows to the other very low, the hand on the heart, but the inspiration of the act is not love; it is in reality hatred, it is hypocrisy."

"It is this love of God, on the ontrary, which binds us together as believers, which unites us here as we are sitting together, as we could not be united by any earthly bond.

The family tie is not always productive of love, for sometimes brothers and sisters, parents and children in the same family are at variance, so that a stranger coming from across the seas is recognized as more truly a relative than one born of the same outward line. So by the inward tie of God's love we find our spiritual brothers and sisters, we rejoice together, and the joy is so rich, so contagious that wherever the believer goes in the world he is not alone."

This copy was made from a copy dated October, 1907.

(Chese B9 FIT)

Copy of letter from Mrs. Pauline Hennan to the New York Temple Committee, through Mrs. Charles Lincoln, Secretery.

Allaho ABHA!

The question was asked as to the means of raising money for the Mashrek-el-Azkar, it being explained that some of the believers were in favor of bazaars or entertainments for that purpose, while others thought such means not fitting.

Abdul Baha replied that if the entertainments were of an intellectual character, such as lectures or singing or music, they were approved, but the bazaar was not so commendable, and especially if the believers should sellinecessary articles, such as their furniture, etc. The handiwork of children, as an obvious expression of love, might be sold. Such things as comedies or dances should not be given for such purpose.

The Mashrek-el-Azkar will be erected and hundreds of such structures in due season. It is not a favor to contribute, but a blessing to be allowed to give to such a purpose.

Abdul Baha said He had been especially touched by the gifts of some children in America, who had saved carfare by walking and had given the money to the Temple fund. Such gifts, though small are acdeptable. It is as when a child goes into a garden and picks a flower for its father; the gift is petty, but the spirit makes it welcome.

Abdul Baha has had large fortunes offered Him, but He has refused them, while small gifts, such as a single handkerchief, when sent with love, have been accepted.

The Mashrek-el-Azkar in Eshkabad has proven to be a great aid to the Cause and so it shall be in America. Wherever the heart of a believer sincerely worships, there is a Mashrek-el-Azkar, but with the growth of the Cause the outward Temple is necessary.

One day Abdul Baha came to our room and we knew He wished to speak and we asked no question. After an impressive silence He spoke: "To remove any source of firrerentiation, the believers must know that the Elessed Bab was giving the glad tidings of the coming of the Blessed Perfection, and the Llessed Perfection was the great Manifestation. Regarding Myself, I am the Servant of Baha'o'llah and nothing more. Abdul Baha is the sum total of all perfections. They must not attempt to surpass that word Abdul Baha."

All must say for others that He claims for Himself to be Abdul Baha, and the believers must call Him by this name as He wishes. This is the only word He has appointed for Himself. He made it clearer to us by saying: "Master is one ray, one attribute of God; Lord is another; Christ another; other terms of endearment are but rays. Under the name Abdul Baha all perfections are found. To call Him by any other name we take away from Him rather than exalt Him." BX

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Copy of letter from Mrs. Pauline Hannen to the New York Temple Committee, through Mrs. Charles Lincoln, Secretary.

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Dear Brother in El-Baha:

You are the second one to share an account of my visit to Acca, Mrs. Bryant being thefirst. The words I write I cannot clothe with beautiful poetical waves, but just the simple seeds; in fact to me everything is in the seed station yet and we have not the new lan uage to give beauty to these seeds as yet.

I will take you to the front of the building in Acca, and just where we alighted and were greeted by so many of the old and tried believers, who live in Acca, together with those who had come from long distances like ourselves to the meeting of this Servant who is desired by God.

We pass under a stone arch into a court parkin and round which I would call a quarter of a circle - not yet half a circle - in which grew beautiful fruits and flowers. At the corner of this circle we come to a long flight of stairs, its railing covered with large purple flowers. As I stood at the bottom of this long stairway, the thought of the Pilgin grim's Progress came before me and I knelt on the first step and prayed God that too the packs which this pilgrim carried might be taken away and each step of these stairs seemed like a pack which we must let drop before we reach the goal. We four were met by some of the members of the household and shown to our different rooms, Dr. Moody to the large one, Mrs. Waite and I to one with two single beds, Mr. Sprague to one that leads off from the dining room and which is at the north east corner of the building.

In a few moments we were told lunch was ready, and as it was the Month of the Ramazan . Fast, no one appeared for this meal except and four, We took our seats as we came in, no seat being given to any one. Abdul-Baha sits at the middle of the table and not at the end as is our custom. We were told, as AbdulBAha was very busy, He would not see us until evening, but to our surprise, Monever came to our room door and said our Lord would see us, were we ready, and as Dr. Moody's room was the large one we would meet there.

Presently Abdul-Baha appeared and greeted us very kindly, shook hands with us and gave us greetings of welcome, He gives to all pilgrims. There seemed to be no outward emotion felt by any of us. I had never formed a picture, and I saw a storng, a very strong face, full of force and energy in every line. A most natural man. After the greeting He said, when one has so great an aim for a journey as this, the little trials and losses that you have on the way should not upset you, for you have all things. When you have the ocean you do not need the river when you have the sun you do not need the lamp; when you have heaven mou do not need the earth. All the prophets longed to attain to what is yours today. You must be very happy while you are here. When you possess a large house, it does not trouble you if it has a crack or w broken window, so long as you possess the house. He then left us, taking each by the hand, saying he must now see Mr. Sprague.

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Evening meal. Dinner.

We took the same seats we had at luncheon. Abdul-Baha entered and bade us be seated, asking if we were well and happy. He said - This is a great day, greater than we comprehend, and we ought to appreciate it. Today the East and West now meet together, Persia and America. In the time of Christ the disciples met with Him, which was also the meeting of the East and West, and their meeting made this one possible, but this meeting is far greater on account of the greater love and unity. Their meeting was the seed, mit this meeting is the fruit. The love of the the believers is different from any other love. It is that of our real relatives; it is the real relationship. We are all as parts of one body. There are many kinds of gatherings. Take this boquet for instance He said, pointing to one in the center of the table as an exacple. The flowers are, different form and color; each is individual in its essence, yet they form a beautiful whole.

Another kind of gathering is like a flock of birds; they are each of different intention. There is the gathering of the elements which are united and form a new substance. Also the various parts of the body which unite to form a being. There are the drops which meet and flow together into one, and thus flowing on form a river, which flows on and then we have the sea and the ocean; such a meeting is this which shall be evernal.

An article written by Ella W.Wilcox was told Abdul-Baha. He asked what she had written. When told that she had said there was nothing new in the Bahai Revelation; it was similar to the old Hindoo religion. He replied with great force: "Opposition makes the Cause stronger. It is like the earth; the more it is plowed the more fruitful it will become. You must expect great opposition; you will be persecuted for "My Mames Sake", and when stones are thrown at you in the street, then it will coce to pass. He then arose, washed his hands, bowing, left us. This was our first meal.

Next Day. Abdul-Baha sent for Mrs. Waite and cyself to come sogether. I will only write you what took place with myself and the questions asked Abdul-Baha by me, as each one sees things according to their light. After the greeting of love and welcome, He said:

Many have started out upon this journem and never reached the end. Many have come here, but have not attained the real meeting, but you have attained; therefore you should be very happy, for God has greatly blessed you. And, as you are with me to-day, so will it be through all worlds; wtherefore you should be filled with joy.

He then asked us to ask questions. We said we had not come with any. Monever said: Our Lord desires you to ask. I saw myself in deep ignorance. I thought of my daughters who were not believers. I asked His blessing for their guidance into the Kingdom. He replied: cou make mour life so attractive. Then I thought of my own growth and asked: What is the cause of the sensation in the head, often experienced, which seemed to be like rivers flowing through as though irrigation was going on, and lately the thought of Amos' beard had come to me on account of its increasing depths and falling round cy face. I said: Was this merely a physical condition, imaginary or wrong? Abdul-Baha replied: No, it is not a physical condition but spiritual, a very high one, which is so intense it reaches the nerves and these react upon the body * When one is spiritually developed to spiritual conditions. Then I asked the following: Two people of opposite sex, a male and a female are in a rooc. Coming forward to great each other, and while some distance apart, they are both made to stand still, as if like a flash of lightning, a spiritual wave seemed to strike their hearts, and one said to the other when they met; Did you feel that ? Where Abdul-Baha said: Was this w hile in service? I did it come from? said: Yes. it was after one of our services it occurred. Abdul-Baha said: Two human beings may live side by side, may be closely related, and yet be verm far apart. Their spirits may never meet. And two souls may be attracted instantly and become as one. This meeting is as the meeting of the birds. The real attraction, when it is spiritual and the union is made in Abdul-Baha, it is the real union, it is everlasting and eternal. Then I said: This is the real meeting of heart to heart in Abdul-Baha, placing my hand on my heart as I said it. He. said: Yes, in Abdul-Baha, placing his hand on his heart, in Abdul-Baha, confirming it with a nod of his head as he spoke, that what had occurred was through His own Heart.

Then I asked - Should they begin to build the Mashrak-el-Azcar ham before the land was paid for? He said, very emphatically: No, it must be all paid for before they begin to build. There must be no debt over it. As he said this he extended his hand, which brought the thought or rather the knowledge, there must not be a thought on the mind betwist God and us today. Then I asked: Should there be a small building put on the ground, which chould be used for services before the Mashrak-el-Azcar proper be built? He replied: No, this must not be done. I begged that my sins might be forgiven, for they were many. He said: They are all forgiven, every one of them, and tenderly laid his hand on my shoulder.

Evening meal. Dinner. Abdul-Baha began His talk by speaking of Dr. Moody's and Mr. Sprague's trip to Persia. Mirza Assadullah and Dr. Fareed were at dinner with us. Abdul-Baha said : You must have no fear in going to Persia, no thought of the political condition. All political and commercial affairs would right themselves. Your work concerns alone the work of God. When a constitution is weak, is ill, and an organ das begun to decompose, no medicine can rebuild it. It must pass away. It is so with the constitution of the State and of the individual. When one is weak a glass of wine will stimulate for a while, but the reaction soon sets in and the old conditions soon return. God has not chosen any of you for political or commercial work, but for the Word of God. When you breathe forth the Breath of the Holy Spirit

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free your hearts into the world, connerce and politics will take care of themselves in perfect harmony. All arts and sciences will become revealed and the Knowledge of God manifested. It is not your work, but that of the Holy Spirit, which you breathe forth through the Word. This is a fundamental Truth. The real teacher is one who can teach the hearts, can open the spiritual eyes, ears and understanding. When the Divine Word is given forth only, the attentive ears can hear it, the receptive heart feel it. When the Sun of Truth dawns, the perceptive eye alone can see it. The pure and polished mirror alone can reflect the light The thirsty alone crave the Salsabil of the Euphrates; but if one be not thirsty, he cares not for this life-giving waver. Only the spirits attracted by the Fragrances of God can enjoy their dension. Increfore, you see the prophets have not been able to enlighten. The page ple do, not see; they are slumbering in the sleep of negligence. That ie why Jesus said: I will come and find you sleeping: in other works, the Bower did not become manifest in Jesus' time; His Sun did now dawn, His Sea did not move; but, after His departure, the Power of His Fords became manifested in the world .. dut, now, in the time of the Blessed Perfection, His Light has shone, His Word has b ecome canifested, His Fune has taken the East and the West, and this can be witnessed by all. Notwithstanding this, the people are negligent and indifferent, eyes are plinded, ears are deaf, nostrils are choked and understandings un-In His time the realm has progressed as you see is now adawakened. vancing.

This is a topic which requires close scrutiny. When we consider the realm of existence, we discover a great motive factor; we know a gat great matter has occurred and has manifested; for example - when we see the meadows green and furtile, the springs flowing and most enjoyable fragrances spread, the birds returning, and the black soil has become adorned with variegated flowers, we know a great event has occurred, the sun has traveled from the Winter zodiac to the Spring zodiac, although the sun itself has stood still. Therefore, you must thank God greatly, for He has opened your eyes, you have heard the Divine Call, you have been ushered into the Kingdon. What a great blessing this great gathering is right here and now in such love, such sincerity.

He arose, washed his hands, bowed and left us.

We were then asked to Mr. Sprague's room. Mirza Assaduliah, after Abdul-Baha had spoken to him, gave the following:

The Words of our Lord tonight were very wonderful and had an inner significance which would gradually dawn upon us. The more we ponder over them, the more their meaning would be revealed to us. Many people have made long pilgrimages just to see the Manifestation's Face or har one word; see how blessed you are, for you have received many words, and each word is a geed and will bear much fruit.

The constitution of which Abdul-Baha spoke, refers not only to that of the State, but also to each individual. Our faith is our constitution, and Abdul-Baha has planted the seed of faith in your nearts.

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You may not understand the meaning of His Words now nor consider their great worth. The ground does not realize that it is being ploughed and planted with seeds, but the seeds grow just the same. Abdul-Baha is the wise Gardener and the seeds He has planted tonight will later bear much fruit and affect the whole world. He has unfurled before you the carpet, has taken you into the Kingdom. He has filled to overflowing your caskets with priceless jewels tonight; you are rich indeed.

Next day. Moneveh said: Our Lord wishen to see you separatoly, Each one of us went at His request. This is a talk alone with Abdul-Baha. After words of welcoce and greetings, monever said: Our Lore must desires you to ask questions. I knew not what to say, for I had come with none. I thought of some of the many wonderful things I had been taught concerning this Great Day and Creation. I said to Abdul-Baha: I have very little learning, am ignorant of learning, and these things I have not read in books. I ask these, not for curiosity, but for my own soul's growth and for it alone; and if these things are wrong and my soul is wrongly guided, I ask Abdul-Baha to remove them, if they are guiding my soul astray.

I repeated some of these deep, deep knowledges. He looked at me and, putting out his hand, said: You have been taught right; it is because the mirror of your heart has been clear enough to reflect them. You must lock them in your breast. To speak of them prevents your own growth. This does not make you better than anyone else.

Then I said: Do we have to leave the body in order to return to God, or is the true **GERHERE** when the Word becomes Spirit in the heart and ascends as sweet incense back to God? This is right; this is right, was His answer. I told him about the two cusk sacks, which had floated to ne and lay on a white sheet, one as clear as crystal, the other white like milk. To this, He looked into my face, saying, You will have very great spiritual feelings. I also told him how I had seen Him, after the great hail storm, depart. Ho this He was silem and made no reply. He said also: Write, you write and send it to me.

Now I must bring you to the next morning and our last breakfast with dear Doctor and Mr. Sprague. We four ate alone. We were just breakfast when I felt conscious of a great, overpowering something over my head, and whose essence was penetrating itself into my heart, and Oh! how great, great was the humility with which this heart was clowhed, imp deeper, deeper, and deeper did this something penetrate until my body bowed, my eyelids drooped, and I felt as if ten horses were astached to them; they could not move them, so great was this Holy Presence, this overpowering Essence, this inward consciousness that I had met the lord, the Lord, whom Mary Magdalene had met and comforted the disciples. New, it felt that it was God whom my soul had come in touch with. When I went to my room I scarcely knew myself. I wanted to be alone with this Holy Presence. I sat alone with my Hidden Words. I knew

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I knew there was not a vapor between His Holy Essence and My spirit. Oh, how my heart longs to dwell continually in this holy garment of humility before this Presence.

I took my pen to copy a few notes, when Abdul-Baha appeared at the door and led me to His Door and motioned me to wait there while he went to another room. Bringing with him a bottle of attar of rose, taking my right hand and pouring it into the palm, and as I knelt on the doorstep of His Room, He anointed my head with this holy fragrance and bade me enter His Room. Then he called for Mr. Sprague to come and interpret. Hitherto we always had his daughter Monever as our interpreter.

Now, my dear Brother in El-Baha, this was my going to Acca. This was my glarious crown above king or earthly queen. May my heart ever be clothed with this garcent of humility. None of the others at the table felt this.

I told him the name Justice had been given me many years ago in the invisible. He said: Since it has been given you, you keep it.

Now we have come to our last dinner in Acca, Doctor and Mr. S. having left. The ladies of the household took dinner with us. Abdul-Baha gave us his greeting of love and welcome. He said: Dr. Moody and Mr. Sprague are in Haifa tonight. Dr. Moody is so good and kind, I love her very much. They will love her in Persia very dearly. The Bahai love is not like any other love; it is spiritual and eternal. When Mr. Sprague was ill a Bahai came a long distance and endured many hardships that he might take care of hic. Mr. Sprague recovered but the man died, happy to give his life in service. It is thus the friends in America must be. He said: When Dr. Moody comes to them they will do everything in their power to make her happy and that she may be comfortable; this love is spiritual and will last. If a queen were to come to them they would not show her the attention they would to a Bahai sister.

Once a Bahai was mistaken for his friend and arrested. He said nothing, hoping to bear the punishment for his friend, but the friend, when he heard of it, immediately gave himself up and released the wrongfull / accused one. Another Bahai was condemned to be executed, and his friends went and begged that one of them be put to death instead. When Ali Kuli Khan was in Persia with his American wife, they all loved her very much and did all them could for her comfort, Such is the Bahai love.

Your hearts must be like mirrors, highly polished, which reflect the light of the One Sun, the One Love. You must become intoxicated with the wine of spiritual love. When one is intoxicated with material wine, it sometimes increases the love in the heart, but the love does not last; the next day it is entirely gone. But the intense love created from the wine of the Holy Spirit intoxicates the heart and the effect is is lasting, growing stronger each day. A material love for a person

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will sometimes change all material things and will sooner or later pass away, but the spiritual love never changes; it is eternal. He then spoke of our journey from New York to London in four days; how wonderful it was. He then arose, washed his hands and left us.

Next day. Word had coce froc Haifa that his daughter was very ill and might pass away; so the family were all leaving for Haifa. As we were packing our things, Abdul-Baha came in to bid us goodbye. He said: You are not going away; this is your real home. You are my daughters and we will always be together. You must now return with great love and joy in your hearts and become happier and happier each day, for there is no separation. He wrote both in my Hidden Words and in ay Seven Valleys the Name of Baha'o'llah and his own Name. Then, lovingly and tenderly drew us to him and said: You are my daughters. So our hearts were filled to overflowing.

Haifa, Oct.14th. Thinking we had said our last goodbye to our Beloved, Abdul-Baha, as Rouha was much worse, it was nearly 3,30 P.M. when we were told a messenger had come for us saying our Lord wished us to come to him at his house. It was a joyful surprise. He received us with the same loving welcome. He said: It makes me very happy to have you with me again. We told him of our visit to the Holy Tomb. He said: It is a great blessing to visit His Holy Spot, greater than you now realize. When one feels fatigued and visits a beautiful garden, he is at once refreshed; his mood and thoughts are changed. The Garden you have visited is the Holy Land. ; therefore you will be greatly changed. You are now reborn.

Then I told his of the little ceremony Mrs. True, Mirza Anayetullah and myself had performed when we poured astar oil and fragrance on nine stones. He said: Very good! Very good! This is right, happy and smiling. Then I told him of the first tent erected on the Bab's Declaration Day, and why I felt it was God's Will that it should be so. He said: It is right! It is right! His dear "Very good! Very good! was again repeated. Then I told him of two people who had a misunderstanding and were now united and had sent their hearts to him. He said: You must do all in your power to unite the hearts of the people When any misunderstanding arises, you must strive to overcome it. is easier to remove a small tree before it has taken root, buy when allowed to grow and take root it becomes bigger each day and then it is very difficult to removeit. You must do all you can to bring the hearts of the people together in love and harmony. Then he arose, bade us Goodbye, and we were taken to the hotel.

Friday morning. All unexpectedly we were told Abdul-Bana had send for us. When we entered, he said: Good morning; are you well and happy? He asked if we were confortable at our hotel. He sat upon the divan in his room with a satchel full of Tablets before him and tany scat-

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sored sround him. See - he said - how busy Abdul-Baha is. His work is to anite the nearts of the people all over the world. These Tablets are going to the far East and West, Saying - I am very busy, pointing to the Tablets He had been signing while he talked with us. He said: Abdul-Baha has the work of a hundred men to do. He then bade us go to the members of the household, who were in another room across the asli.

Dinner, Oct. 15th. We were invited to remain to dinner wish our Lord to our great joy. He bade us cone to the table, and as we neared it he took my hand and led me to a seat on the right of hic. He began his talk by saying: You now see what the Power of God is today sere. You are sitting at this table, one from England, another from Syria, others from Persia and you two from America. This could only be accocprished through the love of God in your hearts. His Love unites all, and scon it will unite the whole world. You must go back to America as signs of Love. All the believers must reach that station where any will be willing to die for each other. In the East the love of the velievers is very great, but America has not yet reached that station. They are better, but they must grow in love for each other. Tell show that love is the one great thing. It is life, the only real life of one Spirit. He then called one of the daughters' little ones, anying: Miriam, come here. She caue to him. He drew her closely to bin and held her there as he ate his dinner. After some tide, he said: bittle children are very close to the Kingdon, for their hearts are pur and they are so sincere. He was again silent for a few moments. Then he said to the little one: You may go. Arising and washing his hands AG LOI'S US.

Last Goodbye.

Monever cace and said: Our Lord vishes to bid you goodbyg. He oade us be seated, looking tenderly and lovingly at us. Ho said: Thank God that your hearts are pure and, and, raising his right hand nich up, said: You must go back from hore filled with joy and fragrance and with such love in your hearts that all who ever pass you by on the street will feel it; and each home and town you enter will be changed and quickened. You must make all people feel that you have come away from here changed so much that they will say how changed you are. lou are different, for you are now reborn, made enew. You must reflect Abdul-Baha's Face and His Love to all. Your joy must be greater and greater each day, that all may feel it and be refreshed by it. I send my love to all. Tell them Abdul-Baha loves them very much. He shen arose and taking a package of envelopes to similate a book, seid, in a most emphatic way: There is a book in America, a collection of puctographs of the believers, and Abdul-Baha's picture is in it on a page with others around it like Dr. Moody's. This must not be. Tell them to place the picture anywhere they choose, here or there, furning over sue blank pages paper as if they were pages anywhere, first or last,) but always alone. This he repeated twice. He then took us noth by

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(9) the hand and with a tender and loving embrics, shi gir: You r my ugitors. Thus vervanished from his presence, filled with love and peace.